The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 6. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, August 12, 1848. Whole No. 80.

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets. Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

1000 ozs Quinine	125 " Turkey Opium
300 " Salacir	150 " Yellow Barks
500 " Pipirine	300 " ditto Powd.
200 " Ext. Bark	200 " Blue Mass London
100 lbs Red Barks	
200 " ditto Powd.	500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.
300 " Calomel Engl.	
500 " Aloes Soc.	200 " Sarsa. Hond.
350 " Rhubarb Powd.	100 " Ipicac Powd.
150 " Jalap Powd.	200 ozs Benzoic Acid
100 " Quicksilver	50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.
10 lbs Iodin	
10 " Jodide Pottassa	

Just received and for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.



J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichols' warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

*** *Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.*

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848, y31.

Franklin Type Foundry.

59 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.

THE subscribers have taken the Type Foundry lately occupied by Robert Taylor, in the city of New York, where they are prepared to supply orders for news and fancy Type, Presses, Brass Rule, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a printing office. The type which are cast in new moulds from an entire new set of matrices, with deep counters are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold on accommodating terms. All the Type manufactured by us is HAND CAST. The attention of Stereotypers is particularly called to this type, which is peculiarly adapted to their purpose.—Composition Rollers cast for printers. Mr. John A. T. Overend is still engaged in superintending the manufacturing department. Proprietors of newspapers who will buy five times as much type as their bills amount, may give the above three months insertion in their papers, and send a copy containing it to the subscribers.

WHITING & TAYLOR,
(Successors of Robert Taylor)
No. 59 Gold st., corner of Ann.
CHARLES WHITING,
THEODORE TAYLOR. 3

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 1½ miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and pump other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to keep a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Stradilla, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by
Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.
E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters at
E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES for by
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

IRON of all sorts and sizes for sale by
S. & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

COTTON YARN.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by
Oct. 23. BARNETT & NELSON.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work.
MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low
Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by S. & W. L. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bls. of White Fish, prime article just rec'd and for sale by
HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warranted.

Canal Certificate Lost.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the proper officer having charge of the Wabash & Erie Canal Lands east of Tippecanoe for a new certificate for the West half of the north west quarter, Section 11, Township 30, North of range 13 east, granted to me in April, 1845. Said certificate, No. 4563, having been lost or destroyed.

HENRY DROVE.
Fort Wayne, March 3. 1848. p13m35.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

SPRING ARRIVAL
At the Farmers' Depot.

CHITTENDEN & ORFF are now receiving from New York a full and general assortment of

New Spring & Summer Goods, Fancy Articles, &c.

all of the latest styles, and best qualities, which they will sell at such prices as to maintain the wide-spread reputation of the Farmer's Depot as "The Cheap Store." The stock includes Barages, Lawns, Gingham Lawns, Ginghams; a splendid lot of Calicoes; Summer Shawls every variety—some of them very rich; Ribbons, Fans, Artificials, Trimmings of all kinds, and every thing else that a lady can wish, either for ornament or use.

For the Genletmen, we have a grand assortment of Cassimeres, Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Jeans, Summer Goods, splendid Satin and Summer Vestings, Ready Made Clothing, &c.

MUSLIN cheaper than ever; a good article of yard wide for *Sixpence a yard!! first rate do. for eight cents!!!* Every thing else proportionably low.

Groceries.

A large stock of fine fresh Family Groceries, such as Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Pepper, Alspice, &c of the best quality and very low. Also, an assortment of QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

June 3. 1848,

WARRANTED, Under a Penalty of $1000,
Free from Mercury and all Mineral Substances.



In the City of Mexico!—Great Success among the Volunteers!—Letter from a High Sheriff of South Carolina!—Testimony of the Public Press!—Wright's Pills Triumphant!!

Extract of a letter from the editor of the Greenville Mountaineer. S. C.

DR. W. WRIGHT—*Dear Sir:* * * * A week or two ago I sent you a *Mountaineer*, containing a letter from one of our Volunteers in the City of Mexico, in which he pays WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, under all the circumstances, the highest meed of praise I have ever known a medicine to receive. The Volunteer, William W. Goodlett, Esq., is a gentleman of fine standing—an accomplished and well educated man, and was recently

HIGH SHERIFF

of this District. By one of your advertisements in a Charleston paper, I happened to notice the location of your office, and thought you might extract an article of some value in regard to your medicine, therefore I sent the paper.

The following is an extract from the letter referred to above:

"My health is very fast improving. I procured, a few days ago some of DR. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, and they have acted on my system

LIKE MAGIC!"

Thus it appears that the brave and patriotic Volunteers who have gone to Mexico, to defend the rights and honor of their country, already begin to realize the extraordinary value of this incomparable medicine. Long life to them!

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:

Printers and editors are notoriously shy of "quack" medicines, as they call them, though they will advertise them when they get pair for it. They would be the last individuals in the world to use them, unless they were well satisfied that the medicine was "safe to take." Under these circumstances; it is no common compliment which they pay when they express themselves as follows:

[*From the Delaware Express, Delhi, N. Y.*]

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.—Although not particularly friendly to patent medicines, we must confess that we have become a convert to these pills, having had an opportunity on some two or three occasions to test their efficacy. For a gentle medicine, one or two will be found mild though effective. Where *bile* or other impurities have accumulated, and more thorough medicine is required, a dose of three or four of these pills taken on going to bed, will be found effectual in cleansing the stomach and restoring the bowels to a healthy state. We speak from experience; and take pleasure commending the pills to the public.

[*From the Boston Daily Times.*]

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.—Of all the public advertised medicines of the day, we know of none that we can more safely recommend for the "ills that flesh is heir to," than the Pills that are sold at the depot of the North American College of Health, No. 198 Tremont Street, Boston. Several instances we know of where they are used in families with the highest satisfaction; and no longer ago than yesterday, we heard an eminent physician of this city recommend them in high terms.

☞ EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the "Ibervillian" Plaquemine, La.

Dr. Wright—Dear Sir: * * * There is a great call for your useful medicine in this part of the country. Two years ago I took a few dozen from Mr. Bronsema, your Agent in New Orleans, for my own use. But, as soon as it was known in the neighborhood, I was importuned for them till there were none left; and one person, to whom I gave up one half dozen boxes for $1 25, I found selling them out again, as a special favor, at SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a box!

*** EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the Wayne County Record, Ind.

Dr. Wm. Wright: * * * Your Pills sell very well here. I have [illegible]d them in my own family, and they have given very gene[illegible]atisfaction.

*** EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the Pittsburgh Chronicle, Pa.

Dr. Wm. Wright—Dear Sir: * * * I have myself *used* your Pills, and am satisfied of their beneficial effects in various diseases.

HORRIBLE MISTAKES!!

Are sometimes made by confounding one medicine with another, and administering the wrong article. Equally horrible are those mistakes which are made in supposing that all Pills are alike, and that therefore, it is indifferent which are taken and if one kind *is* bad all are bad together. This is a very great mistake. There is as much difference between WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS and other articles, as between midnight and noonday! We do not wish any to take our word merely for this statement. Let any one, having taken other medicines, try this. Nothing more will be necessary.

Many persons have been led away by a COATING OF SUGAR, as if they anticipated that it would *remove* the nausea of the medicine. But they are generally mistaken. Without the SUGAR those articles have nothing to recommend them, and would not be sold a single day. But with the sugar, and by giving the article a name *similar* to WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, they gain a temporary notariety. *Wolves* they are, in sheep's clothing, of whom the public should steer sufficiently clear.

Let it be remembered that WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are prepared with special reference to the laws governing the human body. Consequently, they are always good, always useful, always effective in rooting out disease. Every family should keep them at hand.

A WORD TO EMIGRANTS.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!—You have come into a new country and a new climate. The extremes of heat and cold will try your constitutions considerably. Three great enemies you will have to avoid: The northern consumption, the southern fever, and the western malaria. These three are the prevailing diseases of this country. Now how will you avoid them? We will tell you: Be careful and cleanly in your habits; choose high grounds for your dwellings; avoid excess in eating and drinking; labor regularly; and keep Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills constantly by you. When you feel particularly out of sorts, a dose of this medicine will hardly fail to give relief. And when you get down sick, no other will be necessary. Use the Pills according to directions and success is certain.

Agents in Allen County.—Turk, Robinson, & Co, Fort Wayne. A. B. Miller, New Haven. J. B. Hanna, Hunter town.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!

Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outer appearance, the original article. The safest course is to purchase from the agents only one or more of whom will be found in every town or county in the State.

☞ Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st., Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich st., New York, and 196 Tremont-st., Boston. y47

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.

One of the greatest humbugs of the day, is the barefaced attempts of northern whigs to prove that Gen. Taylor is in favor of the Wilmot Proviso. He,—a southern man,—a large slaveholder,—the candidate of the south—forced on the whig convention by Southern delegates because of these facts—a friend of the Wilmot Proviso!! Can even whig duplicity go further? And how do they seek to prove that Gen. Taylor is in favor of the proviso? Simply, by garbling and misconstruing his Signal letter, as it is called.

The editor of the Signal wrote a long editorial on Gen. Taylor and the Presidency, in which he insisted upon various "views," and gave utterance to many "sentiments," in regard to politics and candidates. Among these were, the expediency of extinguishing old party lines, of having a No-Party candidate, and constituting a Cabinet of members of both parties; the policy of regarding the question of a National Bank as obsolete, and giving the sub-Treasury a fair trial; the necessity of laying aside the subject of Land Distribution, and postponing old political issues; and the propriety of extending the Ordinance of 1787 over our Pacific empire. The political jugglers of the North garble this editorial, by publishing *only* that portion in which reference is made to the Ordinance of 1787, and then garble the reply of Gen. Taylor, by extracting from it only the following paragraph, applying it directly to the said garbled portion of the editorial:

"I trust you will pardon me for thus briefly replying to you, which I do with a high opinions and, *decided approval of the sentiments and views embraced in your editorial.*"

If they would publish the *whole* of the Signal editorial, their readers would see that this *garbled* extract from the reply, applies, with just as much force, to the sentiments and views of the editor against a United States Bank, in favor of a Sub-Treasury, against Land Distribution, in favor of a postponement of the old political issues, of extinguishing old party lines, and of forming a Cabinet from all parties. This would not suit the leaders, and so they lie *by omission*, leaving out the whole of this part of the editorial.

Further, were they to publish the *whole* of Gen. Taylor's reply, their readers would see, by the following declaration in it, that he absolutely refused to give any expression of his opinions upon the views and sentiments of the article on political topics:

"At this time," he says, "my public duties command so fully my attention, that it is impossible to answer your letter in the terms demanded by its courtesy, and the importance of the sentiments to which it alludes; neither, indeed, had I the time, *should I feel myself at liberty to enter into the few and most general subjects of public policy suggested by the article in question.*"

It is now seen, that the inference in relation to Gen. Taylor's views on this question, is tortured from garbled quotations from the Signal editorial and his reply, placed in a false juxtaposition. Whatever show of strength it has, depends solely upon a *suppression of the truth.*

To show more fully the duplicity of the whigs in this matter, it is only necessary to add, that a Mr. Doolittle, a barnburner in New York, wrote to Gen. Taylor, asking him, if the public were to infer from his Signal letter that he would not veto a bill for the exclusion of slavery in any new territory. To this Gen. Taylor replies: YOU ARE NOT.—I DID NOT MEAN IN ANSWER TO THE SIGNAL LETTER, TO BE CONSIDERED AS APPROVING OR DISAPPROVING OF THE OPINIONS CONTAINED IN THAT COMMUNICATION IN REGARD TO THE QUESTION OF SLAVERY IN NEW TERRITORY,' adding that 'ALL HE DID INTEND TO APPROVE WAS, THE FRANKNESS WITH WHICH THE EDITOR HAD EXPRESSED HIS *own sentiments.*'

In the General's explanation of this letter, then, he expressly and unequivocally denies that any one is authorised to infer that he is in favor of the Proviso, or even that he would not veto a bill prohibiting the introduction of slavery into new territories. And yet whigs at the north are representing him as a friend of the Wilmot Proviso!!

Let us see what his friends at the South think, first of his position, then of the position of the Whig party:

From the Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer.

LOOK OUT.

A desperate attempt is making, and will be made, to impress on the public mind the belief that Gen. Taylor is not thoroughly with the South on the subject of Slavery. Such an attempt will only prove to what resorts our opponents are driven, in order to injure him in the estimation of his admirers. Why, who is General Taylor? and where does he live?—Everybody knows that he is a citizen of Louisiana—an extensive and successful farmer—and owns more slaves than the most of his slanderers can ever hope honestly to obtain.—Is there any fear of such a man on this subject? Born in a slave State, and still residing in one—with a large portion of his capital invested in this species of property—identified from interest, inclination, and education, with the institutions around us—will any sensible man hesitate on this subject to prefer him over his opponent? * *

From the Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

CONFIDENTIAL LETTERS.—At any rate we have in our possession an original private letter, in manuscript, written by General Taylor seven months and a half ago, in reply to a specific question on this very point, in which he states, that *it was not his intention to intimate his concurrence with, nor opposition to, any of the views of the editor of the Signal;* that the "Signal Letter" was not written for publication; and that, under the impression that it would not go beyond the person addressed, it was written without that critical attention to the terms employed, which politicians appear so much to require. He replied, he says, to the editor only as a matter of courtesy; and, as is always his custom, he signified his respect for opinions honestly entertained, and his approbation of the course of a man who manfully defends what he sincerely believes.

From the Augusta (Ga.) Republic.

GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WILMOT PROVISO.—Some of the democratic papers are publishing a letter written by Gen. Taylor in the spring pf 1847, to the editor of the Ohio Signal, to make him out a Wilmot Proviso man. The letter was susceptible of a construction that would make Gen. Taylor seem to favor that doctrine. But the charge is easily put to rest, for Gen. Taylor has himself denied that he meant to favor it. We supposed that this denial on his part was generally known. One thing is certain, the editor, to whom the letter was written, and who interpreted it to favor the Proviso, has long since given it up and Gen. Taylor *with it*. He *now opposes him because he knows that his interpretations were erroneous.*

From the Marion (Alabama) Review of July 6.

GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WILMOT PROVISO.—Democratic editors must be possessed with a feeling something akin to desperation, when they think it necessary, in order to sustain the Democratic cause, to accuse Gen. Taylor of unsoundness on the question of slavery.—The charge carries such an absurdity on its very face, as not to deserve a serious refutation. Gen. Taylor, a southern man, the destiny of himself and his children identified with that of the south, his immense wealth consisting in slaves, and land which have to be cultivated by slaves to render it valuable—he an enemy to the south!—he in favor of prostrating Southern rights and interests!! The very quintessence of absurdity. They might as well say that Gen. Taylor is a free negro. They would be believed just as soon, and exhibit fully as much reason and truth in making the charge.

From the New Orleans Bee.

THE REASON.

One reason why the South should sustain Taylor for the Presidency with great unanimity, is—*because* his nomination affords a final and unlooked for chance of electing a SOUTHERN MAN to that office. The importance of placing at the head of the Government one who, from *birth*, ASSOCIATION, and CONNECTION, is *identified* with the South, and will fearlessly UPHOLD her rights and guard her from oppression, cannot fail to strike every mind. In *this view*, his election becomes a matter of vital moment to the SLAVEHOLDING PORTION of the Confederacy.

From the Aberdeen (Ala.) Whig.

"ALL WITH US."

There is one important question to be considered in relation to General Zachary Taylor as a candidate for President. He is the *only man south of Mason and Dixon's line who can ever be elected!*

There is no other man upon whom the enthusiasm and boundless admiration of the whole nation are so completely centered, as upon General Zachary Taylor.

An eventful, thrilling, and highly dangerous crisis has been forced upon the country by Locofoco Demagogues, *regardless of the sanctity of that Union which is so dear to every patriotic American citizen. The Wilmot Proviso, as it is called, has opened a fearful mine beneath the foundation of the sacred Constitution. That mine may explode at the hour of midnight, and forever destroy the proudest fabric of human virtue.* To avert this *threatened evil*, to close the *mighty chasm* that begins to yawn between the free and the slave States, is a duty we owe to ourselves, to our posterity, to the memory of the illustrious dead. How shall this be done?

We must elect a man for President of the United States who lives in our own sunny South; who is willing to peril all for the Constitution, who *loves the South* and HER CHERISHED INSTITUTIONS, and yet will do ample justice to the North. And last, though not least, we must, to insure success, support a candidate for the Presidency of such an overshadowing popularity, of a reputation that towers as the Himalaya mountains, above all others.

Such a man is General Zachary Taylor.—*He lives in the south, and makes* 1,200 *bales of cotton, on the Banks of the Mississippi.* HIS INTERESTS, HIS FEELINGS, ARE ALL WITH US.

What is the view taken of the action of the so called Whig Convention at Philadelphia? The *Macon* (Ala.) *Republican* comments on the Baltimore and Philadelphia Conventions as follows:

"The time for holding the Baltimore Convention at last rolled round. Some of them had to yield the point—that was evident.—We expected it would be the North, as she generally yields to the South; but this time she stood firm, twice refused to pass an anti-Wilmot Proviso resolution, passed one of which the rankest Abolitionist could approve, and saddled on the South Cass, a candidate so exceptionable, and one who is in favor of one of the forms of excluding slavery from the Territories so pointedly spoken against in the celebrated Alabama platform.

"What has been the course of the Whig party? It is easily told. They met in Convention at Philadelphia, gave us for our candidate a Southern candidate, in whose hands we know the interests of the South will be safe. They also laid on the table, by a large majority, a Wilmot Proviso resolution—thus showing by acts, and not by empty vaunts, how the great, conservative, and patriotic whig party of the country stands on that question."

From the Macon (Ala.) Republican.

WILMOT PROVISO REPUDIATED BY THE WHIG CONVENTION.

What will the Locofocos say now—they who have all along contended, against light and knowledge, and in utter contempt of truth, that Provisoism was chiefly confined to the Whig party? Who are now the friends of the South? Alas for Democracy! The Whigs of the Union have met and decided this momentous question—they have repudiated it like men, like patriots, like Whigs!—They have indignantly refused to give it countenance! They have rejected it by a decided and overwhelming majority!

A resolution was introduced into the Whig National Convention, recognising and adopting the Wilmot Proviso; but it was rejected almost unanimously, without discussion. It was treated as a stranger—as a thing entirely out of place. The only wonder is, how it came there—being, as it is, a bantling of Locofoco paternity. The thing was generated and warmed into life by the Democracy, nurtured and sustained by its natural parent, and of course possessed no affinity to Whiggery—and, consequently, it was hooted out of the Convention.

Not only has the Whig party in Convention recognised the rights of the South, but they have selected a Southern man as their candidate and standard-bearer—a man who was born in the South, and whose interest is and ever has been in the South, but whose patriotism is coextensive with the Union. Of all questions pertaining to civil polity, which have ever arisen or which can ever arise, the slavery question is to the South by far the most important. No one can doubt the soundness of the Whig candidate in regard to this subject.

Finally, we find in the *Macon Republican* of July 6th, an extract from a letter written by a Southern delegate (to the Convention at Philadelphia,) after that body had adjourned.

A resolution was offered by a delegate from Ohio, affirming the principles of the Wilmot Proviso. Mr. Brown, of Pennsylvania, denounced it as fanatical, and indignantly moved to lay it on the table. The cry was raised, to make this a test vote. Agreed, was shouted on all sides; and it was laid there, *not ten votes being in its favor!*

"Never did I feel so proud of my Whig brethren of the non slaveholding States, as on this day! They are all we could ask of them; *shoulder to shoulder sustaining us in opposing the schemes of fanatics and factionists.*

"But you may ask if we had no difficulties in the way of the nomination of Gen. Taylor? Yes; and those at one time which seemed threatening. For several months past, a movement has been going on in the non-slaveholding States, with both parties, to force upon their respective Conventions candidates from the free States; in other words, to make the nomination turn upon the sectional question of slavery, as a *concession* to the *scruples of fanatics*. The Democratic Convention has yielded to such demands; for the sake of *harmony* in the party, a concession has been made which the wisest policy should have forbid—for, when slavery becomes a test of *parties*, it will soon extend to the Government, and then, away with constitutional compromises. You no doubt remember the letter of Senator Benton last year, urging the party to keep slavery out of the canvass, by conceding to the anti-slavery feeling.

"The success which this demand met with from the Democratic party, emboldened the same feeling to make the same demand from our Convention. It was, however, promptly met, and though quietly, yet firmly resisted. Southern Whigs at once declared that they would not submit to such concessions—they intended to stand unfettered by local or sectional issue, they were resolved to retreat from none such. MANY OF OUR FRIENDS FROM THE NON-SLAVEHOLDING STATES URGED THAT THE SOUTHERN FRIENDS OF GENERAL TAYLOR SHOULD NOT YIELD AN INCH—THAT THE MASSES DEMANDED NO SUCH CONCESSION—AND THAT THIS CATERING TO THE WHIMS OF THE FANATICS WAS THE WORK OF A FEW POLITICIANS—AND THE MORE ULTRA OUR POSITION, THE MORE IT WOULD PURIFY AND PURGE THE PARTY OF A SET OF MEN WHO WERE ONLY AN INCUBUS AT ALL TIMES, AND THAT DEFEAT WITHOUT THEM WOULD BE PREFERABLE TO SUCCESS WITH THEM.

"The result is before the world in the nomination of General Taylor; a triumph, not of the South over the North, but of constitutional rights over that spirit of fanaticism which would destroy them. *It is a bold experiment in the free States, but it will succeed;* and our opponents will find in their course a condemnation by the free States themselves. They have raked too low even to gather the Abolitionists themselves.

Mr. Clay's Position.—We find the following in the New York Tribune, of the 17th instant.

Rather for the purpose of impairing information than for the attainment of any other object, a letter from the Hon. Henry Clay, dated Ashland, July 2, 1848, has been shown to us. It is in reply to one addressed to him, by one of his oldest, most valued, and respected friends, asking him what steps he intended to adopt in relation to the nomination of General Zachary Taylor.

Mr. Clay replies, in substance, that he will not, at the present time, indicate any particular purpose, and intimates that he is not aware that his opinions on the subject in question can be of any consequence to the public at large. "At present," he has nothing to say, except that he shall exercise what influence he possesses to maintain the integrity and constancy of the Whig party in his own State, (Kentucky,) and ultimately, if it shall become necessary, present his views on the Presidential election, if an *expose* of the kind shall, in his judgment, seem necessary to the world.

We infer, from the contents of the letter in question, though the substance of it only was read to us, as we looked at it, that Mr. Clay has no especial desire to see General Taylor elected, though he will do nothing to injure his prospects or defeat the end of his ambition. If, however, it shall ultimately seem necessary that the statesman of Ashland should indicate a preference for General Taylor over all other candidates, we infer that he will make some such avowal.—*Sunday Atlas.*

COMPLIMENT TO GENERAL TAYLOR.—The Democratic party design paying Gen. Taylor a high compliment in a few months, and he will always thank them for it. The Pennsylvanian says they are to do it this way. They intend to declare that he fought in a just war, in defence of his country's flag outraged by an insolent foe, and to establish the great doctrine of Indemnity for the past, and Security for the future. And the way they contemplate doing this, is by rebuking the anti war party, who hope to declare exactly to the contrary by electing him President. We will, in handsomely defeating General Taylor, pay him a compliment for which posterity will be grateful.

Dare the whig papers deny that there is a letter on file in the War Department, in which General Taylor uses this language:—"SEND ME NO MORE FOREIGN VOLUNTEERS!"

☞ The following precious morceau is taken from one of the most ultra Whig papers in the Union, published at New York. It's very "enthusiastic."

AN AWKWARD QUESTION.—Will the Philadelphia swindlers their aiders and abettors, tell us when they last heard from Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee—and what the prospects are in these several States for a Whig RATIFICATION OF THE NOMINATION OF GENERAL TAYLOR? Come let us have the latest news. If the General is a whig, it is time the whigs acknowledge the nomination. We tell the knaves who have betrayed their trust, that the Whig party will bring them to a terrible account, and the day of settlement is only a little way off. There is not a man of them who will not be driven from our marks.—That same Old Coon.

Col. Collier's Candidate.—The only authentic information we have concerning "Old Whitey" is, that when asked if he would consent to run for Vice President if selected by the Philadelphia Convention, his answer was "Neigh." A sensible old horse that.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

[*Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.*]

WASHINGTON July 24th, 1848.

General Taylor's Dead Letters—Singular Conveyance for so Important a Letter—Cornering President Polk.

The letter from Gov. Morehead to General Taylor, advising him of his nomination by the Whig Convention, was, it is said, received here on Saturday, at the dead letter office, and sent back to the office at Baton Rouge—notice was sent, it is said, to Gen. Taylor, by telegraph, as far as that may go towards his residence, of the fact. Thus, it would seem, that the Post-Office Department, instead of suppressing the letter, as has been intimated, have used greater and better directed efforts towards the delivery to Gen. Taylor of the notice of his nomination than the Whig Convention did. I give all this a well authenticated rumor, though it conflicts with my own opinion, which is, that no letter advising the General of his nomination was ever written; or, if written, that it was not intended to be delivered or replied to. The letters sent back to Gen. Taylor are doubtless some that he had refused to receive or pay postage on, and, being found important, are ordered to be returned to the post-office from which they were sent; notwithstanding the rumor, I must say that I do not believe that the nomination letter is among the letters sent back. But, if the Whig Convention treated Gen. Taylor himself with so little respect, and thought so lightly of their nomination as to communicate it to him through the post, even without the precaution of a duplicate, as alleged, it is certainly a most remarkable thing. But no one of common sense can believe that to be the true explanation of the mystery. Let the secret rest with those whose interest it is to keep it. But if I feared omens, I would believe this to be one inauspicious for the results of the Whig Convention.

Congress, as I trust, will be ready to adjourn by the 7th of August. The House has, at last, after a week's fighting, concluded to set a trap for President Polk, and force him to swallow the internal improvement hook, or else embarrass the government by further delaying or preventing the passage of the general appropriation bill. The Senate will strike out the exceptionable item, for they have passed it in another bill, which the President can, with less of public embarrassment resist with his veto.

GERMANY.—The new German Parliament assembled at Frankfort to arrange for the German Confederation, is proceeding in a way to keep up in some degree the hopes I have constantly expressed with regard to the ultimate course of their nation. It seems probable that the federal sovereignty will not be conferred upon a Directory of three persons, as at first proposed, but upon a single President or Lord Lieutenant, and that the Archduke John of Austria will be the party chosen. He will have to execute the orders of the Diet, with a power of veto analogous to that of your President. There will be a popular Assembly & a Senate, to consist of the representatives of the different German Governments, and Germany will henceforth be represented at foreign courts by one federal embassador and not from embassadors from each State. The President also will name responsible Ministers.—*Cor. Commercial.*

Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.—Gen. Taylor's friends in the South are *his friends* because they know him to be an anti-proviso man. The *Southern Whig* published at Athens, Ga., talks thus about Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso:—

The locofoco presses with characteristic recklessness, are now boldly affirming that Gen. Taylor, if elected, will favor the Wilmot Proviso! What is this world coming to? As we heard it remarked the other day by an intelligent whig, the fact that Taylor makes 500 *bags of cotton* is better security to him *south*, than a thousand verbal pledges. But say these exceedingly veracious friends of the South, (albeit some of them have been quoted in northern proviso papers as the 'vanguard of *anti-Slavery at the South*,) he is pledged in the Allison letter not to veto the proviso, should it be passed—*that the voice of a majority of the people's representative should be respected.*—Now, who ever heard of such disingenuousness! It is true, (and we glory in it) that on mere questions of *policy*, when constitutional rights are not involved, Gen. Taylor holds that the veto power should not be exercised—*but some of us in the southern States hold that the proviso is unconstitutional;* and what is to hinder Gen. Taylor from vetoing it. Now, let the pensioned pack sneak back to their kennels where they belong, and keep silence, unless they have something else to talk about."

Letter from Mr. Clay.—"Observer," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, says that Mr. Clay has written a letter which will probably be read at the Buffalo Convention, which will put a new complexion on the prospects of Gen. Taylor, and adds that Mr. Clay may yet end his career as he commenced it—*a good democrat.*

☞ At a recent whig meeting at Madison, after Mr. Marshall had closed his speech, one of the soldiers took the stand and uttered a most violent tirade against Col Gorman, Gen. Butler, President Polk, and the democratic party generally. This fellow, we are informed, while in Mexico, murdered a poor defenceless Indian, and stole his horse, saddle, and bridle, for which he was condemned to and did for some months wear a chain and ball around his leg. He would have been hanged or shot but for the exertions of Col. Gorman, who saved the wretch from a fate which he no doubt richly deserved. This rascal's speech will probably be heralded forth by the whig papers as an evidence that all the volunteers are for "old Zack."—*New Albany Democrat.*

Fourth Regiment of Indiana Volunteers.—We have it upon the authority of a Regimental officer that four out of every five men will vote *against* Gen. Taylor. We have it upon the authority of Company officers that in one company of sixty-seven men, there are but *five* Taylor men; that in another company of fifty-two men there are but *three* Taylor men; that in another company of sixty-three men, there are but *two* Taylor men.

We are personally acquainted with a large number, both officers and privates, in the Fourth regiment, and every statement which we have heard made concerning the politics of the regiment fully corroborates what is above stated. These facts show how much reliance is to be placed in the statements of the Louisville Courier when giving the politics of the volunteers.—*Madison Courier.*

Harmonious Whiggery.—Lewis D. Campbell, of Butler; John C. Vaughn, of Cincinnati; and Columbus Delano, of Knox, heretofore prominent and staunch whigs, are stumping the State against Taylor: so we go. 'Alas, poor whiggery," the hours of thy existence are numbered, thou art wounded in the house of thy friends. We say to the Corporal's Guard in Ohio, that sustain the Louisiana slave dealer, "*If you have tears to shed, prepare to shed them now*"—*Sentinel and Democrat.*

SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION TO LAKE SUPERIOR.—The *Lake Superior News* of the [illegible] June announces the arrival at the sault, of Prof. Lewis Agassiz, accompanied by the superintendent of the Mineralogical Cabinet of Paris, Dr. Keller, from Germany, Dr. John Leconte, of New York, Entomologist, Dr. Cabot, Editor of the Massachusetts Quarterly Review, Dr. Stott, of New York, and several students from the University of Cambridge, (per coasting boat from Mackinaw,) on a scientific expedition to Lake Superior.—Having perfected their arrangements [illegible] here in procuring canoes and guides, they were to leave on their voyage around the lake, taking the north shore first, anticipating a large collection of animals, birds and fishes, as geological and mineral specimens.—From the sault they return by way of Lake Erie and Michigan, visiting Niagara and Trenton Falls. This is perhaps the largest body of scientific men ever out on an exploration of this character, and as they are to visit regions hitherto so little explored, the journal of it will be very interesting. There is a vast field, as yet unexplored, before them, and we doubt not but that their labors will result in much good to the scientific world, as well as in developing the immense mineral resources of the Lake Superior region.

Elephant Fight.—A slip from the office of the Johnstown Republican, states that on Saturday night while Raymond & Waring's menagerie was at Galway, the elephant Columbus broke off some of the grates to the cage of the rhinoceros, setting him loose. A fight took place between them. The rhinoceros was felled to the earth, but soon rose and gave the elephant several upward thrusts with his prodigious horn, wounding him so that he is not expected to live. The rhinoceros escaped to the woods where he was pursued by about 50 persons, but up to last evening had not been captured. A large reward is offered if recaptured alive.

Keep it before the People.—That the whigs are hypocritical in their professed anxiety to insure the checking of slavery, and slave power, by refusing to countenance its extension to territory of the United States. The following resolution was offered in the Whig National Convention at Philadelphia, and was DELIBERATELY KILLED:

"*Resolved,* That while all power is denied to Congress, *under the Constitution* to control, or in any manner interfere with, the institution of slavery within the several States of this Union, it nevertheless has the power, and it is the duty of Congress to prohibit, the existence of slavery in any territory now possessed, or which may hereafter be acquired by the United States."

The above resolution, reader, was repudiated by the convention, that nominated Taylor and Fillmore. Was a party ever more completely sold to the South, than the whig party is?

Lives of Zachary Taylor.—The federalists are getting out a great many different lives of Zachary Taylor in pamphlets. They are not alike. We have seen three different kinds within a short time. What is singular, among them all you cannot find any proof that he is the advocate of any political principle. But they are filled with matter calculated for the meridian in which they are to be circulated.—*Hartford Times.*

$7 30.

Gen. Taylor, the whig candidate for the Presidency, worth half a million of property, and owner of 280 slaves, refuses to receive letters from his friends, because they do not *pay the postage!* His last quarter's postage, covering the period of the two national conventions, in one of which he was nominated to the *Presidency*, amounting to the enormous sum of $7 30. It would *take seventeen years,* at this rate, for old Zack's postage to amount to *one* of his slaves.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

FACTS.—It is a fact that the *Native* party is the first party that proposed Gen. Taylor for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party is the only party that declared Gen. Taylor as their first and only choice for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party is the only party that insisted upon his nomination for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party, in convention assembled, in the city of Philadelphia, on the 6th of June, and one day before the meeting of the whig convention, nominated General Taylor for the Presidency, and declared by resolutions the principles of the party.

It is a fact that the *whig* convention ratified the Native nomination, and did not adopt any principles for the government of the party.

It is a fact that the only ground on which the whigs rally to the support of Gen Taylor, is that they believe he will never exercise the veto power.

It is fair to presume, then, that if the whigs and natives should ever have a majority in Congress and pass another alien and sedition law, Gen. Taylor would approve of it.

You who have fled from the tyranny and bondage of the old world think seriously of these things and act as your judgment may direct.—*Madison Courier.*

New Definitions.

☞ THE HEIGHT OF MODESTY.—A Whig calling Gen. Cass a *Doughface.*

☞ THE HEIGHT OF IMPUDENCE—A democrat enquiring after that Philadelphia *Platform.*

☞ CRUELTY TO 'HANIMALS'—A Democrat accosting an Ohio Whig with 'Hurrah for Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.'

☞ TOTAL DEPRAVITY—A Democrat asking if he agrees with the sentiments of the *Philadelphia Resolutions!*—*Sun. Democrat.*

WHIPPING VAGRANTS, &c.—We see in every Taylor sheet we open, a charge against General Cass, that he signed a bill for whipping vagrants and selling them. The opposition say the democrats made the same charge against General Harrison in 1840. If the same results follow, we have not a word to say.—*Cin. Enq.*

The bills alluded to, were copies of the HARRISON CODE for the government of the OHIO TERRITORY. When the territory of Michigan was established, the laws of the territory of Ohio, APPROVED BY GENERAL HARRISON, were extended over it. And now the Harrison whigs, *opposed to the veto power*, are abusing General Cass because he didn't *veto* them.—*Detroit Free Press.*

☞ It was Horace Greeley, of the N.Y. Tribune, a distinguished whig paper, who first called Taylor a "*journeyman throat cutter.*"—The whig papers are now trying to make it appear as a "locofoco slander."

Don't Like His Looks.—A Sheriff's officer was sent to execute a writ against a Quaker. On arriving at the house, he saw the Quaker's wife, who, in reply to the enquiry whether her husband was at home, replied in the affirmative, at the same time requesting him to be seated, and her husband would speedily see him. The officer waited patiently for some time, but the fair Quakeress coming into the room, he reminded her of her promise that he should see her husband. "Nay, friend, I promised that he should see thee. He has seen thee! He did not like thy looks, therefore he avoided thy path, and hath left the house by another path."

Persons apparently killed by lightning have been restored by promptly [illegible] cold water, or by dashing water upon [illegible]. We have heard of cases where persons [illegible] in the open air, during heavy showers, were restored by the rain falling upon them.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. Lewis Cass,

OF MICHIGAN.

VICE PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. O. Butler,

OF KENTUCKY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

ROBERT DALE OWEN, of Posey County.
EBENEZER M. CHAMBERLAIN, of Elkhart county.

DISTRICT.

1. NATHANIEL ALBERTSON, of Harrison county.
2. CYRUS L. DUNHAM, of Washington county.
3. WILLIAM M. McCARTY, of Franklin county.
4. CHARLES H. TEST, of Wayne county.
5. JAMES RITCHEY, of Johnson county.
6. GEORGE W. CARR, of Lawrence county.
7. JAMES M. HANNA, of Clay county.
8. DANIEL MACE, of Tippecanoe county.
9. GRAHAM N. FITCH, of Cass county.
10. ANDREW J. HARLAN, of Grant county.

Allen County Democratic Central Committee.

S. C. Freeman, F. P. Randall,
Thos. Tigar, M. Jenkinson,
W. S. Reed, R. McDonald,
S. Wheeler.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1848.

ECCLESIASTICAL NOTICE.

The Rev. Mr. Powers will preach in the Chapel, on Sunday afternoon, upon the Rite of Confirmation, or Laying on of Hands. He wishes all who feel an interest in the subject to be present.

TELEGRAPH TO FORT WAYNE!

We have much pleasure in laying the following communication before our readers, by which it will be seen that Fort Wayne will soon be placed in Telegraphic communication with all parts of the Union. To our business men the advantages of this are so obvious that we trust nothing more than this announcement will be necessary to induce them to subscribe liberally to the stock for the proposed telegraph line.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 4, 1848.

Allen Hamilton, Esq.

DEAR SIR: Mr. O'Reilly proposes running a line of Telegraph from Terre Haute to Toledo, embracing all the towns on the Wabash & Erie Canal, to be a branch of this line, connecting at Lafayette or Logansport. You will be visited in a few days by a Mr. Olney, Mr. O'Reilly's agent, who will make application to your citizens for stock subscriptions to carry out the enterprise. My object in writing is to apprize you of the fact, and to dispel any doubts which might arise as to the authority of Mr. Olney to act as Mr. O'Reilly's agent. Mr. O. is prepared to act promptly, and if your citizens do the thing needful, you will be introduced into the telegraphic family in 6 or 7 weeks.

The business of this office for the month of July amounted to $105,00, and that you know is a dull month for business of all kinds. The other lines are paying from 12 to 20 per cent. but our stockholders did not subscribe from motives of profit, but to secure the conveniency of this wonderful agent. We are now in daily receipt of markets and news from the East. To Fort Wayne, with a Semi-Weekly Mail, a line of Telegraph will be as profitable as it is indispensable. Hoping to be able to send you a flash soon, I remain, With the highest regard, Yours truly,

I. H. KIERSTED, Telegrapher

SOLDIER'S PRE-EMPTIONS.—The Peru Miami Co. Sentinel learns by a letter from Hon C. W. Cathcart to a gentleman in that place that, "an act for the relief of those pre-emption claimants upon the Miami lands in Indiana, who by their services in the Mexican war are entitled to bounty lands," passed the House of Representatives, April 15, and the Senate, July 31. The Sentinel says: "We could not get the act in our paper of this week, as it was received just as we were going to press, but it shall appear in our next. By its provisions every person who is entitled to a land warrant for 160 acres in virtue of his own services, and who is entitled to pre-emption on the Miami lands, can used his warrant as $200 00, or at $1 25 per acre, for each acre the warrant calls for. Those soldiers, therefore, who are pre-emptioners on the Miami lands can get, for their land warrant and $120, a quarter section of land. If they are pre-emptioners on a less tract than a quarter, their warrant is still counted at $1 25 per acre or $200, but in no case will the Government refund any excess in the amount of the warrant over the price of the land claimed."

TIE UP YOUR DOGS.

Singular Case of Hydrophobia.—A valuable young Dog, of the Bull-Terrier breed, brought by Dr. Jones from San Augustine, a village 17 miles south-west of the city of Mexico, was suddenly seized with a fit of furious barking, and died in 30 minutes. The facts of the case are these:

The dog had been tied up in the Doctor's office during the afternoon, and about ½ an hour before supper time was fed with fresh veal or mutton, (about one pound) which he devoured somewhat greedily; immediately afterwards he was watered and drank about three pints; about twenty minutes after this the Doctor went to his supper and was absent not more than thirty minutes. When he returned he heard the dog barking furiously, but upon opening the door the dog ceased barking and as was usual with him, manifested much joy at the sight of his master, but immediately commenced barking again and made strong efforts to leave the office. At this time the saliva commenced running very profusely from the mouth, and hung in large quantities from his jaws. He died in fifteen minutes, and was perfectly rigid ten minutes after.

Query,—Was this a case of spontaneous canine madness? The dog has always been kept tied up—has always been perfectly mild, and exhibited no indication of anxiety or restlessness previous to the commencement of barking.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The democrats have made a good race in this whig State. The actual result is not yet ascertained, but it is thought by whigs that they have elected their Governor by a small majority. It is reported that one branch of the Legislature will be whig, and the other democratic. This for a State which gave a whig majority of [illegible] in 1846 is doing pretty well.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF ALLEN COUNTY, At the August Election, 1848.

Townships	Representative		Sheriff.		County Commis.		Free Schools.		
	E. A. McMahon.	*C. Parker.* *	S. S. Morss.	*John Briggs.*	H. Rudisill.	*John Valentine.*	For	Against	Total
Wayne	318	294	358	219	353	248	448	120	618
Washington	60	93	81	70	82	71	127	27	154
Scipio	6	12	7	10	6	12	18		18
Springfield	33	23	33	25	36	20	41	18	59
St. Joseph	28	52	32	45	62	18	75	5	81
Perry	45	55	46	51	47	51	64	27	101
Pleasant	31	28	35	24	32	27	59		58
Maumee	8	2	10		10		10		10
Monroe	21	17	20	18	22	16	26	12	38
Madison	19	23	25	12	25	16	35	4	42
Marion	56	48	63	38	62	39	49	47	105
Milan	16	9	17	7	19		2	21	25
Lake	38	19	40	18	41	16	40	18	58
Lafayette	13	16	13	16	13	16	20	7	29
Jefferson	30	17	38	9	31	15	41	6	47
Eel River	31	41	30	38	33	33	49	19	72
Cedar Creek	60	60	63	54	63	55	90	31	121
Adams	53	67	54	61	63	56	40	73	120
Aboite	24	39	29	28	31	30	59	5	70
Total	890	915	994	743	1031	739	1293	440	1826

* Whigs in *Italic.*

RECAPITULATION.

Representative—C. Parker, whig,		915
E. A. McMahon, dem.,		890
Parker's whig majority		25
Sheriff—S. S. Morss, democrat,		994
John Briggs, whig,		743
Morss' democratic majority		251
Co. Commissioner—H. Rudisill, dem,		1031
J. Valentine, whig,		739
Rudisill's democratic majority		292
For Free Schools,		1293
Against Do.,		440
Majority for Free Schools		853

ALLEN COUNTY ELECTION.—At our election on Monday last C. Parker, whig, was elected Representative by a majority of 25 votes over Mr. McMahon, the democratic candidate. H. Rudisill, democrat, County Commissioner by an overwhelming majority over the whig nominee; and S. S. Morss, democrat, Sheriff, by a respectable majority of 251 over his whig opponent. Mr. P. Timmons, democrat, was re-elected Coroner almost without opposition. The candidates were all nominated by regular conventions and therefore to take the average majorities of all the candidates will show how the state of parties is at this time in this county. By the official returns it will be seen that Mr. Rudisill's majority is 292, and Mr. Morss' 251; Mr. Parker's whig majority is 25. Leaving Mr. Timmon's vote out of the question, the aggregate vote for the democratic ticket is 3015, and for the whig ticket 2397—showing an average democratic majority of 206. This is rather more than we had claimed, or expected Allen county to give, although we were well aware that our strength in the county is rapidly increasing; but as it is probable that many voters for the whig nominees for Sheriff and Commissioner were traded off to get votes for Parker, probably it would not be exactly fair to claim more than 150 as our actual majority.

With this majority, we feel ashamed to have to announce that Allen County has elected a whig Representative—especially as this is just on the eve of the Presidential election, and there will be an United States Senator to elect next winter. The success of the whigs may be attributed in a great measure to the barefaced falsehoods circulated against our candidate, and the artful and reprehensible efforts of the whigs to array the country against the town, and the farmers against the lawyers; but it is evident there are many men among us calling themselves democrats who are not worthy the name, and who are ready to sacrifice their principles for any little local or sectional prejudice which may be awakened on the eve of the election. We wish such men could witness the rejoicings of the whigs here at the success of their schemes; and any such who can read the last Times, and not feel ashamed of their apostacy, and resolved no longer to be thus made dupes of, had better at once join the whigs, and no longer call themselves democrats. We cannot acknowledge that any man who will vote for a whig Representative at such a time as this has any claims to call himself a democrat. However we hope that all who have been misled will now see their error, and not go astray on any future occasion.

Thankful for Small Favors.—The boys on Wednesday night last had quite a time of it. They helped themselves to all the dry goods boxes and empty barrels they could find along the side-walk, and made considerable of a bonfire in the street, round which they halloed to their hearts' content. Some boys of larger growth, taking advantage of the gathering, (several persons having been brought to the spot by the reflection of the light, and the noise made, and thinking there was a house on fire) organized a whig meeting, and made some very *spirited* speeches, saying many things which they will doubtless feel ashamed for in their cooler moments. Neighbor Withers appears to have been quite excited, and magnifies the "jollification" into "a grand affair," and a "first dawn of the triumph of *Whig Principles*," and "verily fancied the days of 1840 were upon us."

And what, the reader may ask, caused all this vast commotion—motion—otion? Why, the simple fact that the whigs were not entirely routed, but had succeeded after the most incredible and unjustifiable efforts, in electing *one* of their candidates, by a meagre majority, while their other two were beaten almost out of sight. Verily the whigs of Fort Wayne are easily pleased, and wonderfully thankful for small favors.

ELECTION RETURNS.

So far as we have heard, there has been a great democratic gain for the Legislature, and if the balance of the State does as well, or even holds its own, compared with last year, the Legislature will be democratic, and the election of a democrat to the U. S. Senate will be certain. We have elected Representatives from Adams & Wells, Huntington & Whitley, DeKalb & Steuben, Wabash, Miami, Grant, Carroll, Elkhart 2, Laporte 2, and 2 from Tippecanoe—14. The whigs have elected from Allen, Noble & Lagrange, St. Joseph, Cass & Howard—4. Last year the same counties were represented by 6 democrats and 10 whigs—showing a nett democratic gain of 7, or a whig loss of 14 in the vote. The whig majority in the last Legislature was, we think, 5 or 6. This the Times considers "cheering to the whigs." They are truly a set of cheerful fellows.

ADAMS Co., has done up the thing about right, giving Mr. Decker 172 majority. We have not heard from Wells, but there can be no doubt of Mr. Decker's election, by a large majority, and we congratulate the district on their election of so sterling a democrat.

Old ELKHART gives a majority of 250, and will give Cass 300 in November.

DEKALB has fairly exceeded herself, and gives R. J. Dawson a tremendous majority. We have not seen the full returns but it will not probably fall short of 250.

NOBLE & LA GRANGE, for some reason best known to themselves, have defeated Herriman, and elected a whig. We had supposed *old Dave* invincible in that region.

Everything goes to show that the democrats will have a large majority in the Legislature, or at any rate that this part of the State has done its duty towards securing such a result. Cass and Butler are sure of the State by 5,000 to 10,000 majority—probably the latter is nearest the actual figure.

MEMBERS ELECTED.

Allen—C. Parker, whig.
Huntington & Whitley—S. Jones, dem. gain.
Adams & Wells—S. Decker, dem.
Grant—A. J. Harlan, dem.
Wabash—W. Ross, dem. gain.
Miami—N. O. Ross, dem. gain.
Cass & Howard—G W. Blakemore, whig.
Carroll—Odell, dem. gain.
Tippecanoe—J. Doyle d. P. Goldsberry, d. gain
Laporte—Two democrats, gain.
St Joseph—Whig
Elkhart—Two democrats.
La Grange & Noble—E. A Webster, whig.
DeKalb & Steuben—R. J. Dawson, dem.

We have not heard anything certain as to Senators. In Huntington, Whitley, and Kosciusco, the contest is very close; Mr. Milligan, dem., may possibly be elected, but we think it probable that his whig opponent has beat him some 3 or 4 votes.



INDIANA O. K.

By this morning's mail we have further returns, which show that democracy has swept over the State like a tornado. Mexican whiggery cannot withstand the charge of the Indiana democracy led on by such officers as Cass and Butler. Marion, Hancock, Bartholomew, Hendricks, Fountain, Randolph, Shelby, Johnson, Montgomery—in fact almost every county heard from—have elected democrats. So far as we can judge, there will scarcely be whigs enough left in the Legislature for seed. Allen county is not the whole state.

Will our neighbor lend us his flag, until we can get one made? We don't think he will need to use it very soon.

Canal Break.—A serious breach occurred in the Feeder, near this city, on Sunday evening last—suspected to have been wantonly made, with a view of keeping the state hands from the polls. Water will probably be let in this evening.

Glorious News from Congress.—Congress has at last adopted one measure which will give satisfaction to all parties. Both Houses have resolved to adjourn on Monday next, August 14th.

Mexican Museum.—Dr. P. G. Jones has recommenced the practice of his profession in the room adjoining the Mayor's office, which he has converted into quite a museum of curiosities collected by him during his campaign in Mexico. He has got a chamelion, which shows as many different colors as whiggery itself; a monstrous spider as black as abolitionism; some Mexican cartridges done up in paper on which is printed Señor Tom Corwin's speech; various mineralogical and botanic specimens; some curious relics; and a great variety of heterogeneous odds and ends. The curious will be amply gratified by a visit to this collection, and abundantly edified by the doctor's luminous explanations and descriptions of men and things in the interesting region from which he has just returned.

Kentucky.—Things look rather squally for the whigs in this banner state. Partial returns show a falling off of about one-half in the whig majorities, compared with 1846.

Daguerreotypes.—Mr. COND has had so many calls this week that he has been induced to prolong his stay here one week longer. We would advise our citizens to call at his room and examine his specimens—they far exceed any thing of the kind ever witnessed here.

The "Wilmot Proviso" passed the House.—It will be observed by the report of the doings in Congress of yesterday, that the Oregon territorial bill, including the "Wilmot Proviso," passed the House by a very decided vote, and that a motion to reconsider was laid upon the table. So the bill passed beyond the reach of a reconsideration. This bill is confined to the territory of Oregon; bills for organizing the territorial governments of New Mexico and California remain for the action of the House, that body having rejected those which originated in the Senate. The most lively interest will now be experienced with regard to the future movements of the House, during the few days yet remaining of the session. Appearances indicate that the latter bills alluded to will be evaded.—*Baltimore Sun.*

ELECTING CANDIDATES.—The New York journals are presenting tables of the probable votes of States on the Presidential election.—These are as different as the various parties, and every day sees a new table. A New York paper publishes one, in which it gives Mr. Van Buren one hundred and fifty-three of the electoral votes, or seven more than is required to elect a President. Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Wisconsin, Michigan, and even Indiana are included in the list. There's nothing like doing the thing well when it is undertaken.

THE ELECTION OF THE ARCHDUKE JOHN of Austria, as Chief of the German Empire, will place the Emperors, King, and Princes of the German States at a discount. They will retain their present titles and supervise the Government of their States, bearing a relation to the Chief, not dissimilar to that of our Governors toward the President. The King of Hanover, it is rumored, will resign rather than submit to this new Chieftaincy of the Germanic Union, by which act, if it were imitated by all his compeers, Germany would rather gain than lose.

The Archduke is 66 years of age, and has a high reputation for profound knowledge and ability, civil and military. In 1800 he commanded the Austrian army at the battle of Hohenlinden.

The Wealth of Gen. Cass.

The whig papers, failing in all other points of attack, have now turned their attention to an examination of Gen. Cass's private affairs. The wealth of Gen. Cass they variously state at from a quarter of a million to one or two millions of dollars. That Gen. Cass is what the world considers wealthy, we have no doubt but that his wealth is anything near the amount the whig papers place it at, we are sorry to say, is untrue. How it was acquired we will state.

In early times, when the French Government owned Michigan, the country round what is now the city of Detroit, was cut up into farms with very narrow fronts upon the river running back some three miles. The soil, except immediately on the river, was cold and wet. Shortly after Gen Cass went to Detroit, he purchased two of these farms immediately below the city, for some $1700.—The front made a good sized field, and this he farmed until he left Detroit to take the position assigned him in Gen. Jackson's cabinet. The old one story and gamble roofed frame house in which he lived during that time is still standing.

What was considered at the time a very high price for the land, turned out in the course of time to be a good investment. The city of Detroit gives evidence of prosperity that the oldest inhabitants never dreamed of, and the lower part of the "Cass farm," so called, and so known upon its maps, is now embraced within the limits of the city proper; and streets have been extended, new ones laid out, and numerous and fine buildings are erected upon the old fields which Gen. Cass cultivated From the sale of these lots he has amassed that wealth which the whig papers now charge upon him as a crime.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Old Tecumseh.—Col. Johnson, of Kentucky, comes out manfully for Cass and Butler—takes himself off the canvass—and is heart and hand for the ticket. He says:

"Heartily approving, and cordially endorsing the selection of those distinguished statesmen and patriots, Gen. Cass and Gen. Butler, as candidates for the offices of President and Vice President, and wishing to do nothing to jeopard the success of that ticket, but on the contrary, ardently desiring to be placed in a position that would enable me to rally the undivided democracy to its support, and thus aid, by my humble influence, in securing its triumphant success, I make no sacrifice, personally, in complying with your expressed wishes, that I should withdraw from the canvass."

Whiggery looks blue in old Kentucky.—Even Crittenden will not be able to give vigor to its nerves, or length to its life.—*Cleveland Times.*

In the Mexican Mythology, a tradition has been preserved from time immemorial, that the overthrow of the nation was to be caused by white men coming from the East. This idea originated in the belief that the nation was founded by Quezalchoatl, who came from the East and went to the sun, and who was worshipped as the God of War. His second coming was the signal for the nation's fall.—This superstition operated greatly in Cortez's favor, and doubtless was a means of his success. It has received almost the character of a prophecy, from the repeated evidences of danger to Mexico from the invasion of white men from the East.

ALABAMA.—A letter dated Carrolton, Alabama, July 17th, published in the Union says: "The Cass and Butler ball is sweeping no-party, no-principle Taylorism before it in this good old State of Alabama. The defection of Mr. Yancey serves only to draw the faithful more closely together, and you may mark down, in round numbers, twelve thousand majority for the nominees of the Baltimore convention.

"I have recently been in Mississippi, and have carefully endeavored to ascertain the political pulse of the State. Mark Mississippi down as *certain beyond all doubt.*

"The second Mississippi regiment has just returned; and I was yesterday informed, by a member of that regiment, that Cass and Butler were good for two-thirds of the entire regiment."

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT, *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.*—Nathan Clifford, of Maine, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Mexican Republic.

Consuls of the United States in Mexico.—John Black, for the city of Mexico; Franklin Chase, for Tampico; John A. Robinson, for Guaymas; John Parrott, for Mazatlan; G. W. P. Bissell, for San Blas; F. M. Dimond, for Vera Cruz.

☞ Lieutenant C. P. Kingburry, the author of the letter signed "Buena Vista," reflecting severely on the conduct of the Indianians in battle, has retracted the charge in a letter to Col. J. H. Lane. He says: "According to the published testimony before the court of inquiry subsequently held in reference to the conduct of the second regiment of Indiana volunteers, it appears that the animadversions upon that regiment were not merited, and that the movement which was censured, was in conformity with orders."

General Taylor is now the only man that has refused to make correction of his report. All the other officers, letter writers, and newspapers have atoned for their error and acknowledged the indication of the Indianians before the court of inquiry to be ample and conclusive. Taylor alone reiterates the calumny.—*New Albany Democrat.*

☞ The company of Volunteers from Vigo county, one of the strongest, if not the very *strongest* whig county in the *State*, are all Cass and Butler men, with the exception of *two*. Some patriotic farmers of their county went to Indianapolis to meet them on their return home. Every wagon had on it the names of Cass and Butler. These gallant men, we are informed, have brought home several copies of the speech of their Representative in Congress, R. W. Thompson, translated and printed in Spanish, and hawked about the streets of Puebla by little Mexican newsboys. Thompson should hang his head in shame when he comes home and meets one of these Volunteers.—*New Albany Democrat.*

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—*Completion of the Foot Way*—The suspension bridge is no longer a mere picture on paper, but a magnificent reality. To-day the entire footway, over a thousand feet in length, and two feet in width will be completed, and before sunset Mr. Ellet will have driven across it with a horse and buggy. Hereafter it will be used as a common highway between the dominions of Her Majesty and those belonging to Uncle Sam, and any staunch royalist or sturdy republican can walk across it on payment of twenty-five cents.

The towers for the great bridge will be commenced forthwith, just in rear of those that sustain the cables for the foot bridge, and before the year 1850 shall be numbered among the past, the whole work will probably be completed, and a train of cars will pass over it. The *main difficulties* are already overcome; hereafter all will be plain sailing.

The number of those who visit the bridge as a matter of curiosity is quite large, and the income derived from that source is sufficient to pay a handsome interest on the amount expended.—*Buffalo Courier.*

WILL HE RESIGN?—Mr. Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribune, says that "Gen. Taylor, having consented to run for President, ought to resign his commission at once, and devote his leisure, thus acquired, to the study of those question of civil policy wherewith he is in no danger of becoming too familiar."

EXPEDITION TO CALIFORNIA AND SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.—We have seen a copy of the order of General Wool, relative to the organization of this expedition, of which Lieutenant Colonel Washington is to have command. It will be composed of five companies of dragoons, each 70 strong, and one company of light artillery, 100 strong. Two of the companies of dragoons are now at Camargo, and three at Monterey, with the company of artillery. Brevet Major Graham will command the dragoons. Captain E. K. Kane, assistant quartermaster, and assistant surgeon Booth, now here serving with the 10th infantry, are under orders to proceed with the expedition. We are informed that the troops will march from Monterey, by the way of Monclova and Chihuahua, to some point, near the Paso del Norte, from whence one company of dragoons and the artillery company will proceed to Santa Fe, and four companies of dragoons march to Monterey, California.—Captain Kane is now in Camargo, actively engaged in preparing a train of wagons and the necessary supplies. He has orders to select as many of the best wagons and teams, belonging to the United States, as may be necessary, and will have everything supplied in the best manner. The train will probably exceed 30 wagons; it will leave Camargo about the end of the present month, and the whole expedition take its departure from Monterey about the 10th of August. We understand a number of citizens, intending to establish themselves in New Mexico and California, will go under protection of the expedition. To men of enterprise and fond of adventure, this expedition offers inducements but seldom afforded; and both New Mexico and California will receive an accession to their population.—*Matamoras Flag.*

ARRIVAL OF MR. KIT CARSON FROM CALIFORNIA.—*Death of General Elliot Lee and others.*—We have before mentioned, by telegraph, the arrival at St. Louis, on the 26th ultimo, of Mr. Kit Carson, bearer of despatches from Governor Mason, in California, to the government at Washington. He left the city of the Angels on the 5th of May, with an escort of twenty men, and met with no adventure of any interest on the route as far as Santa Fe. He left that town on the 25th of June, at which time all was quiet there.

Mr. Carson brings information of the attack and defeat of a party of Americans, by the Apache Indians, and the death of four and the wounding of five of the party. This party was under the direction of Mr. R. Maxwell, and consisted of fourteen persons. They were attacked in the Rattone mountains by about one hundred Indians of the Apache tribe.

The St. Louis Union says:

The party were compelled to abandon their property and animals, and attempted to save themselves by retreating. Early in the engagement, Mr. Charles Town, of St. Louis, received a contusion which fractured his ankle. His companions for some time endeavored to bear him with them, but becoming very faint, he requested that they would leave him. A short time after they saw many Indians approaching him. Town still possessed his rifle and pistol, and with them killed two of the enemy ere he was immolated.

Shortly after this General Lee, of St. Louis, received a ball in one of his thighs, which shattered it. He was carried about a mile by his companions, where, at his own request, he was left. He said he could not proceed further, and that if he should not be overtaken by the Indians, who were in pursuit, he would either bleed himself to death, or shoot himself. There was but little life remaining in him when he was left, as he had bled very profusely.

In the course of the action, in which the small party killed a number of the Indians, a Mexican by the name of Jose Carman, and a Frenchman by the name of Pasear Riviere, companions of Lee and Town, were killed, and five others were wounded.

When about fifteen miles from Taos, the survivors met a party of forty men, who, instead of going in search of Gen. Lee, returned to Taos.

The Western Indians.—By an arrival at St. Louis from the Yellow Stone River, the Republican learns that the Indians were comparatively quiet. It is stated that the reason why the Sioux fired upon the steamer Martha was the *non-fulfillment of certain promises* made by the traders to the Indians, and not as was stated, because they had not received their annuities. An outbreak, however, of evil passion is apprehended unless some United States troops shall be sent into the country this winter. It has been ascertained that the Assinaboines, last winter, suffered horribly from starvation. They devoured their horses and dogs, and in a great many instances devoured one another!

FROM CUBA.—*The Revolution.*—The annexed letter, which the New York Express says is from a well informed source, brought to New York in the Crescent City, from Havanna the 18th inst., will show the progress of the revolution so long on the point of breaking out in Cuba:

"*Matanzas, July* 16, 1848.—The revolution in Cuba has been nipped in the bud by our Captain General. A General Lapez, who was to have taken the lead, barely escaped arrest by getting on board a vessel bound for Rhode Island. Some arrests have been made on the south side, and more are watched closely by the government."

The New York Sun says that among the persons arrested were Yznaga and Villegas.—These arrests, however, it says only stimulate the patriots to renewed energy. Their numbers were rapidly increasing.

According to a letter also in *La Veidad*, the Spanish paper in New York, our Government is represented by the Cuban Spanish authorities to have informed their Minister at Washington who were the persons seeking in that Island its annexation to the United States. The writer, however, declares his belief that this is a trick of the Spanish authorities to destroy their hopes and confidence.

The Charleston Mercury of Saturday, also has the following:

"During an entertainment given by a wealthy Creole at Trinidad de Cuba, on the 4th of July, some of the guests, natives of the Island, headed by the proprietor, hoisted the American flag at the house. The troops were immediately called out, and every preparation made to suppress an insurrection of the *Creoles*. The entertainer, (a highly respectable gentleman,) was sent off immediately to Havana in irons, and the authorities are now busily engaged in searching out others."

The Suppressed Letter.—The curiosity of the public to know the contents of General Taylor's letter to the Independent party of Baltimore, becomes more intense as rumor withdraws the veil. It has reached our ears in a form so much more reliable than mere rumor, that we feel bound to credit the statement made to us, that General Taylor in that letter distinctly states that the Louisiana delegation had no shadow of authority for their conduct in the Philadelphia convention; but as the pledges had been made, he did not think proper to disavow them, and desired his letter not to be published!!!

If such be the true character of the letter, how can it be reconciled with the card of Balie Peyton, &c.? How inconsistent with the manliness and frankness of the soldier! Will the public approve such conduct? Will not the Taylor men in other parts of the country disband their organizations in disgust, as did the independent Taylor men of Baltimore?—We mistake our whig countrymen, infuriated as they are, if they would not prefer defeat to success effected by such reckless means. But "the letter." Let us have the letter, by all means.—*Union.*

STILL LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.

The steamer America sailed from Liverpool on the 22d, and brings news of importance.

The crisis which will decide the fate of Ireland is at hand.

On the 18th, the Privy Council met in Dublin Castle, to take the alarming state of the country into consideration. The Lord Lieut. issued his proclamation, ordering the prompt enforcement of the law, which forbids the people from having fire arms in their possession. Whenever found, he orders them seized, and the persons in whose possession they are without a permit from Government, are to be immediately arrested.

France is tranquil. Cavaignac has been assailed by the editor of the *Presse* in a pamphlet giving the particulars of the imprisonment of Lamartine, and defending his policy.

In the English House of Commons the Catholic Relief bill has been withdrawn.

In consequence of a blunder in the Sugar bill, that law requires amendment to make it operative.

The German and Danish war is considered at an end.

The war in Lombardy will, it is thought, soon terminate in peace. Charles Albert is daily adding to his popularity.

The Arch Duke John has been elected chief chief of the Germanic Empire.

Pig Iron in Scotland, is quoted at 40—sellers offer as 45.

The news from Ireland operates badly on the English money market, and consuls declined from ¼ to ½ per cent., the market closing at 87⅛ a 87 ¼.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE, Aug. 3d.—A message was received from the President, transmitting in answer to a resolution of the Senate, the proceedings of the Court of Inquiry, in relation to the arrest, &c., of Gen. Pillow. Ordered that the Message, with extra copies be printed.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the Oregon territorial bill, which passed that body on the previous day.

Mr. Clayton, who as Chairman of the committee that reported the compromise bill on the same subject, and which was so unceremoniously laid on the table of the House, addressed the Senate in relation to the compromise bill. He trusted the Senate would not dispose of the bill now before it, without first examining into its merits, no matter what provocation they had for so doing. He hoped the bill would be referred to the appropriate committee, and that it would be deliberately considered. He moved its reference to the committee on Territories.

Mr. Downs gave notice that he would move to amend the bill, but that for the present he would decline offering them, that the bill might go to the committee as it came from the House.

After some remarks from Messrs. Badger and Phelps, the bill was referred to the committee on Territories.

The civil appropriation bill was then taken up, and the question being on striking out appropriations for the improvement of the Savannah river, it was carried—yeas 36, nays 15.

The bill was then amended, yeas 23, nays 21, by an appropriation of $50,000 to pay for the slaves in the Amistead case.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—On motion of Mr. Vinton the House resolved itself into a committe of the whole on the army appropriation bill, and it was debated by Messrs. Marsh Wilmot, Crozier, Vinton, Bowden, Birdsall, Cathcart, Bayly, Tallmadge and Newtell.—Wen the committee rose the House adjourned.

Indiana Volunteers and General Taylor.

The Louisville Journal and the Madison Banner strongly denied the assertion made by Capt. J. McDougal of the 5th Indiana volunteers in relation to the change of politics among the officers of that Regiment. In reply to this denial Capt. McDougal gives the names of ten officers, heretofore whigs, who will not go for General Taylor. He says:

"For the present I am authorized by the fellowing *gentlemen* whose names have been given by the editor of the *Banner* to prove the falsity of my assertion, viz: Captains McKenzie, Evans, Bracken and Lewis; Lieutenants Sawtell, Hamilton, Osborn, Neely, Baker, and Major Myers—all good and true whigs—to say that they will not, under any circumstances, vote for Gen. Taylor. These gentlemen are all that my time has permitted me to see. Col. Lane, Maj. Myers, and all of the above officers will say that when we left Mexico, the statement I gave you was a common remark. That one or two have been whipt into the traces since their return is probable.

"You may publish this if you deem it proper. The whig officers I have given above are here, and will be here, and if necessary, swear their uncompromising hostility to Gen. Taylor."

So much for the officers, now for the men. The Indiana State Sentinel says:

"The Parke and Montgomery county volunteers arrived in this city yesterday on their way home. There was not a single Taylor man among the company, as we are informed on the authority of Capt. Manson. These boys know who are the friends of the country as well as the volunteers. They do not believe that their brave brethren of the Second Regiment were "FUGITIVES."

The same paper, of a later date, speaking of the return of the Volunteers and the dinner provided for them, says:

"Large numbers partook of the dinner, at the close of which Governor Whitcomb made a short address. Most of them left for their homes the same evening. These boys are nearly all Cass and Butler men. We saw flags floating from several of the wagons as they left the city inscribed "Cass and Butler." No volunteer has ever raised a flag for Taylor and Fillmore as he passed this city."

Rather Singular.—At Philadelphia on Tuesday was bound over for a further hearing on Saturday next, a man named Harrison, and his son, a young man 18 or 19 years of age.—The circumstances are singular and equally suspicious. On Monday before last, during the volunteer procession, a pocket book with $400, and checks and due bills, amounting to $600, was stolen from the counting room of Spiese & Maurer, in 3d street near Willow.—Nothing had been heard of the book and contents until Monday, when they received an anonymous letter asking them to offer a reward for the book and papers—to ask no questions, and guaranty the party harmless—and to put the advertisement on the south side of Race street wharf. The request was complied with, and officer Lukens being on the watch arrested the younger Harrison in the act of taking away the advertisement. This brought out the fact that the father had the pocket book, and he was accordingly arrested. The story they tell is that the son found the book on Race street wharf.

General Taylor's Love of Truth.—In one of his speeches, Governor Jones, of Tennessee, exclaimed, "Where is the man on the face of this green carpet of God's footstool, that believes *Zachariah Taylor* ever told a lie?"

To this touch of the sublime the Hartford Times thus responds:

"We believe the old man has never been accused of lying. He is treated courteously by democrats, at any rate. He has said that he never voted—that he knows little of the affairs of government—that he has never even looked into measures so far as to satisfy himself about the long discussed questions of the National Bank, Tariff, Distribution, &c. In short, he says as plainly as he can, that his life has been devoted to the camp, and he is not a fit person to be President. No one believes he tells a lie."

LATE FROM OREGON.—*The War with the Indians.*—News from Oregon city to the 8th of March, has been received. A letter from Gov. Palmer, dated from the army, at camp 25 miles west of Umatilla, speaks of meeting a party of thirty Indians, who had been engaged in the battles with Major Lee, at the Dalles; they say that they were forced into it by the Cayuses; that all their property had been taken, and their lives threatened, if they did not join them. The Cayuses have forted and had expected to fortify near the foot of the Blue mountains, on the Saw-mill stream.—The people of Oregon feel sore and sick in heart at the neglect which they have received at the hands of the Congress, and people of the United States.

Several of the Dalles Indians have arrived in Oregon city for protection, as they say. It is said that they have been stripped of their property by the hostile Indians, because they were friendly with the whites.

The Spectator, of February 24th, contains reports from Col. Gilliam, dated Fort Wascopacam, February 7, and describing two skirmishes with bodies of Indians, in which the latter were routed, with a loss of 25 or 30 killed and wounded, and property to the value of $1,400, which had been sold and the proceeds paid into the military chest of the expedition. The whites had three killed, one by accident, the other two by the Indians.

DEAD SEA EXPEDITION.—The United States Exploring party has returned to Jerusalem from its expedition to the Dead Sea.—This was the first occasion on which a boat was ever navigated around the sea, and many of the stories once current have been proved to be fabulous. The explorers sounded the sea in all its parts, to the depth of 600 fathoms, and found the bottom crusted with crystalized salt. The pestilential affects attributed to the waters turn out to be fabulous.—Ducks were seen skimming over the surface, and partridges abounded along the shore.—Nothing was seen of the ruined cities, which, according to old legends, were visible in clear weather beneath the waters. It should be a source of great satisfaction to every American, that this country, although the most remote, was the first to explore this celebrated sea.

The party were upon the sea in their boats, or encamped on its borders, for some two months; and their researches and estimates have been of the most thorough and interesting character. All were in excellent health and spirits, no sickness or accident having occurred. By the Arabs they had been received and uniformly treated with the utmost kindness and attention. The Syrians consider "the men of the Jordan," as they call them, the greatest heroes of the day. Lieutenants Lynch and Dale will visit, under the most favorable circumstances, all the places made memorable in Scripture history; and we may expect from them a highly interesting account of their explorations of the Dead Sea, and their advantures in the Holy Land.—*Balt. American.*

"Henry Clay is still undetermined about going for General Taylor."—*Dem. Pharos.*

The Pharos is either most *egregiously* ignorant of the history of the times, or willfully wishes to mislead its readers, in regard to the position of the great statesman, as nothing is farther from the truth than its assertion.—*Fort Wayne Times.*

☞ **Let us see the proof that the Pharos is wrong, neighbor. We have seen nothing reliable showing that Clay would support Taylor, but there is strong evidence to the contrary. Bring on your proof; it is eagerly looked for by whigs as well as democrats.—*Sentinel.***

On what we deemed and *still* deem good authority, we made the statement which is so summarily snapped up by our worthy brother of the Times. Since we made the statement, we have seen still stronger proof that Mr. Clay *was* "undetermined about going for Gen. Taylor." We have seen extracts from letters of Mr. Clay, in one of which he says that Gen. Taylor "must draw the note"—that is, declare himself a Whig—before he "can *endorse* it!" That looks a little like being "undetermined." The Times, in compliance with the request of the Sentinel, publishes an extract from the Washington correspondence of two papers, in which it is stated that Mr. Clay has written two letters in which he says he thinks the Whig Convention was "swayed by what he considered and called the 'fictious' popularity of Gen. Taylor," but advising his friends to support him. Give the Times the benefit of this, and what does it prove! Nothing more than that Mr. Clay *may* have at length "determined" to smother his disappointment and anger, and also his deep horror at the prospect of elevating "*a mere military chieftain*" to the Presidency, and go for a person whose elevation to that station he had once so vehemently deprecated. It is far from proving our statement untrue. The following paragraph may do something towards opening the eyes of our brother of the Times to a sense of his error in jumping at his reckless conclusion:

We have it from the best authority, from a person who was present at the time alluded to, that when the son of the landlord stept up to Mr. Clay to inform him that dinner was ready he had just read the announcement of the nomination. He vented his anger in very violent language, anathematizing the convention, Gen. Taylor and the dinner, got into his carriage and drove home. The truth of this can be depended on.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

The Logansport Telegraph, as it copied the shot of the Times at us, will please publish the above.—*Logansport Pharos.*

For the Sentinel.

WHO CAN VOTE FOR TAYLOR?

Can the so called whigs, after all they have said in regard to the war with Mexico, consistently vote for him who was the first to carry the war into that country? Will not every man who thus votes, be branded, and that most justly, a hypocrite? It has been said by some as an excuse, that he was obliged to go these, because he was a military man; that arms he had chosen as a profession, and had to support himself and a large family by it; but is not such reasoning a mere subterfuge, a mere excuse for doing that which their conscience tells them is totally wrong? Was he under any more obligation to serve than any other good citizen when his country called?—Could he not have resigned his command if his conscience had troubled him, and gone home to his family? and perhaps he might have disposed of some of his slaves and bought him 80 acres of land at the north and got an honest living. Again are the whigs such dolts, as to again get burned by electing a man, who will not, or does not (for I have seen nothing of it) tell his political principles; a man who knows nothing of the policy of government as can be seen by his own letters? Let every whig examine for himself, and vote for the man that will not only save our country from degradation, but will raise it still higher in the scale of nations; the man who will not only rule for the good of the people, but will see such principles carried out as will be best for all without any party or sectional interest.—Let every whig examine and see it he can consistently, after the principles that have been avowed and advocated by his party, vote for Taylor. Whigs, be honest, be consistent with yourselves for once, and cast your votes for honest Lewis of the West.

A DEMOCRAT.

Whitley Co., July 31, 1848.

IMPROMPTU BUTTER.—We yesterday saw sweet milk converted into butter in four minutes; probably a dash of iced-water would have brought the butter in less time. This wonderful effect was produced by one of the most simple churning machines that we have ever seen. It consists of a square box, having a hollow perpendicular shaft with two hollow arms or tubes at the lower end. The shaft rests on a pivot and is turned by a small crank and cog-wheel, the motion causes the air to rush down the tube into the milk and produces a commotion like boiling water, the butter began to come immediately, and after it was made the milk was as sweet as new.—*N. Y. Mirror.*

Extract of a letter written at
DUNVILLE, Grand River, C. W., April 24, 1848.

My wife has been afflicted for a number of years with general dropsy; about a year past it increased to an alarming state, so much that her limbs at times have swollen to one third over the natural size. The disease continued to reduce her in strength. After trying many kinds of medicines, I came to the conclusion that her case was quite hopeless.—When your Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture was recommended I concluded that I would try once more, and by so doing found it successful in curing. After using two large and one small bottle she believes herself entirely cured. I give you this testimony hoping that it may prove a benefit to those who may be afflicted with the same disease, that they may try it and find relief—and I also with to express my gratitude to Dr. Vaugh the inventor of this medicine.

JARIUS COOK."

This letter was handed to the agent for the sale of this Great Remedy in Dunnville, Canada West. Reader go to the Agent in the place, ask for a bamphlet concerning G. C. Vaugn's Veg Lith. Mixture, his advertisements are in our colums.

LIVER COMPLAINT is generally accompanied with pain in the right side, extending to the top of the shoulder; variable appetite, occasionally a disordered stomach, yellow tinge of the skin and eyes, and often a swelling over the region of the liver, together with other symptoms of a corrupt state of the blood.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills will be found one of the very best medicines in the world for the cure of all diseases of the Liver; because they expel from the body those morbid humors which, when deposited upon this important organ, are the cause of every variety of Liver Complaint. From three to six of the above named Pills, taken on going to bed, will in a short time, give such manifest relief, that no persuasion will be necesary to induce a perseverance in their use, until the liver is restored to healthy action.

☞ BEWARE OF SUGAR COATED COUNTERFEITS! *Remember that the original and only genuine* INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS *have the written signature of* WILLIAM WRIGHT *on the top label of each box.*

The genuine for sale by Turk & McMaken, sole agent for Fort Wayne A. B. Miller, New Haven; J. B. Hanna, Huntertown.

Wholesale at the principal Office, 169 Race-st. Philadelphia.

CAUTION TO STRANGERS.—Almost every person coming from the east, or any old settled country, into the Mississippi Valley, are sure to be attacked with Diarrhœa, which prostrates the system, and generally ends in billions fever, or that dread of all emigrants, Ague and Fever. If every such person would supply themselves with a few boxes of Dr. Bragg's Anti Billious and Tonic Sugar Coated Pil's, and take them on the first indications of disease, they never need fear any serious attack of any of the diseases peculiar to the western country. They have been used by thousands of persons, and always with the happiest effects.

☞ Consumption is a disease which is carrying its victims to the tombs by thousands, without being arrested in its progress by the medicines in common use at the present time.—But a brighter day is coming, and has come—as to successfully arrest this disease. DR. ROGERS' LIVERWORT AND TAR, not only gives immediate relief in COUGHS and COLDS, but from the testimony of men of the highest standing here and elsewhere, it is making some very remarkable cures of CONSUMPTION. Improvements in the treatment of diseases are onward, and nothing can arrest its spirit in the present age. Those who are afflicted with *diseased Lungs* would do well to call on Mr. H. B. Reed of this place, the agent and see the certificates of Dr. *Wm. J. Richards.* Judge *Wm. Burke,* the *Wife* of the Rev. *George W. Maley,* and of Dr *Hiram Cox,* late Professor in the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati. 2w5.

MARRIED,—In this city, by the Rev. H. P. Powers, on Sunday the 6th inst., Mr. ROBERT WM. ARMISTEAD of Cincinnati, to Miss ELVIRA JANE BARNWELL.

DIED.—On the 4th inst.. in this city Mr. JAMES CAMPBELL, of the 2d Dragoons, U. S. Army.

—On the 8th instant, in this city, Mr. JAS. STEWART, aged 53 years. The deceased was a native of Ireland; he is thought to have relatives in St. Joseph Co. Michigan. He had just returned from the Mexican war, and fell a victim to the Dysentery, contracted in the city of Mexico.

On the 8th inst. ANN JENET HILL, aged 7 years and 9 months, daughter of N. I. and Rebecca A. Hill, of Allen township, Noble Co.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS—NEW PRICES!

THE undersigned inform the public that they have entered into co partnership, under the firm of ORFF & SCHWEGMANN, and having purchased the entire stock of goods of the late firm of Chittenden & Orff, will continue the business at the old stand of the late firm, in Columbian street, where they hope their old friends will give them a call. It is their intention to merit a share of public patronage, by keeping on hand a general assortment of seasonable

Dry Goods. Groceries. Hardware, Queensware, Shoes & Boots, &c., &c.

of the best qualities and selling them on fair and reasonable terms As they design doing a cash business, and are determined to sell at the lowest living profits, purchasers will find this to be

THE REAL PLACE TO GET BARGAINS.

☞ A fresh supply of

New Goods

will be received in a few days.

Country Produce of all kinds taken at the highest rates in exchange for goods.

JOHN ORFF,
late of the firm of Chittenden & Orff.
H. R. SCHWEGMANN
late of the firm of Hill, Wilson, &Co.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 12, 1848. 6y.

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County, ss: } October Term, 1848

LIBEL FOR DIVORCE.

Catherine Patrick, vs. David Patrick.

BE it remembered that on this 8th day of August, A. D 1848, the said Catherine Patrick made it appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that David Patrick, the above named defendant is not a resident of the State of Indiana: Whereupon this publication is made notifying the said David Patrick to be and appear before the judges of the Allen Circuit court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the Co. of Allen, on the 2d Monday of October next and I ad, answer, or demur to said petition, or in default thereof the court will hear and determine the case in his absence and take the petition as true against him the said defendant.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk A, C C.
MOSES JENKINSON, Att'y for Comp't.
August. 12, 1848 [$2 30] 3w6.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) Fort Wayne. y6 August 12. 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DOCTOR W. V. SNYDER having returned to Fort Wayne, after an absence of some eighteen months, with the view of making it his permanent residence, again offers his professional services in the different branches of Medicine and Surgery, to the citizens of this place, and the surrounding country, to the hope from his familiar acquaintance with the diseases of the Wabash Valley, as well as their appropriate modes of treatment (acquired during a practice of five and twenty years in said Valley) to be able to render general satisfaction to all who may extend to him their patronage.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the diseases of Females and Children.

** Residence at present at the house of L. C. Jacoby, Esq. OFFICE—Over Stapleford's & Brother's Store. 9.

Indiana, to wit: } Allen Circuit Court.
Allen County. }

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

Dennis Taylor, vs. Isaac W, Colin.

Notice is hereby given the said defendant, and all other persons concerned, of the filing and pendency of said writ of attachment, and that unless he be and appear before the Judges of the Allen Circuit Court on the first day of the next term of said court, to be held at the Court House in said county, on the 2d Monday in October next the said case will be heard and determined in his absence R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

HOUGH & SITES, Att'ys.
August 4, 1848. [$1 50] 3w6.

HUMPHREY & BROWN.

Stone Cutters and Stone Masons,

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table, Tops of 1st quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for buildings and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 4th, 1848.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of execution to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will on the 28th day of August inst, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M, at the Court House door in the County of Allen, offer for sale at public auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate to wit: The North half of the South East quarter of Section No 4, Township 31, North of Range 12, East; Also the South West quarter of the North West quarter of Section No. 3, of same Township and Range, containing in all one hundred and twenty acres. And upon failure to realize a sum sufficient to pay the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Freeborn P. Tinknam, at the suit of the state of Indiana

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
August 3, 1848. [$2 10] 3w5.

For Sale or Exchange for Stock.

ONE Quarter Section of rich Land, 10 miles from the Canal and 20 from Fort Wayne, New Columbia, the county seat of Whitley, or for real estate in the City of Milwaukie. For further particulars enquire of JOHN LEWIS, Esq. Huntington, Huntington County, Indiana.

N. B.—The above is well watered, a stream running through it, and is not surpassed in fertility or location in the State.

Aug 4, 1848. 3w5.

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Harriet Chittenden & John Orff was dissolved on the 27th ult. by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by Orff and Schwagman at the old stand, who will settle all claims against the late firm, and receive all debts due to it.

HARRIET CHITTENDEN,
JOHN ORFF.
July 27, 1848

SEASONED Flooring for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

Music, Music.

CARMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

MUSIC PAPER—Just received and for sale at C. R. WALKER'S.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St Joseph river,* in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the roles will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

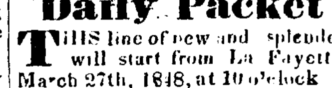
People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Falling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing

done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.
May 13, 1848. tf46,

DOYLE AND DICKEY'S



Daily Packet Line.

THIS line of new and splended Packet Boats will start from La Fayette on Monday, March 27th, 1848, at 10 o'clock A. M., arriving at Fort Wayne at 6 P. M., going east. The Line at present consists of four Boats, on the 1st of May there will be an addition of three new Packets, forming

A Daily Line between Covington, Indiana, and Toledo, Ohio.

OHIO, ...	Capt. CLARK SMITH,
ILLINOIS, . . . "	W. S. B. HUBBELL
INDIANA, . . . "	G. B. ALVORD,
MISSOURI, . . "	A. VAN NESS

or particulars apply to the Captains on board
W. H. NOBLE, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, March 23, 1848. 38—tf

BY EXPRESS.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE LADIES,

JUST received last evening by the P. Hoagland, a most splendid stock of

Fancy Goods.

such as FANCY LACE BONNETS, and something a little extra in the *Ribbon Line,* Also a splendid stock of *EMBROIDERED CRAPE SHAWLS,* and *French Cambric Handkerchiefs,* such as are not often seen in this market. All kinds of FANCY GOODS kept constantly on hand, call and see them. MRS. DYKES.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding.

Persons desiring such lumber will please call at the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c. constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Coverlet & Carpet Weaving.

THE undersigned informs the public that he has established himself in Fort Wayne, and is prepared to execute all orders for Weaving Coverlets or Carpets. He is well acquainted with weaving various sorts of Carpets for family use, and has on hand a large supply of Coverlet Yarn. He is also prepared to Dye Wool and Cotton to all colors. He has had long experience in the various branches of his business, and feels confident by fair dealing and reasonable prices that he can give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with their orders.

A supply of Coverlets kept on hand for sale. His residence is in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Hedges, corner of Calhoun and Berry streets.

MARTIN HAMMAN.
May 12, 1848. 3m45 pd.

PLAIN, Fancy and Mourning Note Paper also a fine assortment of Transparent and Motto Wafers, just received by
May 13, 1848. C. R. WALKER.

THE GREAT

Revolution in Europe

Is nothing in comparison to the Revolution in the prices of NEW GOODS at

W. Smith & Co's,!

No. 3, Jones' Block, FORT WAYNE, Indiana

WE are just receiving by *Steam, Express* and *Telegraph Lines* the CHEAPEST and best selected stock of

NEW GOODS

ever offered in Fort Wayne, consisting of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Sattinets, blue and mixed Drillings, Cotton Yarn, Calicoes, Ginghams, Lawns, Cambrics, Linens, Hosiery, Shawls, Ladies', Misses', and Children's Bonnets, Gent's, Youths' and Children's Leghorn, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats; Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiter Boots, Shoes, and Slippers;

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware.

Iron, Nails, Steel, Glass, &c.

In fact every thing necessary to *Clothe the Naked and Feed the Hungry.* We are selling SHEETINGS lower than ever before. An article of

Good Heavy Yard-Wide Sheeting which has heretofore sold for Ten Cents we are now selling for Sixpence, or sixteen yards for One Dollar!!!

We still adhere strictly to our motto of *No Shaving on Due Bills, Orders, or Barter Trades,* but an even up cash price in all cases. Don't take our word for it, but call and satisfy yourselves.

WANTED:

All kinds of PRODUCE, PEARLS, BLACK SALTS, &c. for which we will pay the Highest Market Price.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

W. SMITH & Co.
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1848. y44.

A great Chance for Country Merchants.

New York Wholesale Store

AT FORT WAYNE.

F. & J. NIRDLINGER have received an extensive stock of DRY GOODS which they bought principally for wholesaling. Country merchants will do well in giving us a call, after they have tried everywhere else, and we assure them they will find their chance better than ever to replenish their stock, in the above establishment. Come in and examine their very large new stock and we are sure you cant help buying, for there never was such a stock in Fort Wayne. 43y.

NIAGARA STORE, }
July 15th, 1848. }

THE LARGEST AND BEST

Stock of Goods in the Western States is to be found at

A. B. MILLER'S

NIAGARA STORE.

THE limits of a Newspaper will not admit of entering into a detailed account of the numerous articles contained in the stock. Suffice it to sa

Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Woodenware, Saddlery, &c.

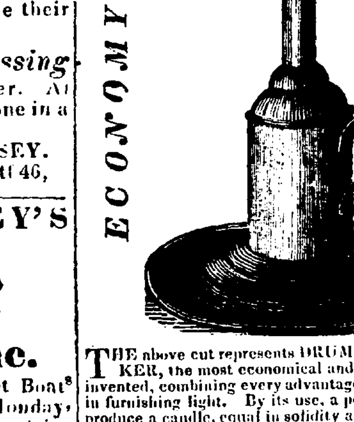
can be found in an almost endless variety. The public may rest assured that this statement is not mere gasconade, but truth every word, and in order to prove it will please call and examine for themselves,

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THE CELEBRATED

Drummond Light!

ECONOMY IS WEALTH!



THE above cut represents DRUMMOND'S CANDLE MAKER, the most economical and labor saving article ever invented, combining every advantage which can be wished for in furnishing light. By its use, a person can, at any moment, produce a candle, equal in solidity and durability to any made by the old, laborious and more expensive method. The candles made in this article will burn with a clear, brilliant and steady light, without that flickering, usual in ordinary candles. The fibres of the wick, in passing through the tube within the cylinder, are drawn perrectly smooth, which not only prevents the flaring of the light, but also keeps the candle from running down on the side.

This article is one which every house-keeper, as well as all who study economy in the use of light, should possess themselves of, as it is simple, convenient and economical, being simply a candlestick which makes its own candles. It is most ingeniously constructed, with a reservoir for tallow, lard, or other materials of which candles were made; also a place to deposit the wick, both of which, by only turning a screw, are forced up in the form of a perfect candle, either in short or long lengths, as may be desired thus forming an endless candle by simply refilling the reservoir when it shall have been exhausted. The reservoir holds nearly one pound of tallow, enough for six candles.

Candles can be made by using Drummond's Candle-maker at less than *ONE HALF* the ordinary expense, the only outlay being for tallow or other material. From the experience of many families who have used the Candle maker, as well as the numerous tests to which it has been subjected, we can place the DRUMMOND CANDLE-MAKER before the public as an article which may always be depended upon. With fair usage it will never get out of order.

The subscriber having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the above Candle-maker in the Counties of Allen, Adams, Huntington, Blackford, De Kalb, Steuben, Wells, Whitley, Grant, Noble and La Grange, is now prepared to give great bargains to those wishing to engage in a speculation. He will sell any or all the above counties, so low that any man with limited capital can in a short time double and treble his money. He will also sell the Candle-maker at Retail.

Those wishing to examine them, can see them at my shop on Columbia-st., two doors west of A. B. Miller's.

A. S. JOHNS.
Fort Wayne, July 15, 1848. 2.

DAGUERREOTYPE

PORTRAITS as natural as Life.

THOSE who wish to obtain a true likeness of themselves will do well to call at Mr. COND'S Daguerrian Rooms on the corner of Calhoun and Columbia Streets, over Mr. Mason's Store, where he will remain but a short time. Citizens are invited to call and examine specimens at their leisure.

July 8, 1848.

Notice

IS hereby given that all persons who have subscribed stock to the Fort Wayne and Lima Turnpike Company, payable in any thing else than money or land, are requested to pay the same 60 days after the date hereof, at such times and places, and in such amounts as the Treasurer may draw on them, to meet the payment of contracts for work done for said company.

By order of the Directors,
SAM'L. HANNA, President.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
July 8, 1848.

New Books.

COURT of Monti Christo, by Dumas.
Shakespeare's Novels, "
Life in London, by Reynolds.
Black Prophet, by Carleton.
Manœuvering Mother, by Carleton.
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith.
Cruise of the Midge, "
And hosts of others, for sale at
May 13, 1848 WALKER'S

SOCKET & FIRMER CHISELS, Hand Vices, Dividers, Augurs, Braces, with and without bits, Files and other articles in the Hardware line, for sale low by
July 15, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendi tioni Exponas) to me directed from the Clerks Office of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, I will on the nineteenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Noble and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The South West quarter of the South East quarter of Section (15,) fifteen, Township (35,) thirty-five, North Range (10,) ten, east, and the South West quarter of the North West quarter of section (22,) twenty-two, Township (35,) thirty-five, North Range (10,) ten east, situate in Noble County, Indiana. And upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate.—Taken as the property of the defendants at the suit of Calvin W. Howe and Fisher Howe against Francis Comparet and Henry R. Colerick.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U S. Mar. Dist-Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$4 05] 5w2.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendi tioni Exponas) to me directed from the Clerks Office of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Indiana, I will on the seventeenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M, at the Court House door in the County of Whitley and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The South East quarter of the South East quarter of section (9,) nine, Township (32,) thirty-two; The South West quarter of the North West quarter of section (10,) ten, in Township (32,) thirty two; and the whole of section three, in Township (32,) thirty-two, all in Range ten East, and situate in Whitley County, Indiana.—And upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate. Taken as the property of the heirs of Francis Comparet, deceased, at the suit of Henry Kipp and Francis Clark, against said Francis Comparet's heirs.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U. S. Mar. Dist. Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$4 05] 5w2.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendi tioni Exponas) to me directed from the Clerk Office of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Indiana, I will on the seventeenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Whitley and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The west half of Section number four, Township thirty-two, North of Range ten East; and upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate. Taken as the property of the Defendants, at the suit of John R. Neff and Peter Neff, against Francis H. Scott, John C. Iten, and Francis Comparet.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U. S. Mar. Dist. Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$3 30] 5 2

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.
July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

JUNIATA IRON —A general assortment of Juniata Iron, for sale by
July 8, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

TANNERS' OIL.—A large supply of pure Tanners' Oil, free from sediment, and warranted 30 gallons to the barrel, for sale by
July 8, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

ENGLISH LAMP BLACK.—Another lot of superior quality just received at the Niagara Store. A. B. MILLER.

FIGS, RAISINS, SARDINES, & HERRING—Fresh and good, for sale cheap by
July 8, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

NEW GOODS

At Barnett & Nelson.'s
June 24th, 1848.

A Great Chance!

ROUGH AND READY ALMANACS for 1847, and '48—with a splendid portrait of "Old Zack."—For sale at a small advance on first cost. S. & W. S. EDSALL.
June 17.

BY EXPRESS.

Spring Fashions, 1848,
At EDSALLS' New Store.

THE Ladies are invited to call and examine our new stock of

Spring and Summer Goods, Fancy Articles, etc.

of the richest, finest, and newest styles. They will be sold unusually low.
April 14. 1848. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

PINE SHINGLES.—100 M. pine shingles for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

A Few extra fine PLOWS for sale on commission. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

HATS & CAPS, of the latest styla, for sale S. & W. S. EDSALL.

LARGE and splendid assortment of fancy Cravats for sale by
E. D. BARTLETT & CO.

CITY LIQUOR STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Hutchinson store, on Columbia Street, east of Clinton st., invites the attention of the public to his fine stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines and Liquors.

Which he offers at WHOLESALE, and in quantities to suit purchasers, on the most reasonable terms. Not wishing to flatter, please call and examine for yourselves. The stock consists of

Alex. Seignette Brandy,		Com. Gin,
French	"	Port wines,
Cherry	"	S. M. "
fine domestic	"	Sweet "
Holland Gin.		

Old Rye and superior rectified WHISKEY.

Also a fine stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and QUEENS & GLASS WARE, all of which will be sold low and very low,

S. BEAL.
June 3, 1848. 6m—48.

Lands for Sale.

A Valuable tract of Land containing 460 acres in Kosciusko County, four miles from Warsaw, will be sold low on application to A. B. Miller, Fort Wayne. Also, 600 acres for sale, located in Noble County. Apply as above

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, July 5, 1848.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

MAPLE, New Orleans, and Sugar House Molasses—Each superior of their kind, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne Dye House.

THE subscribers inform the public that they have opened a Dye house on Washington street, one door west of Calhoun street, where they are prepared to Dye every description of *Woolen, Silk and Cotton Goods* on short notice. Being regular Dyers thoroughly acquainted with every branch of their business, having worked in some of the principal manufactories in Lowell, Charleston, &c., as well as in Europe, they can warrant that every article committed to their care shall be done in a style to give entire satisfaction

Cloaks, Alapine Silks, and DeLaine Dresses, Shawls, Parasols, Straw Bonnets, Hats, &c., colored or cleansed. COATS, PANTS, *Merino Shawls, Table Covers, &c,* Dyed and well pressed, and warranted to keep their color, and not rub off. CARPETS cleaned from Oil and other spots. KRUGER & CO.
June 17, 1848. 3m50pd.

LADIES' GAITERS, BUSKINS, & SLIPPERS.—The latest styles, together with Children's Shoes, for sale by
May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

TO FARMERS.

THREE dozen Eastern made Cradles, warranted, which will be sold low for cash, by E. D. BARTLETT & CO.

ROBERT HOOD, *Justice of the Peace and Notary Public,* hereby gives notice that he will at all times attend in his office (at the Mayor's office) on Clinton street in the city of Fort Wayne, where he will make *Deeds Mortgages,* and other *Instruments of Writing* on reasonable terms, also attend to his official duties.
Fort Wayne, June 24, 1848. 51.

NEW ARRIVAL

By Telegraph.

JUST received at HILL WILSON, & CO'S, a splendid lot of

Fancy Spring Goods,

the first in the market. First come first served. Call in, Call in!
April 21. 1848.

To the Ladies.

MRS. DYKES returns her sincere thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity for the liberal patronage she has received since her commencement in business, and respectfully informs them that she has just returned from New York with a large, magnificent, and fashionable assortment of

Fancy Goods

which having been selected expressly for this market, will, she flatters herself, meet the approval of her customers. She particularly invites attention to her stock of *Fringes, Gimps, Lace Trimmings, Buttons, French Artificials, Ribbons, &c.,* which far exceeds any thing of the kind ever offered here. Fans, Parasols, Bonnets, Fancy Beads, &c in great variety

She is also daily expecting a large and well selected assortment of

Staple Dry Goods,

Calicoes, De Laines, Ginghams, Lawns, Muslins, Barages, &c. All of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Town Lots for Sale,

At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency

THE subscriber offers the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 166, 37, 38 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT. —7, 49 6, 43, 72, and e. 1 3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4 block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION —Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
May 27, 1848. y47.

COME one come all, to Walker's New Book Store if you wish to get knowledge very cheap.

The place to buy cheap is at the Old Stand on Columbia Street.

E. D. BARTLETT & CO. are now filling up with the best and cheapest lot of

Spring and Summer Goods

ever offered in the place. They are all of the latest fashions, and will be sold unusually low; of this any one can be satisfied by calling and examining the prices.

The stock includes a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, such as French summer Cassimeres, a superior article and cheap. Plain and striped Satin Vestings, Lawns, Ginghams, &c. A large assortment of prints of all colors, Ladies' Silk Dress Goods Large assortment ribbons, &c., in short all kinds of fancy articles.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASE OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear.

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those also attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor I. RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice,* I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions or using them be strictly followed.

W. W, STEEVENS.
Fort Wayne, July, 1848."

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.
June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by
June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.
J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.
J. A. COLERICK.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.
June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

A. B. MILLER

IS Daily receiving large additions to his STOCK, being determined to have for the present and future, as he has had heretofore, the

Largest and best Assortment of Goods in the State

Fort Wayne, June 3, 1848.

MILL and X Cut SAWS—Rowland's superior Mill and X-Cut Saws, just received, and for sale by A. B MILLER.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at
S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

WHITE FISH, in barrel and half barrels—a chocie article—just received at No. 3
May 26. W. SMITH & CO.

TANNER'S OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold at the lowest figure. A. B MILLER.

FARMERS' DEPOT, }
May 27, 1848. }

ANOTHER batch of our NEW GOODS has come to hand. We expect the remainder by every boat.

BONNETS —Florence, Geneva Pearl, Gimp French Lace, Bird's Eye, and Straw Bonnets,—Ladies' and Misses'—newest styles, and lowest prices. CHITTENDEN & ORFF.

LADIES' GAITERS, half Gaiters, Buskins, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c. just rec'd, June 3, 1848. CHITTENDEN & ORFF.

SADDLES & BRIDLES.—A large and splendid assortment selling low, very low, at the Niagara Store. Call and buy before they are all gone. A. B. MILLER.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara Store.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

If you wish Fashionable and Cheap Goods Call in at the Store of

B. MASON

On Columbia Street, South side, one door east of Calhoun, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

WITH great pleasure I announce to my old customers and the public generally that I am now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Spring & Summer Goods

consisting in part of Cloths and Cassimeres, with a general assortment of Men and Boys Summer goods. Also

Ladies' Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Ginghams, Calicoes, new styles Very rich in cheap Parasols, Bonnets Bonnet Ribbond. Dress Shawls of every description, Edgings, Laces, &c. &c. Brown and Bleached, Muslins, Ticking, Checks, Palm Leaf, Cassimere and Silk Hats, Boots and Shoes of all qualities and sizes.

QUEENSWARE of the latest and richest styles, to which I invite particular attention.

HARDWARE, Iron, Nails, Castings, &c., together with almost every article usually kept in the most extensive Dry Goods establishments.

The above comprises a large and beautiful stock of Goods, selected with great care from the latest arrivals in New York. My friends and the public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I can offer a great many new and handsome styles not to be found generally.

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1848.

John Hough, Jr.,

Attorney & Counsellor at-Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. He will continue the late business of Worthington & Hough, and give particular attention to the collecting and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana.—Office at the sign of the "Indiana Land Agency," on Calhoun street

Commissioner of deeds for New York. Notary Public.

May 27, 1848. y47.

INDIANA
LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber having become sole proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership. soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,624	Whitley "	8,896
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,264
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,799
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miamie "	437
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	930
Jay "	596	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,430	Fulton "	1,920
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	720	White "	1,547
Fountain "	1,848	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	535	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH, and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

LEGHORN *and Palmleaf Hats* of extra quality just received at No. 3.
W. SMITH & CO.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail



THE Subscriber respectfully old customers, lic generally, that he returned from with a large stock THER AND HAR which he is now ring into Saddles, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet bags, Bridles, and every other article that belongs of business, and will sell at wholesale lower than can be bought in any of the cities, and will warrant all work done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't place, for I am determined not to be by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF
Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47

HALTERS, HORSE COLLARS, & DLER'S TRIMMINGS, for by A. B. MILLER

Spring & Summer Goods.

MRS. DYKES invites the Ladies of Wayne and vicinity to call and her new stock of Spring and Summer Goods just received. She particularly call attention to her splendid assortment of Dress Silks, ding Watered Silks, Gros de Rhine, &c. Silk and Gingham Parasols, Leghorn, Pearl, and Fancy Bonnets; Lawns, Ginghams, Muslins, Trimmings, Fringes, Artificials, ed Collars, and a full assortment of Fancy Articles. Calicoes, newest styles. Marseilles Skirts, Berlin Cord Do.

Also, a variety of Drillings, Tweeds, and Summer Goods. Ladies' and Children's Gaiter Shoes and Slippers. A superior article Silk Stockings and Gloves,
May 6, 1848.

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed, and New Orleans Sugar Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs. &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.
May 6. 1848

Spring & Summer Fashions.



MISS WELLS, just returned from New York with the Fashions, and a large sortment of BONNETS every size and description; also a quantity beautiful SILKS for Dresses of the latest styl Laces, Collars, Scarfs, Ribbands, Gloves, Flowers, and many other Fancy Articles she would mention, but prefers to have the Ladies call and see for themselves.

All kinds of Silk Bonnets and Caps made and kept on hand. Straw and Leghorn Hats cleaned and pressed in the neatest manner Dress-making in its various branches attended to with taste, and on the most reasonable terms.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, May 6, 1848.

SHAWLS —A splendid lot of White Crape Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap
May 6. B. MASON.

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, very low. B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES. Gaiters and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.
May 6. B. MASON.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Letter Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, May 6.

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS.—Any quantity "and more coming"—may be found at WALKER's Book Store, one door west of Aynes & Co's.

GROCERIES—Sugar, Tea, and Coffee, Good articles and very low; for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store

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PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medicine, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffee WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store

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Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured Machinery for the MANUFACTURE of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sattinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on halves or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.
May 6, 1848. y44

Wool Carding.

WE have also two Double and one Single CARDING MACHINE, newly clothed and ready for Custom Carding. *All* wool brought in proper manner is warranted to be done well.

We will at the same time and place to do custom

Falling, Dying, & Cloth Dressing

in the best workmanlike manner.

People coming from a distance can have Wool Carded immediately.

** *Price for Carding* 5 *cents per pound*
2m44 RUDISILL & WOLKE.

Cigar Manufactory

E. BOSTICK & CO. inform the public that they are engaged in the *Tobacco and Cigar business* at their store on Columbia-st. doors west of the Washington Hall, where offer on the most favorable terms a large general assortment of CIGARS—Spanish, Regalia, Principe, La Norma, Cuba Spanish, Kentucky, &c. Also, Chewing, Smoking TOBACCO.

Merchants and country Dealers supplied with Segars at Cincinnati prices.

Fort Wayne, April 29 1848. 43

SUGAR.—16 lbs. good N. O. Sugar for $1 at B. MASON'S.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6 cts. per yard at B. MASON'S.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN

A. B. MILLER will pay the highest price for WHEAT delivered at the house at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams may want to haul Lumber and Wheat Store and Mills in Noble County. All wishing such employment will do well B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne, Ligonier. July 27, 1848.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy seats, calculated for will be sold on application

---

SINGLE HARNESS.—A. B. Miller a splendid single Harness chester, N. Y. price. Call and see them.

Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

This Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicines is, while it eradicates diseases, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 20,000 of these were considered incurable.

More than 3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism
... cases of Dyspepsia;
... cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;
... cases of the different Female Complaints;
... cases of Scrofula;
... cases of the Liver Complaint;
... cases of Diseases of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
... cases of Consumption,

And thousands of cases of diseases of the blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., &c., together with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Spinal Affections, &c., &c.

This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from Physicians and our Agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq., one of the most respectable Druggists in Newark, N. J., informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New York, which we will refer to with pleasure and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the preventive of disease known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST YEAR!

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season. It has never been known to injure in the least the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

Hear Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from a letter received from him:

"Dr. Townsend—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a Chronic Rheumatism, to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago, in a public stage. Please send me two bottles ... care of Dr. Seymour. I have conversed with two of our principal physicians, and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. *Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.*

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago, I took a violent cold, which settled on my lungs, and affected me severely; indeed, finally, it became a constant hacking cough, but not so severe as to prevent me from attending to my business. Within the last few years it increased on me gradually. At last I became reduced—I breathed with difficulty, and raised with my cough much bad matter, and for the last nine months previous to using your Sarsaparilla, had regular night sweats; indeed, my friends and myself supposed that I would die with the Consumption; but I have the happiness to inform you that, to my surprise, after using three bottles of your Sarsaparilla, I find my health restored. It relieved me gradually and I am now enjoying much better health than I have before in ... years. I had almost entirely lost my appetite, which is also returned. You are at liberty to publish this with my name in the papers, if you choose.

My little girl, who is three years, had a very bad cough the whole of last Winter. We became very much alarmed on her account. While using the medicine, I gave her some of it, and it soon entirely relieved her, as well as myself, and she is now hearty and hearty as any child I ever saw. She was also full of little blotches; it took them away and her skin is smooth, and I am now satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine.

S. W. CONANT,
441 Bowery.

GIRLS, READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the face, rough skin, and are "out of spirits," use a bottle or two of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, remove the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, sparkling eyes, fine spirits, and beautiful complexion—all of which are of immense value to unmarried ladies.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general Prostration of the System, no matter whether the result of inherent cause, or produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once became robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr. Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and General Debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short period it removed her complaints, and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOORE,
Cor. Grand and Lydius-sts.

Albany, August 17th, 1844.

TO MOTHERS AND MARRIED LADIES.

This Extract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in reference to female complaints. No female who has reason to suppose she is approaching that critical period, "the turn of life," should neglect to take it, as it is a certain preventive for any of the numerous and horrible diseases to which females are subject at this time of life. This period may be delayed several years by using this medicine. Nor is it less valuable for those approaching womanhood, as it is calculated to assist nature, by quickening the blood and invigorating the system. Indeed, this medicine is invaluable for all the diseases to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies—by removing the impurities of the body—not so far stimulating the system as to produce a subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medicines taken for female weakness and disease.

SCORFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

THREE CHILDREN.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scorfula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

Yours, respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster-st.

New York, March 1, 1847.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaprilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

H. P. PULLING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
Albany, April 1, '46. P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt G. W. McLean, one of the United States Marine Corps and member of the New Jersey Legislature, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story:

Rahway, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the Influenza, and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attribute it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

PILES, PILES, PILES.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is no less successful in curing this distressing complaint, than for diseases of the Blood, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and Nervous Debility. Read the following:—

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—The effects of your Sarsaparilla are truly wonderful. For the last six or eight years past, I have been subject to severe attacks of the piles, during which I have suffered all the tortures of that complaint, and had despaired of ever finding relief except in death. I have the pleasure to inform you "there is yet a balm in Gilead." I have used two bottles of your Sarsaparilla, and feel no remains of my old complaint. I send you this for publication, and any person you may refer to me, I would be happy to inform of the benefit I have received at your hands.

Yours, truly,
July 6, 1846. JOHN HALL, 49 Fulton st.

Thomas Smith, Printer, 162 Nassau st., 3d story, cured of a long standing and aggravated case of the Piles.

For sale at the Drug Store of H. B. REED, Fort Wayne.

PRINTS from 03 sixpence to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

BONNET Velvet and Satins, various shades and qualities, for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest and best assortment ever seen here. Caps from 2s. to $3 00 E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS Artificials, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, and every thing new or tasty in the Fancy line—a large and splendid assortment. The Ladies are invited to call and examine, at E. D. BATLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Granite, and China Ware at retail by
Oct 15, 1847 HILL, WILSON & Co.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor becomes the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847 23.

G R O C E R I E S.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received, S. & W. S. EDSALL.

DRY GOODS.

New Store, New Goods, New Prices.

THE attention of the public is called to a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS now opening at No. 2 Hanna's block.—As they were bought at the present low prices, they will be sold quite as low, if not lower than any in the market. Call and examine.

CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, April 26, 1848.

A Splendid lot of GINGHAMS and PRINTED LAWNS can be found at WALKER'S No. 2 Hanna's block.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Hoagland's, by
Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pc's ALPACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard *Cashmeres DeLanes, Ginghams*, Black and Col'd SILKS &c, at HILL, WILSON & Co's

Boots and Shoes.

A VERY large Assortment, including Men & Boy's coarse Boots & shoes; Ladies slippers of all kinds; Gum over shoes of al kinds; Childrens shoes—lots and stacks. The above articles we have just received, and are selling very low at the new store of
TURK & McMAXEN.

Stoves. Stoves. Stoves!

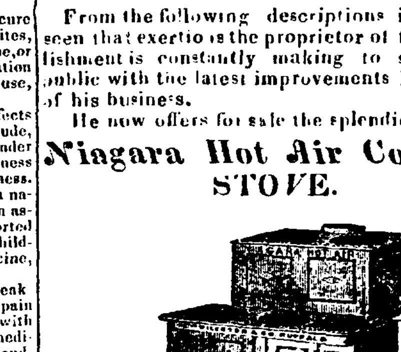
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertion is the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

HathawayHot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbacker Hot Ai,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will *run* quite as fast out West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;

The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold whole sale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate. Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and *Block Tin* kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Fort Wayne Female College.

THE second Academical Term of the Fort Wayne Female College will commence on the second Monday in January, and continue sixteen weeks.

Connected with this Institution, there are three Departments: Primary, Preparatory, and Collegiate. Each student, before entering the Collegiate Department, will be required to pass a thorough and satisfactory examination in all of the studies pursued in the Preparatory Department.

Tuition, per quarter of eleven weeks, in the different Departments, as follows:—

In the Primary Department, including Reading, Orthography, first lessons in writing, Arithmetic and Geography		$2 00
In the Preparatory Department, including the studies of the Primary continued, together with English Grammar, History, Town's Analysis, Exercise in Composition, first lessons in Algebra, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy		3 00
In the Collegiate Department		5 00
MUSIC on the Piano Forte	extra,	7 00
Drawing and Printing,	"	5 00
Wax Flowers, Plain and Ornamental Needlework	"	3 00

No deduction will be made for absence, except in case of Sickness.

The Tuition bills will, in all cases, be payable in advance.

SAMUEL BRENTON, Secretary
Fort Wayne, Dec. 20. 1847.

N. B. A complete course of study for the Collegiate Department will be made out during the coming Term.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. Tharp, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $30,00 per dozen. Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as
Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Childrens' do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices *Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip Calf, Lining and Binding Skins*; also, a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.
Jan. 15, 1847. 28y.

SENTINEL JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

THE undersigned informs the public that he has made large additions to his stock of Printing Materials, having recently received from New York a variety of beautiful new

FANCY JOB TYPE AND ORNAMENTS

of the latest styles, and is now enabled to execute every description of JOB PRINTING, such as

Pamphlets, Bills, Cards, Blanks, &c.

in a superior style. All orders promptly executed, on reasonable Terms. THO'S. TIGAR.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

D. COOPER AYRES, M. D., *Physician and Surgeon*, will devote his entire attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in all their various branches in the city of Fort Wayne and surrounding country. He may be consulted at all hours when not professionally engaged at his Office at No. 5, Calhoun Street.
Fort Wayne, May 13, 1848. y45

J. M. KITCHEN, M. D., *Physician and Operating Surgeon.* Will attend punctually to all calls in the line of his profession, in Fort Wayne and vicinity.

He will operate for club-foot, hare-lip, cataract, cross-eyes, and all other deformities, where there may be a prospect of success.

Office with Dr. Thompson, next door to the office of Dr. Sturgis, on Columbia street.
July 15, 1847. ly2.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Columbia street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office in the second story of Evans' new Brick Store-house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—First door to the left, in 2d story of Smith's brick Store. Entrance on Calhoun Street. y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection. Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

D. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE.
COLERICK & WALPOLE, *Attorneys at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court, and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis. OFFICE—On Berry street.
April 6, 1841.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection. Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in North ern Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIE,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish. &c.*

Also, the best ... Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.
CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

HUGH B. REED

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GENUINE

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Corner of Calhoun and Columbia Str'ts,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

All articles put up at his establishment are warranted to be as represented.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.

D. NICHOLS. [1847.] P. HOAGLAND

NICHOLS & HOAGLAND,

(Successors to Nichols & Co.

Forwarding, Produce, and Commission Merchants,

At the old stand of Nichols & Co.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Particular attention given to consignments of Wheat, Flour, and other Produce for sale in this or eastern markets, and liberal advances made, if required.

—REFER TO—
Peckham, Brown & Co.; E. Haskell & Co.; Smith, Bronson, & Co. M. L. Collins & Co. *Toledo, O.* John Hollister, Esq.; Kimberley, Pease, & Co. M. S. Hawley, ... *Buffalo.* Ayers & Tunis; Kent, Poag, & Co. *New York.* ... ringer & Whiteman; S K. Hewlett; *Charles* McKennell & Co. .... *Cincinnati* ... awes, Gray, & Co. .... *Boston*
Fort Wayne, Jan 1, 1847. y26

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of Worthington & Hough, corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON.
August, 9th, 1845 Agent.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may Insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RNDALL.
May 5, 1847. 44tf

Consumption is cured!!

DOCTOR ROGERS'
COMPOUND

Syrup of Liverwort and Tar.

A safe and certain cure for Consumption of the Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Pain in the side, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all Pulmonary Affections.

To those who have diseased Lungs—We call our candid and sincere attention to the GREAT MERIT of the above preparation, and not put it down with other medicines, without enquiring whether there is not entire satisfactory proof of its value, that too from men of the highest standing, and who are living witnesses and can be seen. As the Physician and Medical Faculty, even their PROFESSORS have had the BAR of prejudice broken by the ASTONISHING CURES made by this GREAT REMEDY, and come out at last and give us their certificates, that there is NO MISTAKE BUT WHAT IT MAKES CURES when every thing else has failed, and that it is THE GREAT REMEDY for DISEASED LUNGS. We will give below a few remarks of the properties and extracts from the certificates, which are Extracts from the pamphlet, which can be seen in full, and the exact place where they reside, by calling on the agent where this medicine is for sale. They are from men of such high standing, that the GREATEST SKEPTIC will at once be convinced of its value.

Both Tar and Liverwort are used by the Indians, who are seldom known to die with CONSUMPTION. The celebrated Dr Crichton of Petersburgh, Dr. Buchan of England, says there is no remedy equal to that of Tar in curing CONSUMPTION. Read a few out of the number of cures this medicine has made in *Cincinnati* alone. Dr. WILLIAM J. RICHARDS of Cincinnati, says in the case of Mr. Charles Wade, on Sixth street market space, that Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort and Tar CURED HIM, after all other remedies had failed. Mr. D Ludlow, Race street, two doors above Fifth, says not his Doctor, but his CONSULTING PHYSICIAN had given up all hopes of his recovery, yet he was entirely cured by the use of the above MEDICINE. Mrs. Ann Childs, Sixth street, two doors west of Smith, says that she had the Consumption, and was reduced to a mere skeleton, and her cough was so distressing though under the care of a Professor in Cincinnati College, who failed to give any relief, yet this Medicine gave immediate relief, and restored her to perfect health. Mr. Gabriel Whitehead, Catharine street, half square below Linn, certifies that he was given up by ALL HIS FRIENDS AND PHYSICIANS, and had raised even QUARTS OF MATTER AND BLOOD FROM HIS LUNGS, and this Medicine cured him entirely in a very short time. Mr. H. Plummer, (Hatter,) Main street, between Eigth and Ninth Streets, states that his WIFE was attended by two of the best Doctors, for CONSUMPTION, for two years, and then declined attending any longer, as no more could be done. She then used two bottles of this MEDICINE, which RESTORED her to HEALTH. Mr. J. Finch says he had a dreadful Cough and constantly Spitting Blood, with great Pain, though under the care of a Doctor, yet he continually got worse; but the above Medicine operated like a charm in curing him. Judge WILLIAM BURKE, late POST MASTER of Cincinnati for twenty years, says that Mr. Finch's statements are entitled to full confidence, and that he fully corroborates what he has said, by his own experience in using it. The WIFE of the Rev. G. W. MALEY of Cincinnati, says that she had been troubled with Diseased Lungs, for many years, but found the happiest effect by using the above SYRUP, and recommended it her friends. The Rev. E W. SEHON. Rev. GEORGE WALKER, J. P. GARNISS, Esq., Col. JOHN RIDDLE, Esq., James Foster, Esq., Griffin Yeatman, Esq., E. HARRISON, Esq., D. CHURCHILL, Esq., the Township Clerk of Cincinnati, will testify to the INESTIMABLE VALUE of this Medicine for Diseased Lungs. Mrs. Rowe of Stanton Ohio, says that she was so far gone with CONSUMPTION, that her Doctor said she could not LIVE BUT ONE DAY LONGER, and that this VALUABLE SYRUP CURED HER ENTIRELY.—Dr. WILSON of Galiopolis, states that his patient, the Rev. H. WISEMAN'S WIFE, was worn out with the Pulmonary Consumption for many years, and his remedies failed to cure, yet DR. ROGERS' LIVERWOKT AND TAR had the happiest effect.

STATEMENT OF DR. HIRAM COX,

Late PROFESSOR in the Cincinnati ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, and a Physician well known, who has an extensive practice, in relation to the cure of Miss Belt, after having been given up to DIE with the last stage of CONSUMPTION, by a number of able PHYSICIANS.

MR. A. L. SCOVILL:—Sir—However reluctant I have been to permit my name to appear, attached to a certificate recommending Patent Medicines, Nostrums or Catholicums, I nevertheless think it my duty, not only to my patrons, but to the community, and, all afflicted with diseases requiring Cough Medicine, to state, that in three particular cases of incipient CONSUMPTION, viz: Miss Belt, step daughter of Mr. John Carr of this city, a Miss Barger, sister-in-law of Mr. V. Wundar, Butcher, and Mr. R. K. Cox, one of our City Council, that DR. ROGERS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT AND TAR operated more LIKE A SPECEFIC, than my remedy of a similar character in its operation that I have ever used in my practice. One of the cases above, viz: Miss Belt, appeared to be laboring under the LAST STAGE OF SCROFULOUS CONSUMPTION, as pronounced by several PHYSICIANS who were in attendance previous to my being called to treat the case. She is at this present time in the enjoyment of as apparently good health, and from appearance, as likely to die with any other disease, as any other young lady of this city. As it respects the health of the other cases, all the threatening permonitory symptoms seem to have subsided from the use of a few bottles of the Syrup above.

Very Respectfully, &c.
HIRAM COX, M. D.

Cincinnati, Jan. 25th, 1847.

For sale by A. L. SCOVILL, corner of Fifth and Race streets, Cincinnati. Also by H. B. REED, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne. 6m36.

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

WANTED, 5,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 000 lbs Flax Seed, and any a..d of merchantable Produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH, HILL, WILSON & Co

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

B. W. OAKLEY

TAKES this opportunity to inform his friends and the customers of the late firm, that he continues in the

Stove, Tin, Copper, and Iron Business

in all its various branches. He has a fine assortment of

STOVES,

consisting in part of

Imperial Air Tight / *Troy do do* / *Washington do* / *Washington Imperial do*	COOKING STOVES.

and AIR TIGHT PARLOR, the well known PREMIUM Troy and Buffalo *Dining Room* and *Box Stoves.*

His stock of *Bar, Band, Round, Square,* and *Hoop* IRON is complete, with all the usual sizes from 4 inch to 3-16 of an inch. A good lot of NAILS, from 3d to 12d. A fine lot of HALLOW WARE, Sugar Kettles, &c, he has a few Patent CORN SHELLERS left. Those that wish to get one must call soon. He would inform the country merchants that he is now prepared to fill all orders for ware at WHOLESALE on the very best terms.

Old Pewter, Brittania, Copper and Brass; Rags, Feathers, Beeswax and Ginseng, taken in exchange for ware.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 11, 1847. 23

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

Paints, Oils. etc.

350 Kegs White Lead, Pure No. 1. 1000 lbs. White Dry Lead, Pure, 800 lbs. English Venetian Red. 600 lbs. Best Red Lead. 2 bls. Copal Varnish (Warranted.) 12 bls. Linseed Oil No. 1.

Spts. Turpentine.	Gold Leaf.
Gum Copal.	Bronze of all Colors.
Litharge.	Vermillion, Chinese, English and American.
Paris Green.	Rose Pink.
Chrome Green.	Camels Hair, Sable and Badger Pencils.
do. Yellow.	Artist's Brushes.
Chinese and Pruss. Blue.	Naples Yellow.
Japan Dryer.	Roman Ochre.
Coach Varnish.	Indian Red.
Whiting and Putty.	Antwerp Blue.
Paint Brushes, all sizes.	Criments White.
Varnish "	VanDyke Brown.
Sand Paper,	King's Yellow.
Smalts, Blue, Red, Green & Brown.	Nut Oil.
Lamp Black.	Slabs and Mullers.
Glazier's Diamonds.	Ultra Marine.
Yellow Ochre.	

With all other articles in this line for sale at the very lowest prices.

H. B. REED,
Corner Calhoun & Columbia sts.
April 1, 1848.

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.
April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by
April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of note and Fancy paper for sale by
C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by
C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by
May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna and Luna CIGARS
J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

FINE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon. J. A. COLERICK

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article by the barrel or retail.
March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.
March 15, 1848. J A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hanna, Vandes & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap
H. B. REED

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale
H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by
H. B. REED.

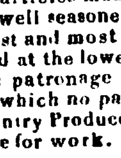
FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon.
H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

New Cabinet Shop,

Main Street, one door east of the Fort Wayne Pottery.



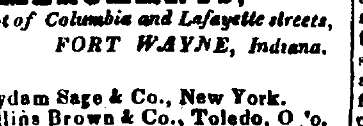
THE Subscribers inform the public that they are carrying on the Cabinet Business as above, and keep on hand, or will make to order every variety of

BUREAUS, CABINET CHAIRS, FRENCH, SOFA, and COMMON BEDSTEADS, TABLES, STANDS, &c &c.

All articles made by them are warranted to be of well seasoned stuff, and put together in the best and most substantial manner, and will be sold at the lowest possible rates. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, to merit which no pains will be spared.

Country Produce, Lumber, &c., taken in exchange for work.

G. ORFF,
F. SCHERER.
July 2, 1847. 1y52

1847.  1847.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets, FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands, at a very small advance of the manufactures prices
H. B. REED.

HATS! HATS!—A few fashionable ... Hats will be sold as low as the ... can be bought in New York at retail; call at A. B. Miller, Niagara Store, and see for yourselves

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT Co.

A. Donaldson. J. S. Brown. F. R. Thompson

A. DONALDSON & CO.

GROCERS.

Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRASS SEEDS.

Corner of Main and Ninth Streets.
CINCINNATI.

Their warehouse is conveniently situated near the canal, and all business with which they may be favored from merchants and others on the line of the Wabash and Erie Canal will be promptly and faithfully attended to, on reasonable terms. y14

MANSION HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

Second door from the Miami Canal.

CINCINNATI, O.

The regular Line of Packets leave the door, every hour, for the Lake and Lafayette, Ia., at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.

BICKNELL & AULL,
E. M. BICKNELL, } Proprietors.
N. L. AULL. } y—14.

THE undersigned have formed a Co partnership for the transaction of the Mercantile business in the City of Fort Wayne, under the Name, Firm, and Style of T. K. Brackenridge & Co.

T. K. BRACKENRIDGE,
J. D. STAPLEFORD.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 12, 1847.

New Store!! Cheap Goods!!!

T. K. BRACKENRIDGE & CO

INFORM the public that they have commenced business on Calhoun street, one door north of Garnsey's Bakery, where they may at all times be found, and will sell goods CHEAP. Their stock consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c.

Cotton Yarn, Batting & Wick, Patent Pails, &c.

Those wishing to purchase would do well to give us a call. They will find CALICOES *from a fip upward!* Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown, &c. &c.

Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Teas; Double Refined Loaf, Lump, and N. O. Sugars; a superior article of Coffee and Chocolate; Tobacco, fine cut, pressed, superior Cavendish and common.

The lovers of Waffles would do well to call in and purchase one of Greenwood's Patent Rotaries.

All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods. We are daily expecting our Eastern Stock in addition to the above.
Oct 13, 1847. y15.

Fever and Ague and Chill Fever, conquered by

MYER'S VEGETABLE

Omnipurient Compound.

A new and certain article for Billious diseases. Try it, it will cure you.

THE proprietor of this medicine, in offering it to the public, deems it important to say, that it is a composition in its active and effective principles essentially and virtually different from any thing ever before produced, It having as its basis and fundamental principle, a Vegetable extract heretofore unknown to have an existence, and to the virtues and powers of this new ingredient, is its great and unparalleled success in the cure of diseases attributable. He would say that during a protracted period of ill health, some twenty years ago, his attention was turned to the study of the Vegetable Kingdom in search for remedies, which aided by very many practical experiments convinced him beyond a doubt, that one important link was wanting in the Great Vegetable Creation to form a perfect curative system, and feeling the assurance such link must exist undiscovered, has stimulated him in his great and laborious researches, which he is happy to say, have been crowned with entire success, and the new principle developed perfecting the system entire and complete in all its parts. Twenty years research in, and study of, the vegetable kingdom as to its adaptation to the cure of our diseases, has resulted in the production of this compound, combining the virtues of the whole vegetable system complete, its basis being the heretofore unknown ingredient. Here lies the great secret in the combination and success of this medicine, and for this reason it stands unparalleled in its healing and restoring virtues. Unapproached and unapproachable in its efficacy by any of the various remedies of the day. For this reason it possesses a power no other medicind has, that is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body, it purifies the system, and at the same time strengthens the person, a desideratum long sought for in vain by the Faculty and hundreds of others. This peculiar medicine is entirely a vegetable mixture, it being a compound of twenty-seven different articles from the vegetable kingdom, and from its singular properties acquired by the introduction of the new ingredient, it operates directly and kindly on the blood, which it renders pure and thus strikes at the very root of every disease; the principle being now too well established to be easily subverted or overthrown, that our diseases, spring from an impure state of the blood, and when that is pure, no disease can exist. The Blood is emphatically the Life, and on its purity depends health and even existence itself. Hence the proprietor with confidence presents to the world this "All Purifying Compound," as an effectual and permanent remedy and eradicative of Fever and Ague, Bilious Diseases, Liver and Lung Complaints, Diorrhea, and diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, or breathing an infected atmosphere. It must be borne in mind that the atmosphere we breathe comes in contact with the Blood at the Lungs, and hence any impurity or unhealthy matter it contains are distributed through the whole system by the blood, and that you cannot cradicate disease from the system without driving it from the blood. The virtues of this medicine have been well tested in some of the most important cases on record. It has worked wonders, and astonished every community where it has been introduced by the cures it has wrought Already it has cured in many instances where every other means have failed, showing conclusively the new ingredient to be essentially vital, and to every unprejudiced mind the reason all other remedies have heretofore failed, and must do so. The proprietor solicits a fair trial of this compound, feeling well assured that it will not only sustain the reputation it has already acquired, but must eventually triumph universally, and take the place of every other medicine and vanquish the host of remedies (so called) with which the land is flooded. Certificates of permanent cures of Fever and Ague, Bilious diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver and Lung complaints, Consumption, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Cholera Morbus, &c. &c., can be seen by calling on the agent and getting a pamphlet, such as must convince the most incredulous that this medicine alone is the only one needed or safe to rely on, and a trial of it is only necessary to satisfy any one that it will do as it professes, viz: Purify the blood, reinvigorate the system and cure the diseases to which our race are accident, even after every other means have failed. It is particularly recommended for the cure of the following diseases: Fever and Ague or Chill Fever, Lung disease, Intermittent, Remittent and other Fevers, Diseases of the Liver, Kidney or Bladder, Consumption, Bilious Fever and Billious diseases of all kinds.

Prepared by Doct. H. B. MYER, Buffalo.

All orders for the same, either agency or otherwise, must be addressed (post paid) to
MYER & CO.
General Depot, 205 Main st., Buffalo, N. Y.
Agent in Fort Wayne, A. B. MILLER.
" Ligonier, A. B. MILLER.
Sept. 25th, 1847. 1y12

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

WESTERN NEW YORK

COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

207 *Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.*

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S

Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures is is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become *the only medicine for family use*, and particularly recommended for

DROPSY:

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints *it stands alone*; no other article can relieve you; and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical;—*see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Billious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever the complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT,

no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture, it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article: it is far before any other preparation for this disease. or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back. weakness of the Kidneys, &c., or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the *effect of mercury*, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system. ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

and drive such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents *give them away*; they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article *that it never fails to benefit in any case*, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON,

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.,

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: *They are good for nothing*, and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT.

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases til this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles.—*Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass the *written* signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted: post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass, and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.

Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. F. Wicker; Goshen W. Dodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.
May 15, 1848. 51y

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via. Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block. C. R. WALKER.

CASSIMERES—A large assortment of plain and fancy Cassimeres for sale very cheap Call at No. 2 Hanna's block
C. R. WALKER.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c. that may be entrusted to us, either for shipment or sale on commission.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.
Oct. 9, 1847.

Cash for 20,000 Bushels OF WHEAT,

At the Empire Mills.

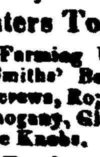
WE are prepared to pay CASH and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not much given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so, and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Poor."

SAMUEL EDSALL,
Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845 10tf

THE NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF  THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vises, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops, Tires, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, Cut and Mill Saws, ... Weights and Measures for Country Stores ... to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (in no case for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest prices for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while the roads are good. P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ia., Sept. 19, 1846. 11-y.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 6. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, August 12, 1848. Whole No. 50.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

1000 ozs Quinine	125 " Turkey Opium
300 " Salacin	150 " Yellow Barks
500 " Pipirine	300 " ditto Powd.
200 " Ext. Bark	200 " Blue Mass London
100 lbs Red Barks	
200 " ditto Powd.	500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.
300 " Calomel Engl.	
500 " Aloes Soc.	200 " Sarsa. Hond.
350 " Rhubarb Powd.	100 " Ipicac Powd.
150 " Jalap Powd.	20 ozs Benzoic Acid
100 " Quicksilver	50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.
20 lbs Iodin	
10 " Iodide Pottassa	

Just received and for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.

J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichols' warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

*** *Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds o Jobbing done.*

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848, y31.

Franklin Type Foundry.

59 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.

THE subscribers have taken the Type Foundry lately occupied by Robert Taylor, in the city of New York, where they are prepared to supply orders for news and fancy Type, Presses, Brass Rule, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a printing office. The type which are cast in new moulds from an entire new set of matrices, with deep counters are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold on accommodating terms. All the Type manufactured by us is HAND CAST. The attention of Stereotypers is particularly called to this type, which is peculiarly adapted to their purpose—Composit on Rollers cast for printers. Mr. John A. T. Overend is still engaged in superintending the manufacturing department. Proprietors of newspapers who will buy five times as much type as their bills amount, may give the above three months insertion in their papers, and send a copy containing it to the subscribers.

WHITING & TAYLOR,
(Successors of Robert Taylor)
No. 59 Gold st., corner of Ann.
CHARLES WHITING,
THEODORE TAYLOR, 3

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and pit or other machinery. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and all other privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to be a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Stradilla, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by
Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.
E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at
E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES for by
S, & W S. EDSALL.

IRON of all sorts and sizes for sale by
S. & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

COTTON YARN.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by
Oct. 23. BARNETT & NELSON.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work.
MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low
Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by S. & W. L. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—26 bls. of White Fish, prime article just rec'd and for sale by
HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warranted.

Canal Certificate Lost.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the proper officer having charge of the Wabash & Erie Canal Lands east of Tippecanoe for a new certificate for the West half of the north west quarter, Section 11, Township 30, North of range 13 east, granted to me in April, 1847. Said certificate, No. 4568, having been lost or destroyed.

HENRY DROVE.
Fort Wayne, March 3. 1848. pd3m35.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

SPRING ARRIVAL
At the Farmers' Depot.

CHITTENDEN & ORFF are now receiving from New York a full and general assortment of

New Spring & Summer Goods, Fancy Articles, &c.

all of the latest styles, and best qualities, which they will sell at such prices as to maintain the wide-spread reputation of the Farmer's Depot as "The Cheap Store" The stock includes Barages, Lawns, Gingham Lawns, Ginghams; a splendid lot of Calicoes; Summer Shawls every variety—some of them very rich; Ribbons, Fans, Artificials. Trimmings of all kinds, and every thing else that a lady can wish, either for ornament or use.

For the Gentlemen, we have a grand assortment of Cassimeres, Broad Cloths, Sattinetts. Jeans, Summer Goods, splendid Satin and Summer Vestings, Ready Made Clothing, &c.

MUSLIN cheaper than ever; a good article of yard wide for *Sixpence a yard!!* first rate do. for eight cents!!! Every thing else proportionably low.

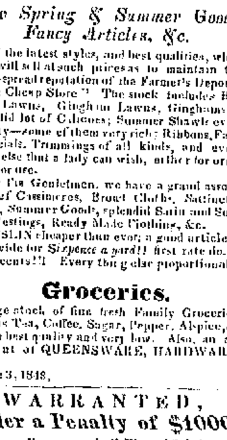
Groceries.

A large stock of fine fresh Family Groceries, such as Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Pepper, Alspice, &c of the best quality and very low. Also, an assortment of QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

June 3, 1848,

WARRANTED,
Under a Penalty of $1000,
Free from Mercury and all Mineral Substances.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY



GENUINE INDIAN MEDICINE.

In the City of Mexico!—Great Success among the Volunteers!—Letter from a High Sheriff of South Carolina!—Testimony of the Public Press!—Wright's Pills Triumphant!!

Extract of a letter from the editor of the Greenville Mountaineer, S. C.

DR. W. WRIGHT—*Dear Sir:* * * * A week or two ago I sent you a *Mountaineer*, containing a letter from one of our Volunteers in the City of Mexico, in which he pays WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, under all the circumstances, the highest meed of praise I have ever known a medicine to receive. The Volunteer, William W. Goodlett, Esq., is a gentleman of fine standing—an accomplished and well educated man, and was recently

HIGH SHERIFF

of this District. By one of your advertisements in a Charleston paper, I happened to notice the location of your office, and thought you might extract an article of some value to regard to your medicine, therefore I sent the paper.

The following is an extract from the letter referred to above:

"My health is very fast improving. I procured, a few days ago some of DR. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, and they have acted on my system

LIKE MAGIC!!"

Thus it appears that the brave and patriotic Volunteers who have gone to Mexico, to defend the rights and honor of their country, already begin to realize the extraordinary value of this incomparable medicine. Long life to them!

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:

Printers and editors are notoriously shy of "quack" medicines, as they call them, though they will advertise them when they get pair for it. They would be the last individuals in the world to use them, unless they were well satisfied that the medicine was "safe to take." Under these circumstances, it is an uncommon compliment which they pay when they express themselves as follows:

[*From the Delaware Express, Delhi, N. Y.*]

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.—Although not particularly friendly to patent medicines, we must confess that we have become a convert to these pills, having had an opportunity on some two or three occasions to test their efficacy For a gentle medicine, one or two will be found mild though effective. Where bile or other impurities have accumulated, and more thorough medicine is required, a dose of three or four of these pills taken on going to bed, will be found effectual in cleansing the stomach and restoring the bowels to a healthy state We speak from experience; and take pleasure commending the pills to the public.

[*From the Boston Daily Times.*]

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.—Of all the public advertised medicines of the day, we know of none that we can more safely recommend for the "ills that flesh is heir to," than the Pills that are sold at the depot of the North American College of Health, No. 198 Tremont Street, Boston. Several instances we know of where they are used in families with the highest satisfaction; and no longer ago than yesterday, we heard an eminent physician of this city recommend them in high terms.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the "Iberivillian" Plaquemine, La.

Dr. Wright—Dear Sir: * * * There is a great call for your useful medicine in this part of the country. Two years ago I took a few dozen from Mr. Bressena, your Agent in New Orleans, for my own use. But, as soon as it was known in the neighborhood, I was importuned for them till there were none left; and one person, to whom I gave up one half dozen boxes for $1 25, I found selling them out again, as a special favor, at SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a box !

*** EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the Wayne County Record, Ind.

Dr. Wm. Wright: * * * Your Pills sell very well here. I have used them in my own family, and they have given very general satisfaction.

*** EXTRACT OF A LETTER from the Editor of the Pittsburgh Chronicle, Pa.

Dr. Wm. Wright—Dear Sir: * * * I have myself used your Pills, and am satisfied of their beneficial effects in various diseases.

HORRIBLE MISTAKES!!

Are sometimes made by confounding one medicine with another, and administering the wrong article. Equally horrible are those mistakes which are made in supposing that all Pills are alike, and that therefore, it is indifferent which are taken and if one kind is bad all are bad together. This is a very great mistake. There is as much difference between WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS and other articles, as between midnight and noonday! We do not wish any to take our word merely for this statement. Let any one, having taken other medicines, try this. Nothing more will be necessary.

Many persons have been led away by a COATING OF SUGAR, as if they anticipated that it would remove the nausea of the medicine But they are generally mistaken. Without the sugar those articles have nothing to recommend them, and would not be sold a single day. But, with the sugar, and by giving the article a name *similar* to WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, they gain a temporary notoriety. If-fect they are, in sheep's clothing, of whom the public should steer sufficiently clear.

Let it be remembered that WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS are prepared with special reference to the laws governing the human body. Consequently, they are always good, always useful, always effective in rooting out disease. Every family should keep them at hand.

A WORD TO EMIGRANTS.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!—You have come into a new country and a new climate. The extremes of heat and cold will try your constitutions considerably. Three great enemies you will have to avoid: The northern consumption, the southern fever, and the western malaria. There three are the prevailing diseases of this country. Now how will you avoid them? We will tell you: Be careful and cleanly in your habits; choose high grounds for your dwellings; avoid excess in eating and drinking; labor regularly; and keep Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills constantly by you. When you feel particularly out of sorts, a dose of this medicine will hardly fail to give relief. And when you get down sick, no other will be necessary. Use the Pills according to directions and success is certain.

Agents in Allen County.—Tuck, Robinson, & Co, Fort Wayne. A. D. Miller, New Haven. J. B. Hanna, Hunter town.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!

Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outer appearance, the original article. The safest course is to purchase from the agents only one or more of whom will be found in every town or county in the State.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st., Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich st., New York, and 198 Tremont st., Boston. 1y47

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.

One of the greatest humbugs of the day, is the barefaced attempts of northern whigs to prove that Gen. Taylor is in favor of the Wilmot Proviso. He,—a southern man, a large slaveholder,—the candidate of the south—forced on the whig convention by Southern delegates because of these facts—a friend of the Wilmot Proviso!! Can even whig duplicity go further? And how do they seek to prove that Gen. Taylor is in favor of the proviso? Simply, by garbling and misconstruing his Signal letter, as it is called.

The editor of the Signal wrote a long editorial on Gen. Taylor and the Presidency, in which he insisted upon various "views," and gave utterance to many "sentiments," in regard to politics and candidates. Among these were, the expediency of extinguishing old party lines, of having a No-Party candidate, and constituting a Cabinet of members of both parties; the policy of regarding the question of a National Bank as obsolete, and giving the sub-Treasury a fair trial; the necessity of laying aside the subject of Land Distribution, and postponing old political issues; and the propriety of extending the Ordinance of 1787 over our Pacific empire. The political jugglers of the North garble this editorial, by publishing *only* that portion in which reference is made to the Ordinance of 1787, and then garble the reply of Gen. Taylor, by extracting from it only the following paragraph, applying it directly to the said garbled portion of the editorial:

"I trust you will pardon me for thus briefly replying to you, which I do with a high opinion and, *decided approval of the sentiments and views embraced in your editorial.*"

If they would publish the *whole* of the Signal editorial, their readers would see that this *garbled* extract from the reply, applies, with just as much force, to the sentiments and views of the editor against a United States Bank, in favor of a Sub-Treasury, against Land Distribution, in favor of a postponement of the old political issues, of extinguishing old party lines, and of forming a Cabinet from all parties. This would not suit the leaders, and so they lie *by omission*, leaving out the whole of this part of the editorial.

Further, were they to publish the *whole* of Gen. Taylor's reply, their readers would see, by the following declaration in it, that he absolutely refused to give any expression of his opinions upon the views and sentiments of the article on political topics:

"At this time," he says, "my public duties command so fully my attention, that it is impossible to answer your letter in the terms demanded by its courtesy, and the importance of the sentiments to which it alludes; neither, indeed, had I the time, *should I feel myself at liberty to enter into the few and most general subjects of public policy suggested by the article in question.*"

It is now seen, that the inference in relation to Gen. Taylor's views on this question, is tortured from garbled quotations from the Signal editorial and his reply, placed in a false juxtaposition. Whatever show of strength it has, depends solely upon a *suppression of the truth.*

To show more fully the duplicity of the whigs in this matter, it is only necessary to add, that a Mr. Doolittle, a barnburner in New York, wrote to Gen. Taylor, asking him, if the public were to infer from his Signal letter that he would not veto a bill for the exclusion of slavery in any new territory. To this Gen. Taylor replies: YOU ARE NOT.—I DID NOT MEAN IN ANSWER TO THE SIGNAL LETTER, TO BE CONSIDERED AS APPROVING OR DISAPPROVING OF THE OPINIONS CONTAINED IN THAT COMMUNICATION IN REGARD TO THE QUESTION OF SLAVERY IN NEW TERRITORY,' adding that 'ALL HE DID INTEND TO APPROVE WAS, THE FRANKNESS WITH WHICH THE EDITOR HAD EXPRESSED HIS *own sentiments.*'

In the General's explanation of this letter, then, he expressly and unequivocally denies that any one is authorised to infer that he is in favor of the Proviso, or even that he would not veto a bill prohibiting the introduction of slavery into new territories. And yet whigs at the north are representing him as a friend of the Wilmot Proviso!!

Let us see what his friends at the South think, first of his position, then of the position of the Whig party:

From the Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer.

LOOK OUT.

A desperate attempt is making, and will be made, to impress on the public mind the belief that Gen. Taylor is not thoroughly with the South on the subject of Slavery. Such an attempt will only prove to what resorts our opponents are driven, in order to injure him in the estimation of his admirers. Why, who is General Taylor? and where does he live?—Everybody knows that he is a citizen of Louisiana—an extensive and successful farmer—and owns more slaves than the most of his slanderers can ever hope honestly to obtain.—Is there any fear of such a man on this subject? Born in a slave State, and still residing in one—with a large portion of his capital invested in this species of property—identified from interest, inclination, and education, with the institutions around us—will any sensible man hesitate on this subject to prefer him over his opponent? * *

From the Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

CONFIDENTIAL LETTERS.—At any rate we have in our possession an original private letter, in manuscript, written by General Taylor seven months and a half ago, in reply to a specific question on this very point, in which he states, that *it was not his intention to intimate his concurrence with, nor opposition to, any of the views of the editor of the Signal;* that the "Signal Letter" was not written for publication; and that, under the impression that it would not go beyond the person addressed, it was written without that critical attention to the terms employed, which politicians appear so much to require. He replied, he says, to the editor only as a matter of courtesy; and, as is always his custom, he signified his respect for opinions honestly entertained, and his approbation of the course of a man who manfully defends what he sincerely believes.

From the Macon (Ga.) Republic.

GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WILMOT PROVISO.—Some of the democratic papers are publishing a letter written by Gen. Taylor in the spring of 1847, to the editor of the Ohio Signal, to make him out a Wilmot Proviso man. The letter was susceptible of a construction that would make Gen. Taylor seem to favor that doctrine. But the charge is easily put to rest, for Gen. Taylor has himself denied that he meant to favor it. We supposed that this denial on his part was generally known. One thing is certain, the editor, to whom the letter was written, and who interpreted it to favor the Proviso, has long since given it up and Gen. Taylor *with it.* He *now opposes him because he knows that his interpretations were erroneous.*

From the Marion (Alabama) Review of July 6.

GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WILMOT PROVISO.—Democratic editors must be possessed with a feeling something akin to desperation, when they think it necessary, in order to sustain the Democratic cause, to accuse Gen. Taylor of unsoundness on the question of slavery.—The charge carries such an absurdity on its very face, as not to deserve a serious refutation. Gen. Taylor, a southern man, the destiny of himself and his children identified with that of the south, his immense wealth consisting in slaves, and land which have to be cultivated by slaves to render it valuable—he an enemy to the south!—he in favor of prostrating Southern rights and interests!! The very quintessence of absurdity They might as well say that Gen. Taylor is a free negro. They would be believed just as soon, and exhibit fully as much reason and truth in making the charge.

From the New Orleans Bee.

THE REASON.

One reason why the South should sustain Taylor for the Presidency with great unanimity, is—*because* his nomination affords a final and unlooked for chance of electing a SOUTHERN MAN to that office. The importance of placing at the head of the Government one who, from *birth*, ASSOCIATION, and CONNECTION, is *identified* with the South, and will fearlessly uphold her rights and guard her from oppression, cannot fail to strike every mind. In *this view*, his election becomes a matter of vital moment to the SLAVEHOLDING PORTION of the Confederacy.

From the Aberdeen (Ala.) Whig.

"ALL WITH US."

There is one important question to be considered in relation to General Zachary Taylor as a candidate for President. He is the *only man south of Mason and Dixon's line who can ever be elected!*

There is no other man upon whom the enthusiasm and boundless admiration of the whole nation are so completely centered, as upon General Zachary Taylor.

An eventful, thrilling, and highly dangerous crisis has been forced upon the country by Locofoco Demagogues, regardless of the sanctity of that Union which is so dear to every patriotic American citizen. The Wilmot Proviso, as it is called, has opened a fearful mine, beneath the foundation of the sacred Constitution. That mine may explode at the hour of midnight, and forever destroy the proud fabric of human virtue. To avert this *threatened evil*, to close the *mighty chasm* that begins to yawn between the free and the slave States, is a duty we owe to ourselves, to our posterity, to the memory of the illustrious dead. How shall this be done?

We must elect a man for President of the United States who lives in our own sunny South; who is willing to peril all for the Constitution, who *loves the South* and HER CHERISHED INSTITUTIONS, and yet will do ample justice to the North. And last, though not least, we must, to insure success, support a candidate for the Presidency of such an overshadowing popularity, of a reputation that towers as the Himalaya mountains, above all others.

Such a man is General Zachary Taylor.—*He lives in the south, and makes 1,200 bales of cotton, on the Banks of the Mississippi.* HIS INTERESTS, HIS FEELINGS, ARE ALL WITH US.

What is the view taken of the action of the so called Whig Convention at Philadelphia? The *Macon* (Ala.) *Republican* comments on the Baltimore and Philadelphia Conventions as follows:

"The time for holding the Baltimore Convention at last rolled round. Some of them had to yield the point—that was evident.—We expected it would be the North, as she generally yields to the South; but this time she stood firm, twice refused to pass an anti-Wilmot Proviso resolution, passed one of which the rankest Abolitionist could approve, and saddled on the South Cass, a candidate to exceptionable, and one who is in favor of one of the forms of excluding slavery from the Territories so pointedly spoken against in the celebrated Alabama platform.

"What has been the course of the Whig party! It is easily told. They met in Convention at Philadelphia, gave us for our candidate a Southern candidate, in whose hands we know the interests of the South will be safe. They also laid on the table, by a large majority, a Wilmot Proviso resolution—thus showing by acts, and not by empty vaunts, how the great, conservative, and patriotic whig party of the country stands on that question."

From the Macon (Ga.) Republican.

WILMOT PROVISO REPUDIATED BY THE WHIG CONVENTION.

What will the Locofocos say now—they who have all along contended, against light and knowledge, and in utter contempt of truth, that Provisoism was chiefly confined to the Whig party! Who are now the friends of the South! Alas for Democracy! The Whigs of the Union have met and decided this momentous question—they have repudiated it like men, like patriots, like Whigs!—They have indignantly refused to give it countenance! They have rejected it by a decided and overwhelming majority!

A resolution was introduced into the Whig National Convention, recognising and adopting the Wilmot Proviso; but it was rejected almost unanimously, without discussion. It was treated as a stranger—as a thing entirely out of place. The only wonder is, how it came there—being, as it is, a bantling of Locofoco paternity. The thing was generated and warmed into life by the Democracy, nurtured and sustained by its natural parent, and of course possessed no affinity to Whiggery—and, consequently, it was hooted out of the Convention.

Not only has the Whig party in Convention recognised the rights of the South, but they have selected a Southern man as their candidate and standard-bearer—a man who was born in the South, and whose interest is and ever has been in the South, but whose patriotism is coextensive with the Union. Of all questions pertaining to civil polity, which have ever arisen or which can ever arise, the slavery question is to the South by far the most important. No one can doubt the soundness of the Whig candidate in regard to this subject.

Finally, we find in the *Macon Republican* of July 6th, an extract from a letter written by a Southern delegate (to the Convention at Philadelphia,) after that body had adjourned.

A resolution was offered by a delegate from Ohio, affirming the principles of the Wilmot Proviso. Mr. Brown, of Pennsylvania, denounced it as fanatical, and indignantly moved to lay it on the table. The cry was raised, to make this a *test* vote. Agreed, was shouted on all sides; and it was laid there, *not ten votes being in its favor!*

"Never did I feel so proud of my Whig brethren of the non slaveholding States, as on this day! They are all we could ask of them; *shoulder to shoulder sustaining us in opposing the schemes of fanatics and factionists.*

"But you may ask if we had no difficulties in the way of the nomination of Gen. Taylor? Yes; and those at one time which seemed threatening. For several months past, a movement has been going on in the non-slaveholding States, with both parties, to force upon their respective Conventions candidates from the free States; in other words, to make the nomination turn upon the sectional question of slavery, *as a concession to the scruples of fanatics.* The Democratic Convention has yielded to such demands; for the sake of *harmony* in the party, a concession has been made which the wisest policy should have forbid—for, when slavery becomes a test of *parties*, it will soon extend to the Government, and then, away with consitutional compromises. You no doubt remember the letter of Senator Benton last year, urging the party to keep slavery out of the canvass, by conceding to the anti-slavery feeling.

"The success which this demand met with from the Democratic party, emboldened the same feeling to make the same demand from our Convention. It was, however, promptly met, and though quietly, yet firmly resisted. Southern Whigs at once declared that they would not submit to such concessions—they intended to stand unfettered by local or sectional issue, they were resolved to retreat from none such. MANY OF OUR FRIENDS FROM THE NON-SLAVEHOLDING STATES URGED THAT THE SOUTHERN FRIENDS OF GENERAL TAYLOR SHOULD NOT YIELD AN INCH—THAT THE MASSES DEMANDED NO SUCH CONCESSION—AND THAT THIS CATERING TO THE WHIMS OF THE FANATICS WAS THE WORK OF A FEW POLITICIANS—AND THE MORE ULTRA OUR POSITION, THE MORE IT WOULD PURIFY AND PURGE THE PARTY OF A SET OF MEN WHO WERE ONLY AN INCUBUS AT ALL TIMES, AND THAT DEFEAT WITHOUT THEM WOULD BE PREFERABLE TO SUCCESS WITH THEM.

"The result is before the world in the nomination of General Taylor; a triumph, not of the South over the North, but of constitutional rights over that spirit of fanaticism which would destroy them. *It is a bold experiment in the free States, but it will succeed;* and our opponents will find in their course a condemnation by the free States themselves. They have raked too low even to gather the Abolitionists themselves.

Mr. Clay's Position.—We find the following in the New York Tribune, of the 17th instant.

Rather for the purpose of impairing information than for the attainment of any other object, a letter from the Hon. Henry Clay, dated Ashland, July 2, 1848, has been shown to us. It is in reply to one addressed to him, by one of his oldest, most valued, and respected friends, asking him what steps he intended to adopt in relation to the nomination of General Zachary Taylor.

Mr. Clay replies, in substance, that he will not, at the present time, indicate any particular purpose, and intimates that he is not aware that his opinions on the subject in question can be of any consequence to the public at large. "At present," he has nothing to say, except that he shall exercise what influence he possesses to maintain the integrity and constancy of the Whig party in his own State, (Kentucky,) and ultimately, if it shall become necessary, present his views on the Presidential election, if an *expose* of the kind shall, in his judgment, seem necessary to the world.

We infer, from the contents of the letter in question, though the substance of it only was read to us, as we looked at it, that Mr. Clay has no especial desire to see General Taylor elected, though he will do nothing to injure his prospects or defeat the end of his ambition. If, however, it shall ultimately seem necessary that the statesman of Ashland should indicate a preference for General Taylor over all other candidates, we infer that he will make some such avowal.—*Sunday Atlas.*

COMPLIMENT TO GENERAL TAYLOR.—The Democratic party design paying Gen. Taylor a high compliment in a few months, and he will always thank them for it. The Pennsylvanian says they are to do it this way. They intend to declare that he fought in a just war, in defence of his country's flag outraged by an insolent foe, and to establish the great doctrine of Indemnity for the past, and Security for the future. And the way they contemplate doing this, is by rebuking the anti war party, who hope to declare exactly to the contrary by electing him President. We will, in handsomely defeating General Taylor, pay him a compliment for which posterity will be grateful.

Dare the whig papers deny that there is a letter on file in the War Department, in which General Taylor uses this language: "SEND ME NO MORE FOREIGN VOLUNTEERS!"

☞ The following precious morceau is taken from one of the most ultra Whig papers in the Union, published at New York. It's very "enthusiastic."

AN AWKWARD QUESTION.—Will the Philadelphia swindlers their aiders and abettors, tell us when they last heard from Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee—and what the prospects are in these several States for a Whig RATIFICATION OF THE NOMINATION OF GENERAL TAYLOR! Come let us have the latest news. If the General is a whig, it is time the whigs acknowledge the nomination. We tell the knaves who have betrayed their trust, that the Whig party will bring them to a terrible account, and the day of settlement is only a little way off. There is not a man of them who will not be driven from our marks.—That same Old Coon.

Col. Collier's Candidate.—The only authentic information we have concerning "Old Whitey" is, that when asked if he would consent to run for Vice President if selected by the Philadelphia Convention, his answer was "Neigh." A sensible old horse that.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

[*Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.*]

WASHINGTON July 24th, 1848.

General Taylor's Dead Letters—Singular Carelessness for so Important a Letter—Concerning President Polk.

The letter from Gov. Morehead to General Taylor, advising him of his nomination by the Whig Convention, was, it is said, received here on Saturday, at the dead letter office, and sent back to the office at Baton Rouge—notice was sent, it is said, to Gen. Taylor, by telegraph, as far as that may go towards his residence, of the fact. Thus, it would seem, that the Post-Office Department, instead of suppressing the letter, as has been intimated, have used greater and better directed efforts towards the delivery to Gen. Taylor of the notice of his nomination than the Whig Convention did. I give all this a well authenticated rumor, though it conflicts with my own opinion, which is, that no letter advising the General of his nomination was ever written; or, if written, that it was not intended to be delivered or replied to. The letters sent back to Gen. Taylor are doubtless some that he had refused to receive or pay postage on, and, being found important, are ordered to be returned to the post-office from which they were sent; notwithstanding the rumor, I must say that I do not believe that the nomination letter is among the letters sent back. But, if the Whig Convention treated Gen. Taylor himself with so little respect, and thought so lightly of their nomination as to communicate it to him through the post, even without the precaution of a duplicate, as alleged, it is certainly a most remarkable thing. But no one of common sense can believe that to be the true explanation of the mystery. Let the secret rest with those whose interest it is to keep it. But if I feared omens, I would believe this to be one inauspicious for the results of the Whig Convention.

Congress, as I trust, will be ready to adjourn by the 7th of August. The House has, at last, after a week's fighting, concluded to set a trap for President Polk, and force him to swallow the internal improvement hook, or else embarrass the government by further delaying or preventing the passage of the general appropriation bill. The Senate will strike out the exceptionable item, for they have passed it in another bill, which the President can with less of public embarrassment resist with his veto.

GERMANY.—The new German Parliament assembled at Frankfort to arrange for the German Confederation, is proceeding in a way to keep up in some degree the hopes I have constantly expressed with regard to the ultimate course of their nation. It seems probable that the federal sovereignty will not be conferred upon a Directory of three persons, as at first proposed, but upon a single President or Lord Lieutenant, and that the Archduke John of Austria will be the party chosen. He will have to execute the orders of the Diet, with a power of veto analogous to that of your President. There will be a popular Assembly & a Senate, to consist of the representatives of the different German Governments, and Germany will henceforth be represented at foreign courts by one federal embassador and not from embassadors from each State. The President also will name responsible Ministers.—*Cin Commercial.*

Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.—Gen. Taylor's friends in the South are *his friends* because they know him to be an anti-proviso man. The *Southern Whig* published at Athens, Ga., talks thus about Gen. Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso:—

The locofoco presses with characteristic recklessness, are now boldly affirming that Gen. Taylor, if elected, will favor the Wilmot Proviso! What is this world coming to? As we heard it remarked the other day by an intelligent whig, the fact that Taylor makes 500 *bags of cotton* is better security to him *south*, than a thousand verbal pledges. But say these exceedingly veracious friends of the South, (albeit some of them have been quoted in northern proviso papers as the 'vanguard of *anti-Slavery at the South.*) he is pledged in the Allison letter not to veto the proviso, should it be passed *that the voice of a majority of the people's representative should be respected.*—Now, who ever heard of such disingenuousness! It is true, (and we glory in it) that on mere questions of *policy*, when constitutional rights are not involved, Gen. Taylor holds that the veto power should not be exercised—*but some of us in the southern States hold that the proviso is unconstitutional;* and what is to hinder Gen. Taylor from vetoing it. Now, let the pensioned pack sneak back to their kennels where they belong, and keep silence, unless they have something else to talk about."

Letter from Mr. Clay.—"Observer," the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, says that Mr. Clay has written a letter which will probably be read at the Buffalo Convention, which will put a new complexion on the prospects of Gen. Taylor, and adds that Mr. Clay may yet end his career as he commenced it—*a good democrat.*

☞ At a recent whig meeting at Madison, after Mr. Marshall had closed his speech, one of the soldiers took the stand and uttered a most violent tirade against Col Gorman, Gen. Butler, President Polk, and the democratic party generally. This fellow, we are informed, while in Mexico, murdered a poor defenceless Indian, and stole his horse, saddle, and bridle, for which he was condemned to and did for some months wear a chain and ball around his leg. He would have been hanged or shot but for the exertions of Col. Gorman, who saved the wretch from a fate which he no doubt richly deserved. This rascal's speech will probably be heralded forth by the whig papers as an evidence that all the volunteers are for "old Zack."—*New Albany Democrat.*

Fourth Regiment of Indiana Volunteers.—We have it upon the authority of a Regimental officer that four out of every five men will vote *against* Gen. Taylor. We have it upon the authority of Company officers that in one company of sixty-seven men, there are but *five* Taylor men: that in another company of fifty-two men there are but *three* Taylor men: that in another company of sixty-three men, there are but *two* Taylor men.

We are personally acquainted with a large number, both officers and privates, in the Fourth regiment, and every statement which we have heard made concerning the politics of the regiment fully corroborates what is above stated. These facts show how much reliance is to be placed in the statements of the Louisville Courier when giving the politics of the volunteers.—*Madison Courier.*

Harmonious Whiggery.—Lewis D. Campbell, of Butler; John G. Vaughn, of Cincinnati; and Columbus Delano, of Knox, heretofore prominent and staunch whigs, are stumping the State against Taylor: so we go. "Alas, poor whiggery," the hours of thy existence are numbered, thou art wounded in the house of thy friends. We say to the Corporal's Guard in Ohio, that sustain the Louisiana slave dealer, "*If you have tears to shed, prepare to shed them now*"—*Sentinel and Democrat.*

SCIENTIFIC EXPEDITION TO LAKE SUPERIOR.—The *Lake Superior News* of the 30th June announces the arrival at the sault, of Prof. Lewis Agassiz, accompanied by the superintendent of the Mineralogical Cabinet of Paris, Dr. Keller, from Germany, Dr. John Leconet, of New York, Entomologist, Dr. Cabot, Editor of the Massachusetts Quarterly Review, Dr. Stott, of New York, and several students from the University of Cambridge, (per coasting boat from Mackinaw,) on a scientific expedition to Lake Superior.—Having perfected their arrangements at that place in procuring canoes and guides, they were to leave on their voyage around the lake, taking the north shore first, anticipating a large collection of animals, birds and fishes, as geological and mineral specimens. From the sault they return by way of Lake Erie and Michigan, visiting Niagara and Trenton Falls. This is perhaps the largest body of scientific men ever out on an exploration of this character, and as they are to visit regions hitherto so little explored, the journal of it will be very interesting. There is a vast field, as yet unexplored, before them, and we doubt not but that their labors will result in much good to the scientific world, as well as in developing the immense mineral resources of the Lake Superior region.

Elephant Fight.—A slip from the office of the Johnstown Republican, states that on Saturday night while Raymond & Waring's menagerie was at Galway, the elephant Columbus broke off some of the grates to the cage of the rhinoceros, setting him loose. A fight took place between them. The rhinoceros was felled to the earth, but soon rose and gave the elephant several upward thrusts with his prodigious horn, wounding him so that he is not expected to live. The rhinoceros escaped to the woods where he was pursued by about 50 persons, but up to last evening had not been captured. A large reward is offered if recaptured alive.

Keep it before the People.—That the whigs are hypocritical in their professed anxiety to insure the checking of slavery, and slave power, by refusing to countenance its extension to territory of the United States. The following resolution was offered in the Whig National Convention at Philadelphia, and was DELIBERATELY KILLED:

"*Resolved,* That while all power is denied to Congress, *under the Constitution* to control, or in any manner interfere with, the institution of slavery within the several States of this Union, it nevertheless has the power, and it is the duty of Congress to prohibit, the existence of slavery in any territory now possessed, or which may hereafter be acquired by the United States."

The above resolution, reader, was repudiated by the convention, that nominated Taylor and Fillmore. Was a party ever more completely sold to the South, than the whig party is!

Lives of Zachary Taylor.—The federalists are getting out a great many different lives of Zachary Taylor in pamphlets. They are not alike. We have seen three different kinds within a short time. What is singular, among them all you cannot find any proof that he is the advocate of any political principle! But they are filled with matter calculated for the meridian in which they are to be circulated.—*Hartford Times.*

$7 30.

Gen. Taylor, the whig candidate for the Presidency, worth half a million of property, and owner of 280 slaves, refuses to receive letters from his friends, because they do not *pay the postage!* His last quarter's postage, covering the period of the two national conventions, in one of which he was nominated to the Presidency, amounted to the enormous sum of $7 30. It would take *seventeen years*, at this rate, for old Zack's postage to amount to one of his slaves.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

FACTS.—It is a fact that the *Native* party is the first party that proposed Gen. Taylor for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party is the only party that declared Gen. Taylor as their first and only choice for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party is the only party that insisted upon his nomination for the Presidency.

It is a fact that the *Native* party, in convention assembled, in the city of Philadelphia, on the 6th of June, and one day before the meeting of the whig convention, nominated General Taylor for the Presidency, and declared by resolutions the principles of the party.

It is a fact that the *whig* convention ratified the Native nomination, and did not adopt any principles for the government of the party.

It is a fact that the only ground on which the whigs rally to the support of Gen. Taylor, is that they believe he will never exercise the veto power.

It is *fair* to presume, then, that if the whigs and natives should ever have a majority in Congress and pass another alien and sedition law, Gen. Taylor would approve of it.

You who have fled from the tyranny and bondage of the old world think seriously of these things and act as your judgment may direct.—*Madison Courier.*

New Definitions.

☞ THE HEIGHT OF MODESTY.—A Whig calling Gen. Cass a *Doughface.*

☞ THE HEIGHT OF IMPUDENCE—A democrat enquiring after that Philadelphia *Platform.*

☞ CRUELTY TO 'HANIMALS'—A Democrat accosting an Ohio Whig with 'Hurrah for Taylor and the Wilmot Proviso.'

☞ TOTAL DEPRAVITY—A Democrat asking if he agrees with the sentiments of the *Philadelphia Resolutions!*—*Sun. Democrat.*

WHIPPING VAGRANTS, &c.—We see, in every Taylor sheet we open, a charge against General Cass, that he signed a bill for whipping vagrants and selling them. The opposition say the democrats made the same charge against General Harrison in 1840. If the same results follow, we have *not a word* to say.—*Cin. Enq.*

The bills alluded to, were copies of the HARRISON CODE for the government of the OHIO TERRITORY. When the territory of Michigan was established, the laws of the territory of Ohio, APPROVED BY GENERAL HARRISON, were extended over it. And now the Harrison whigs, *opposed to the veto power*, are abusing General Cass because he didn't *veto* them.—*Detroit Free Press.*

☞ It was Horace Greeley, of the N.Y. Tribune, a distinguished whig paper, who first called Taylor a "*journeyman throat cutter.*"—The whig papers are now trying to make it appear as a "locofoco slander."

Don't Like His Looks. A Sheriff's officer was sent to execute a writ against a Quaker. On arriving at the house, he saw the Quaker's wife, who, in reply to the enquiry whether her husband was at home, replied in the affirmative, at the same time requesting him to be seated, and her husband would speedily see him. The officer waited patiently for some time, but the fair Quakeress coming into the room, he reminded her of her promise that he should see her husband.—"Nay, friend, I promised that he should see thee. He has seen thee! He did not like thy looks; therefore he avoided thy path, and hath left the house by another path."

Persons apparently killed by lightning have been restored by promptly immersing them in cold water, or by dashing water upon the body. We have heard of cases where persons, struck in the open air, during heavy showers, were restored by the rain falling upon them.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. Lewis Cass,

OF MICHIGAN.

VICE PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. O. Butler,

OF KENTUCKY.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

ROBERT DALE OWEN, of Posey County.
EBENEZER M. CHAMBERLAIN, of Elkhart county.

DISTRICT.

1. NATHANIEL ALBERTSON, of Harrison county.
2. CYRUS L. DUNHAM, of Washington county.
3. WILLIAM M. McCARTY, of Franklin county.
4. CHARLES H. TEST, of Wayne county.
5. JAMES RITCHEY, of Johnson county.
6. GEORGE W. CARR, of Lawrence county.
7. JAMES M. HANNA, of Clay county.
8. DANIEL MACE, of Tippecanoe county.
9. GRAHAM N. FITCH, of Cass county.
10. ANDREW J. HARLAN, of Grant county.

Allen County Democratic Central Committee.

S. C. FREEMAN, F. P. RANDALL
THOS. TIGAR, M. JENKINSON,
W. S. REED, R. McDONALD,
S. WHEELER.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1848.

ECCLESIASTICAL NOTICE.

The Rev. Mr. Powers will preach in the Chapel, on Sunday afternoon, upon the Rite of Confirmation, or Laying on of Hands. He wishes all who feel an interest in the subject to be present.

TELEGRAPH TO FORT WAYNE!

We have much pleasure in laying the following communication before our readers, by which it will be seen that Fort Wayne will soon be placed in Telegraphic communication with all ports of the Union. To our business men the advantages of this are so obvious that we trust nothing more than this announcement will be necessary to induce them to subscribe liberally to the stock for the proposed telegraph line.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 4, 1848.

Allen Hamilton, Esq.

DEAR SIR: Mr. O'Reilly proposes running a line of Telegraph from Terre Haute to Toledo, embracing all the towns on the Wabash & Erie Canal, to be a branch of this line, connecting at Lafayette or Logansport. You will be visited in a few days by a Mr. Olney, Mr. O'Reilly's agent, who will make application to your citizens for stock subscriptions to carry out the enterprise. My object in writing is to apprize you of the fact, and to dispel any doubts which might arise as to the authority of Mr. Olney to act as Mr. O'Reilly's agent. Mr. O. is prepared to act promptly, and if your citizens do the thing needful, you will be introduced into the telegraphic family in 6 or 7 weeks.

The business of this office for the month of July amounted to $105,00, and that you know is a dull month for business of all kinds. The other lines are paying from 12 to 20 per cent, but our stockholders did not subscribe from motives of profit, but to secure the conveniency of this wonderful agent. We are now in daily receipt of markets and news from the East. To Fort Wayne, with a Semi-Weekly Mail, a line of Telegraph will be as profitable as it is indispensable. Hoping to be able to send you a flash soon, I remain, With the highest regard, Yours truly,

I. H. KIERSTED, *Telegrapher*

SOLDIER'S PRE-EMPTIONS.—The Peru Miami Co. Sentinel learns by a letter from Hon C. W. Cathcart to a gentleman in that place that, "an act for the relief of those pre-emption claimants upon the Miami lands in Indiana, who by their services in the Mexican war are entitled to bounty lands," passed the House of Representatives, April 15, and the Senate, July 31. The Sentinel says: "We could not get the act in our paper of this week as it was received just as we were going to press, but it shall appear in our next. By its provisions every person who is entitled to a land warrant for 160 acres in virtue of his own services, and who is entitled to pre-emption on the Miami lands, can used his warrant as $200 00, or at $1 25 per acre, for each acre the warrant calls for. Those soldiers, therefore, who are pre-emptioners on the Miami lands can get, for their land warrant and $120, a quarter section of land. If they are pre-emptioners on a less tract than a quarter, their warrant is still counted at $1 25 per acre or $200, but in no case will the Government refund any excess in the amount of the warrant over the price of the land claimed."

TIE UP YOUR DOGS.

Singular Case of Hydrophobia.—A valuable young Dog, of the Bull-Terrier breed, brought by Dr. Jones from San Augustine, a village 17 miles south-west of the city of Mexico, was suddenly seized with a fit of furious barking, and died in 30 minutes. The facts of the case are these:

The dog had been tied up in the Doctor's office during the afternoon, and about ½ an hour before supper time was fed with fresh veal or mutton, (about one pound) which he devoured somewhat greedily; immediately afterwards he was watered and drank about three pints; about twenty minutes after this the Doctor went to his supper and was absent not more than thirty minutes. When he returned he heard the dog barking furiously, but upon opening the door the dog ceased barking and as was usual with him, manifested much joy at the sight of his master, but immediately commenced barking again and made strong efforts to leave the office. At this time the saliva commenced running very profusely from the mouth, and hung in large quantities from his jaws. He died in fifteen minutes, and was perfectly rigid ten minutes after.

Query.—Was this a case of spontaneous canine madness? The dog has always been kept tied up—has always been perfectly mild, and exhibited no indication of anxiety or restlessness previous to the commencement of barking.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The democrats have made a good race in this whig State. The actual result is not yet ascertained, but it is thought by whigs that they have elected their Governor by a small majority. It is reported that one branch of the Legislature will be whig, and the other democratic. This for a State which gave a whig majority of 2,000 or 10,000 in 1846 is doing pretty well

OFFICIAL VOTE OF ALLEN COUNTY, At the August Election, 1848.

Townships	Representative: E. A. McMahon.	Representative: C. Parker.*	Sheriff: S. S. Morss.	Sheriff: John Briggs.	County Commis.: H. Rudisill.	County Commis.: John Valentine.	Free Schools: For	Free Schools: Against	Free Schools: Total
Wayne	318	991	356	219	353	246	416	149	619
Washington	60	93	81	70	82	71	127	27	154
Scipio	6	12	7	10	6	12	18		18
Springfield	23	21	33	25	36	20	41	18	59
St. Joseph	26	52	32	45	13	18	75	5	81
Perry	45	55	40	51	47	51	64	27	101
Pleasant	31	28	37	24	32	27	59		58
Maumee	8	9	10		10		10		10
Monroe	21	17	24	19	22	16	26	12	38
Madison	19	23	25	19	25	16	35	4	42
Marion	56	49	63	38	64	20	49	47	105
Milan	16	9	12	7	19		8	21	25
Lake	33	19	40	15	41	18	40	18	58
Lafayette	13	16	13	16	13	16	20	7	29
Jefferson	30	17	38	9	31	15	41	6	47
Eel River	31	41	30	34	33	33	49	19	72
Cedar Creek	60	60	63	54	63	55	90	31	121
Adams	53	67	54	61	63	56	40	71	131
Aboite	25	30	29	28	31	30	59	5	70
Total	890	915	994	743	1031	739	1293	440	1826

* Whigs in *Italic*.

RECAPITULATION.

Representative—C. Parker, whig. 915
E. A. McMahon, dem., 890

Parker's whig majority........................25

Sheriff—S. S. Morss, democrat, 994
John Briggs, whig, 743

Morss' democratic majority....................251

Co. Commissioner—H. Rudisill, dem., 1031
J. Valentine, whig, 739

Rudisill's democratic majority................292

For Free Schools, 1291
Against Do., 440

Majority for Free Schools.....................853

ALLEN COUNTY ELECTION.—At our election on Monday last C. Parker, whig, was elected Representative by a majority of 25 votes over Mr. McMahon, the democratic candidate. H. Rudisill, democrat, County Commissioner by an overwhelming majority over the whig nominee; and S. S. Morss, democrat, Sheriff, by a respectable majority of 251 over his whig opponent. Mr. P. Timmons, democrat, was re elected Coroner almost without opposition. The candidates were all nominated by regular conventions and therefore to take the average majorities of all the candidates will show how the state of parties is at this time in this county. By the official returns it will be seen that Mr. Rudisill's majority is 292, and Mr. Morss' 251; Mr. Parker's whig majority is 25. Leaving Mr. Timmon's vote out of the question, the aggregate vote for the democratic ticket is 3015, and for the whig ticket 2397—showing an average democratic majority of 206. This is rather more than we had claimed, or expected Allen county to give, although we were well aware that our strength in the county is rapidly increasing; but as it is probable that many voters for the whig nominees for Sheriff and Commissioner were traded off to get votes for Parker, probably it would not be exactly fair to claim more than 150 as our actual majority.

With this majority, we feel ashamed to have to announce that Allen County has elected a whig Representative—especially as this is just on the eve of the Presidential election, and there will be an United States Senator to elect next winter. The success of the whigs may be attributed in a great measure to the barefaced falsehoods circulated against our candidate, and the artful and reprehensible efforts of the whigs to array the country against the town, and the farmers against the lawyers; but it is evident there are many men among us calling themselves democrats who are not worthy the name, and who are ready to sacrifice their principles for any little local or sectional prejudice which may be awakened on the eve of the election. We wish such men could witness the rejoicings of the whigs here at the success of their schemes; and any such who can read the last Times, and not feel ashamed of their apostacy, and resolve no longer to be thus made dupes of, had better at once join the whigs, and no longer call themselves democrats. We cannot acknowledge that any man who will vote for a whig Representative at such a time as this has any claims to call himself a democrat. However we hope that all who have been misled will now see their error, and not go astray on any future occasion.

Thankful for Small Favors.—The boys on Wednesday night last had quite a time of it. They helped themselves to all the dry goods boxes and empty barrels they could find along the side-walk, and made considerable of a bonfire in the street, round which they halloed to their hearts' content. Some boys of larger growth, taking advantage of the gathering, (several persons having been brought to the spot by the reflection of the light, and the noise made, and thinking there was a house on fire) organized a whig meeting, and made some very *spirited* speeches, saying many things which they will doubtless feel ashamed for in their cooler moments. Neighbor Withers appears to have been quite excited, and magnifies the "jollification" into "a grand affair," and a "first dawn of the triumph of *Whig Principles,*" and "verily fancied the days of 1840 were upon us."

And what, the reader may ask, caused all this vast commotion—motion—otion? Why, the simple fact that the whigs were not entirely routed, but had succeeded after the most incredible and unjustifiable efforts, in electing one of their candidates, by a meagre majority, while their other two were beaten almost out of sight. Verily the whigs of Fort Wayne are easily pleased, and wonderfully thankful for small favors.

ELECTION RETURNS.

So far as we have heard, there has been a *great democratic gain for the Legislature,* and if the balance of the State does as well, or even holds its own, compared with last year, the Legislature will be democratic, and the election of a democrat to the U. S. Senate will be certain. We have elected Representatives from Adams & Wells, Huntington & Whitley, DeKalb & Steuben, Wabash, Miami, Grant, Carroll, Elkhart 2, Laporte 2, and 2 from Tippecanoe—14. The whigs have elected from Allen, Noble & Lagrange, St. Joseph, Cass & Howard—4. Last year the same counties were represented by 6 democrats and 10 whigs—showing a nett democratic gain of 7, or a whig loss of 14 in the vote. The whig majority in the last Legislature was, we think, 5 or 6. This the Times considers "cheering to the whigs." They are truly a set of cheerful fellows.

ADAMS Co., has done up the thing about right, giving Mr. Decker 172 majority. We have not heard from Wells, but there can be no doubt of Mr. Decker's election, by a large majority, and we congratulate the district on their election of so sterling a democrat.

OLD ELKHART gives a majority of 250, and will give Cass 300 in November.

DEKALB has fairly exceeded herself, and gives R. J. Dawson a tremendous majority. We have not seen the full returns but it will not probably fall short of 250.

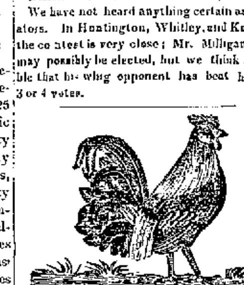
NOBLE & LA GRANGE, for some reason best known to themselves, have defeated Herrman, and elected a whig. We had supposed *old Dave* invincible in that region.

Everything goes to show that the democrats will have a large majority in the Legislature, or at any rate that this part of the State has done its duty towards securing such a result. Cass and Butler are sure of the State by 5,000 to 10,000 majority—probably the latter is nearest the actual figure.

MEMBERS ELECTED.

Allen—C. Parker, whig.
Huntington & Whitley—S. Jones, dem. gain.
Adams & Wells—S. Decker, dem.
Grant—A. J. Harlan, dem.
Wabash—W. Ross, dem. gain.
Miami—N. O. Ross, dem. gain.
Cass & Howard—G. W. Blakemore, whig.
Carroll—Odell, dem. gain.
Tippecanoe—J. Doyle d. P. Goldsberry, d. gain
Laporte—Two democrats, gain.
St. Joseph—Whig
Elkhart—Two democrats.
La Grange & Noble—E. A. Webster, whig.
DeKalb & Steuben—R. J. Dawson, dem.

We have not heard anything certain as to Senators. In Huntington, Whitley, and Kosciusco, the contest is very close; Mr. Milligan, dem., may possibly be elected, but we think it probable that his whig opponent has beat him some 3 or 4 votes.



INDIANA O. K.

By this morning's mail we have further returns, which show that democracy has swept over the State like a tornado. Mexican whiggery cannot withstand the charge of the Indiana democracy led on by such officers as Cass and Butler. Marion, Hancock, Bartholomew, Hendricks, Fountain, Randolph, Shelby, Johnson, Montgomery—in fact almost every county heard from—have elected democrats. So far as we can judge, there will scarcely be whigs enough left in the Legislature for seed. Allen county is not the whole state.

Will our neighbor lend us his flag, until we can get one made? We don't think he will need to use it very soon.

Canal Break.—A serious breach occurred in the Feeder, near this city, on Sunday evening last—suspected to have been wantonly made, with a view of keeping the state hands from the polls. Water will probably be let in this evening.

Glorious News from Congress.—Congress has at last adopted one measure which will give satisfaction to all parties. Both Houses have resolved to adjourn on Monday next, August 14th.

Mexican Museum.—Dr. P. G. Jones has recommenced the practice of his profession in the room adjoining the Mayor's office, which he has converted into quite a museum of curiosities collected by him during his campaign in Mexico. He has got a chamelion, which shows as many different colors as whiggery itself; a monstrous spider as black as abolitionism; some Mexican cartridges done up in paper on which is printed Señor Tom Corwin's speech; various mineralogical and botanic specimens; some curious relics; and a great variety of heterogeneous odds and ends. The curious will be amply gratified by a visit to this collection, and abundantly edified by the doctor's luminous explanations and descriptions of men and things in the interesting region from which he has just returned.

Kentucky.—Things look rather equally for the whigs in this banner state. Partial returns show a falling off of about one-half in the whig majorities, compared with 1846.

Daguerreotypes.—Mr. POND has had so many calls this week that he has been induced to prolong his stay here one week longer. We would advise our citizens to call at his room and examine his specimens—they far exceed any thing of the kind ever witnessed here.

The "Wilmot Proviso" passed the House.—It will be observed by the report of the doings in Congress of yesterday, that the Oregon territorial bill, including the "Wilmot Proviso," passed the House by a very decided vote, and that a motion to reconsider was laid upon the table. So the bill passed beyond the reach of a reconsideration. This bill is confined to the territory of Oregon; bills for organizing the territorial governments of New Mexico and California remain for the action of the House, that body having rejected those which originated in the Senate. The most lively interest will now be experienced with regard to the future movements of the House during the few days yet remaining of the session. Appearances indicate that the latter bills alluded to will be evaded. *Baltimore Sun.*

ELECTING CANDIDATES.—The New York journals are presenting tables of the probable votes of States on the Presidential election.—These are as different as the various parties, and every day sees a new table. A New York paper publishes one, in which it gives Mr. Van Buren one hundred and fifty-three of the electoral votes, or seven more than is required to elect a President. Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Wisconsin, Michigan, and even Indiana are included in the list. There's nothing like doing the thing well when it is undertaken.

THE ELECTION OF THE ARCHDUKE JOHN of Austria, as Chief of the German Empire, will place the Emperors, King, and Princes of the German States at a discount. They will retain their present titles and supervise the Government of their States, bearing a relation to the Chief, not dissimilar to that of our Governors toward the President. The King of Hanover, it is rumored, will resign rather than submit to this new Chieftaincy of the Germanic Union, by which act, if it were imitated by all his compeers, Germany would rather gain than lose.

The Archduke is 66 years of age, and has a high reputation for profound knowledge and ability, civil and military. In 1800 he commanded the Austrian army at the battle of Hohenlinden.

The Wealth of Gen. Cass.

The whig papers, failing in all other points of attack, have now turned their attention to an examination of Gen. Cass's private affairs. The wealth of Gen. Cass they variously state at from a quarter of a million to one or two millions of dollars. That Gen. Cass is what the world considers wealthy, we have no doubt, but that his wealth is anything near the amount the whig papers place it at, we are sorry to say, is untrue. How it was acquired we will state.

In early times, when the French Government owned Michigan, the country round what is now the city of Detroit, was cut up into farms with very narrow fronts upon the river running back some three miles. The soil, except immediately on the river, was cold and wet. Shortly after Gen Cass went to Detroit, he purchased two of these farms immediately below the city, for some $1700.—The front made a good sized field, and this he farmed until he left Detroit to take the position assigned him in Gen. Jackson's cabinet. The old one story and gamble roofed frame house in which he lived during that time is still standing.

What was considered at the time a very high price for the land, turned out in the course of time to be a good investment. The city of Detroit gives evidence of prosperity that the oldest inhabitants never dreamed of, and the lower part of the "Cass farm," so called, and so known upon its maps, is now embraced within the limits of the city proper; and streets have been extended, new ones laid out, and numerous and fine buildings are erected upon the old fields which Gen. Cass cultivated From the sale of these lots he has amassed that wealth which the whig papers now charge upon him as a crime.—*Ohio Statesman.*

Old Tecumseh.—Col. Johnson, of Kentucky, comes out manfully for Cass and Butler—takes himself off the canvass—and is heart and hand for the ticket. He says:

"Heartily approving, and cordially endorsing the selection of those distinguished statesmen and patriots, Gen. Cass and Gen. Butler, as candidates for the offices of President and Vice President, and wishing to do nothing to jeopard the success of that ticket, but on the contrary, ardently desiring to be placed in a position that would enable me to rally the undivided democracy to its support, and thus aid, by my humble influence, in securing its triumphant success, I make no sacrifice, personally, in complying with your expressed wishes, that I should withdraw from the canvass."

Whiggery looks blue in old Kentucky.—Even Crittenden will not be able to give vigor to its nerves, or length to its life.—*Cleveland Times.*

In the Mexican Mythology, a tradition has been preserved from time immemorial, that the overthrow of the nation was to be caused by white men coming from the East. This idea originated in the belief that the nation was founded by Quezalcoatl, who came from the East and went to the sun, and who was worshipped as the God of War. His second coming was the signal for the nation's fall.—This superstition operated greatly in Cortez's favor, and doubtless was a means of his success. It has received almost the character of a prophecy, from the repeated evidences of danger to Mexico from the invasion of white men from the East.

ALABAMA.—A letter dated Carrolton, Alabama, July 17th, published in the Union says: "The Cass and Butler ball is sweeping no-party, no-principle Taylorism before it in this good old State of Alabama. The defection of Mr. Yancey serves only to draw the faithful more closely together, and you may mark down, in round numbers, twelve thousand majority for the nominees of the Baltimore convention.

"I have recently been in Mississippi, and have carefully endeavored to ascertain the political pulse of the State. Mark Mississippi down as *certain beyond all doubt.*

"The second Mississippi regiment has just returned; and I was yesterday informed, by a member of that regiment, that Cass and Butler were good for two-thirds of the entire regiment.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT, *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.*—Nathan Clifford, of Maine, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Mexican Republic.

Consuls of the United States in Mexico.—John Black, for the city of Mexico; Franklin Chase, for Tampico; John A. Robinson, for Guaymas; John Parrott, for Mazatlan; G. W. P. Bissell, for San Blas; F. M. Dimond, for Vera Cruz.

☞ Lieutenant C. P. Kingbarry, the author of the letter signed "Buena Vista," reflecting covertly on the conduct of the Indianians in battle, has retracted the charge in a letter to Col. J. H. Lane. He says: "According to the published testimony before the court of inquiry subsequently held in reference to the conduct of the second regiment of Indiana volunteers, it appears that the animadversions upon that regiment were not merited, and that the movement which was censured, was in conformity with orders."

General Taylor is now the only man that has refused to make correction of his report. All the other officers, letter writers, and newspapers have atoned for their error and acknowledged the indication of the Indianians before the court of inquiry to be ample and conclusive. Taylor alone reiterates the calumny.—*New Albany Democrat.*

☞ The company of Volunteers from Vigo county, one of the strongest, if not the very strongest whig county in the State, are all Cass and Butler men, with the exception of *two*. Some patriotic farmers of their county went to Indianapolis to meet them on their return home. Every wagon had on it the names of Cass and Butler. These gallant men, we are informed, have brought home several copies of the speech of their Representative in Congress, R. W. Thompson, translated and printed in Spanish, and hawked about the streets of Puebla by little Mexican newsboys. Thompson should hang his head in shame when he comes home and meets one of these Volunteers.—*New Albany Democrat.*

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—*Completion of the Foot Way*—The suspension bridge is no longer a mere picture on paper, but a magnificent reality. To-day the entire footway, over a thousand feet in length, and two feet in width will be completed, and before sunset Mr. Ellet will have driven across it with a horse and buggy. Hereafter it will be used as a common highway between the dominions of Her Majesty and those belonging to Uncle Sam, and any staunch royalist or sturdy republican can walk across it on payment of twenty-five cents.

The towers for the great bridge will be commenced forthwith, just in rear of those that sustain the cables for the foot bridge, and before the year 1850 shall be numbered among the past, the whole work will probably be completed, and a train of cars will pass over it. The *main difficulties* are already overcome; hereafter all will be plain sailing.

The number of those who visit the bridge as a matter of curiosity is quite large, and the income derived from that source is sufficient to pay a handsome interest on the amount expended.—*Buffalo Courier.*

WILL HE RESIGN?—Mr. Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribune, says that "Gen. Taylor, having consented to run for President, ought to resign his commission at once, and devote his leisure, thus acquired, to the study of those question of civil policy wherewith he is in no danger of becoming too familiar."

EXPEDITION TO CALIFORNIA AND SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.—We have seen a copy of the order of General Wool, relative to the organization of this expedition, of which Lieutenant Colonel Washington is to have command. It will be composed of five companies of dragoons, each 70 strong, and one company of light artillery, 100 strong. Two of the companies of dragoons are now at Camargo, and three at Monterey, with the company of artillery. Brevet Major Graham will command the dragoons. Captain E. K. Kane, assistant quartermaster, and assistant surgeon Booth, now here serving with the 16th infantry, are under orders to proceed with the expedition. We are informed that the troops will march from Monterey, by the way of Monclova and Chihuahua, to some point near the Paso del Norte, from whence one company of dragoons and the artillery company will proceed to Santa Fe, and four companies of dragoons march to Monterey, California.—Captain Kane is now in Camargo, actively engaged in preparing a train of wagons and the necessary supplies. He has orders to select as many of the best wagons and teams, belonging to the United States, as may be necessary, and will have everything supplied in the best manner. The train will probably exceed 30 wagons; it will leave Camargo about the end of the present month, and the whole expedition take its departure from Monterey about the 10th of August. We understand a number of citizens, intending to establish themselves in New Mexico and California, will go under protection of the expedition. To men of enterprise and fond of adventure, this expedition offers inducements but seldom afforded; and both New Mexico and California will receive an accession to their population.—*Matamoras Flag.*

ARRIVAL OF MR. KIT CARSON FROM CALIFORNIA.—*Death of General Elliot Lee and others.*—We have before mentioned, by telegraph, the arrival at St. Louis, on the 26th ultimo, of Mr. Kit Carson, bearer of despatches from Governor Mason, in California, to the government at Washington. He left the city of the Angels on the 5th of May, with an escort of twenty men, and met with no adventure of any interest on the route as far as Santa Fe. He left that town on the 25th of June, at which time all was quiet there.

Mr. Carson brings information of the attack and defeat of a party of Americans, by the Apache Indians, and the death of four and the wounding of five of the party. This party was under the direction of Mr. R. Maxwell, and consisted of fourteen persons. They were attacked in the Rattone mountains by about one hundred Indians of the Apache tribe.

The St. Louis Union says:

The party were compelled to abandon their property and animals, and attempted to save themselves by retreating. Early in the engagement, Mr. Charles Town, of St. Louis, received a contusion which fractured his ankle. His companions for some time endeavored to bear him with them, but becoming very faint, he requested that they would leave him. A short time after they saw many Indians approaching him. Town still possessed his rifle and pistol, and with them killed two of the enemy ere he was immolated.

Shortly after this General Lee, of St. Louis, received a ball in one of his thighs, which shattered it. He was carried about a mile by his companions, where, at his own request, he was left. He said he could not proceed further, and that if he should not be overtaken by the Indians, who were in pursuit, he would either bleed himself to death, or shoot himself. There was but little life remaining in him when he was left, as he had bled very profusely.

In the course of the action, in which the small party killed a number of the Indians, a Mexican by the name of Jose Carman, and a Frenchman by the name of Pascar Riviere, companions of Lee and Town, were killed, and five others were wounded.

When about fifteen miles from Taos, the survivors met a party of forty men, who, instead of going in search of Gen. Lee, returned to Taos.

The Western Indians.—By an arrival at St. Louis from the Yellow Stone River, the Republican learns that the Indians were comparatively quiet. It is stated that the reason why the Sioux fired upon the steamer Martha was the non-fulfillment of certain promises made by the traders to the Indians, and not as was stated, because they had not received their annuities. An outbreak, however, of evil passion is apprehended unless some United States troops shall be sent into the country this winter. It has been ascertained that the Assinaboines, last winter, suffered horribly from starvation. They devoured their horses and dogs, and in a great many instances devoured one another!

FROM CUBA.—*The Revolution.*—The annexed letter, which the New York Express says is from a well informed source, brought to New York in the Crescent City, from Havanna the 19th inst., will show the progress of the revolution so long on the point of breaking out in Cuba:

"*Matanzas, July* 16, 1848.—The revolution in Cuba has been nipped in the bud by our Captain General. A General Lapez, who was to have taken the lead, barely escaped arrest by getting on board a vessel bound for Rhode Island. Some arrests have been made on the south side, and more are watched closely by the government."

The New York Sun says that among the persons arrested were Yznaga and Villegas.—These arrests, however, it says only stimulate the patriots to renewed energy. Their numbers were rapidly increasing.

According to a letter also in *La Verdad*, the Spanish paper in New York, our Government is represented by the Cuban Spanish authorities to have informed their Minister at Washington who were the persons seeking in that Island its annexation to the United States. The writer, however, declares his belief that this is a trick of the Spanish authorities to destroy their hopes and confidence.

The Charleston Mercury of Saturday, also has the following:

"During an entertainment given by a wealthy Creole at Trinidad de Cuba, on the 4th of July, some of the guests, natives of the Island, headed by the proprietor, hoisted the American flag at the house. The troops were immediately called out, and every preparation made to suppress an insurrection of the Creoles. The entertainer, (a highly respectable gentleman,) was sent off immediately to Havana in irons, and the authorities are now busily engaged in searching out others."

The Suppressed Letter.—The curiosity of the public to know the contents of General Taylor's letter to the Independent party of Baltimore, becomes more intense as rumor withdraws the veil. It has reached our ears in a form so much more reliable than mere rumor, that we feel bound to credit the statement made to us, that General Taylor in that letter distinctly states that the Louisiana delegation had no shadow of authority for their conduct in the Philadelphia convention; but as the pledges had been made, he did not think proper to disavow them, and desired his letter not to be published!!!

If such be the true character of the letter, how can it be reconciled with the card of Balie Peyton, &c.? How inconsistent with the manliness and frankness of the soldier! Will the public approve such conduct? Will not the Taylor men in other parts of the country disband their organizations in disgust, as did the independent Taylor men of Baltimore?—We mistake our whig countrymen, infuriated as they are, if they would not prefer defeat to success effected by such reckless means. But "the letter." Let us have the letter, by all means.—*Union.*

STILL LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.

The steamer America sailed from Liverpool on the 22d, and brings news of importance.

The crisis which will decide the fate of Ireland is at hand.

On the 18th, the Privy Council met in Dublin Castle, to take the alarming state of the country into consideration. The Lord Lieut. issued his proclamation, ordering the prompt enforcement of the law, which forbids the people from having fire arms in their possession. Whenever found, he orders them seized, and the persons in whose possession they are without a permit from Government, are to be immediately arrested.

France is tranquil. Cavaignac has been assailed by the editor of the *Presse* in a pamphlet giving the particulars of the imprisonment of Lamartine, and defending his policy.

In the English House of Commons the Catholic Relief bill has been withdrawn.

In consequence of a blunder in the Sugar bill, that law requires amendment to make it operative.

The German and Danish war is considered at an end.

The war in Lombardy will, it is thought, soon terminate in peace. Charles Albert is daily adding to his popularity.

The Arch Duke John has been elected chief chief of the Germanic Empire.

Pig Iron in Scotland, is quoted at 40—sellers offer at 45.

The news from Ireland operates badly on the English money market, and consuls declined from ¼ to ½ per cent., the market closing at 87⅛ a 87 ¼.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE, Aug. 31.—A message was received from the President, transmitting in answer to a resolution of the Senate, the proceedings of the Court of Inquiry, in relation to the arrest, &c., of Gen. Pillow. Ordered that the Message, with extra copies be printed.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the Oregon territorial bill, which passed that body on the previous day.

Mr. Clayton, who as Chairman of the committee that reported the compromise bill on the same subject, and which was so unceremoniously laid on the table of the House, addressed the Senate in relation to the compromise bill. He trusted the Senate would not dispose of the bill now before it, without first examining into its merits, no matter what provocation they had for so doing. He hoped the bill would be referred to the appropriate committee, and that it would be deliberately considered. He moved its reference to the committee on Territories.

Mr. Downs gave notice that he would move to amend the bill, but that for the present he would decline offering them, that the bill might go to the committee as it came from the House.

After some remarks from Messrs. Badger and Phelps, the bill was referred to the committee on Territories.

The civil appropriation bill was then taken up, and the question being on striking out appropriations for the improvement of the Savannah river, it was carried—yeas 35, nays 15.

The bill was then amended, yeas 24, nays 21, by an appropriation of $50,000 to pay for the slaves in the Amistad case.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—On motion of Mr. Vinton the House resolved itself into a committe of the whole on the army appropriation bill, and it was debated by Messrs. Marsh Wilmot, Crozier, Vinton, Bowden, Birdsall, Cathcart, Bayly, Tallmadge and Newell.—When the committee rose the House adjourned.

Indiana Volunteers and General Taylor.

The Louisville Journal and the Madison Banner strongly denied the assertion made by Capt. J. McDougal of the 5th Indiana volunteers in relation to the change of politics among the officers of that Regiment. In reply to this denial Capt. McDougal gives the names of ten officers, heretofore whigs, who will not go for General Taylor. He says:

"For the present I am authorized by the following gentlemen whose names have been given by the editor of the *Banner* to prove the falsity of my assertion, viz: Captains McKenzie, Evans, Bracken and Lewis; Lieutenants Sawtell, Hamilton, Osborn, Neely, Baker, and Major Myers—all good and true whigs—to say that they will not, under any circumstances, vote for Gen. Taylor. These gentlemen are all that my time has permitted me to see. Col. Lane, Maj. Myers, and all of the above officers will say that when we left Mexico, the statement I gave you was a common remark. That one or two have been whipt into the traces since their return is probable.

"You may publish this if you deem it proper. The whig officers I have given above are here, and will be here, and if necessary, swear their uncompromising hostility to Gen. Taylor."

So much for the officers, now for the men. The Indiana State Sentinel says:

"The Parke and Montgomery county volunteers arrived in this city yesterday on their way home. There was not a single Taylor man among the company, as we are informed on the authority of Capt. Manson. These boys know who are the friends of the country as well as the volunteers. They do not believe that their brave brethren of the Second Regiment were "FUGITIVES."

The same paper, of a later date, speaking of the return of the Volunteers and the dinner provided for them, says:

"Large numbers partook of the dinner, at the close of which Governor Whitcomb made a short address. Most of them left for their homes the same evening. These boys are nearly all Cass and Butler men. We saw flags floating from several of the wagons as they left the city inscribed "Cass and Butler." No volunteer has ever raised a flag for Taylor and Fillmore as he passed this city."

Rather Singular.—At Philadelphia on Tuesday was bound over for a further hearing on Saturday next, a man named Harrison, and his son, a young man 18 or 19 years of age.—The circumstances are singular and equally suspicious. On Monday before last, during the volunteer procession, a pocket book with $400, and checks and due bills, amounting to $600, was stolen from the counting room of Spiess & Maurer, in 3d street near Willow.—Nothing had been heard of the book and contents until Monday, when they received an anonymous letter asking them to offer a reward for the book and papers—to ask no questions, and guaranty the party harmless—and to put the advertisement on the south side of Race street wharf. The request was complied with, and officer Lukens being on the watch arrested the younger Harrison in the act of taking away the advertisement. This brought out the fact that the father had the pocket book, and he was accordingly arrested. The story they tell is that the son found the book on Race street wharf.

General Taylor's Love of Truth.—In one of his speeches, Governor Jones, of Tennessee, exclaimed, "Where is the man on the face of this green carpet of God's footstool, that believes *Zachariah Taylor* ever told a lie?"

To this touch of the sublime the Hartford Times thus responds:

"We believe the old man has never been accused of lying. He is treated courteously by democrats, at any rate. He has said that he never voted—that he knows little of the affairs of government—that he has never even looked into measures so far as to satisfy himself about the long discussed questions of the National Bank, Tariff, Distribution, &c. In short, he says as plainly as he can, that his life has been devoted to the camp, and he is not a fit person to be President. No one believes he tells a lie."

LATE FROM OREGON.—*The War with the Indians.*—News from Oregon city to the 8th of March, has been received. A letter from Gov. Palmer, dated from the army, at camp 25 miles west of Umatilla, speaks of meeting a party of thirty Indians, who had been engaged in the battles with Major Lee, at the Dalles; they say that they were forced into it by the Cayuses; that all their property had been taken, and their lives threatened, if they did not join them. The Cayuses have forted and had expected to fortify near the foot of the Blue mountains, on the Saw-mill stream.—The people of Oregon feel sore and sick in heart at the neglect which they have received at the hands of the Congress, and people of the United States.

Several of the Dalles Indians have arrived in Oregon city for protection, as they say. It is said that they have been stripped of their property by the hostile Indians, because they were friendly with the whites.

The Spectator, of February 24th, contains reports from Col. Gilliam, dated Fort Wascopicam, February 7, and describing two skirmishes with bodies of Indians, in which the latter were routed, with a loss of 25 or 30 killed and wounded, and property to the value of $1,400, which had been sold and the proceeds paid into the military chest of the expedition. The whites had three killed, one by accident, the other two by the Indians.

DEAD SEA EXPEDITION.—The United States Exploring party has returned to Jerusalem from its expedition to the Dead Sea.—This was the first occasion on which a boat was ever navigated around the sea, and many of the stories once current have been proved to be fabulous. The explorers sounded the sea in all its parts, to the depth of 600 fathoms, and found the bottom crusted with crystalized salt. The pestilential effects attributed to the waters turn out to be fabulous.—Ducks were seen skimming over the surface, and partridges abounded along the shore.—Nothing was seen of the mined cities, which, according to old legends, were visible in clear weather beneath the waters. It should be a source of great satisfaction to every American, that this country, although the most remote, was the first to explore this celebrated sea.

The party were upon the sea in their boats, or encamped on its borders, for some two months; and their researches and estimates have been of the most thorough and interesting character. All were in excellent health and spirits, no sickness or accident having occurred. By the Arabs they had been received and uniformly treated with the utmost kindness and attention. The Syrians consider "the men of the Jordan," as they call them, the greatest heroes of the day. Lieutenants Lynch and Dale will visit, under the most favorable circumstances, all the *places* made memorable in Scripture history; and we may expect from them a highly interesting account of their explorations of the Dead Sea, and their adventures in the Holy Land.—*Balt. American.*

"Henry Clay is still undetermined about going for General Taylor."—*Dem. Pharos.*

The Pharos is either most egregiously ignorant of the history of the times, or willfully wishes to mislead its readers, in regard to the position of the great statesman, as nothing is farther from the truth than its assertion.—*Fort Wayne Times.*

☞ Let us see the proof that the Pharos is wrong, neighbor. We have seen nothing reliable showing that Clay would support Taylor, but there is strong evidence to the contrary. Bring on your proof: it is eagerly looked for by whigs as well as democrats.—*Sentinel.*

On what we deemed and still deem good authority, we made the statement which is so summarily snapped up by our worthy brother of the Times. Since we made the statement, we have seen still stronger proof that Mr. Clay was "undetermined about going for Gen. Taylor." We have seen extracts from letters of Mr. Clay, in one of which he says that Gen. Taylor "must draw the note"—that is, declare himself a Whig—before he "can *endorse* it!" That looks a little like being "undetermined." The Times, in compliance with the request of the Sentinel, publishes an extract from the Washington correspondence of two papers, in which it is stated that Mr. Clay has written two letters in which he says he thinks the Whig Convention was "swayed by what he considered and called the 'fictious popularity' of Gen. Taylor," but advising his friends to support him. Give the Times the benefit of this, and what does it prove? Nothing more than that Mr. Clay *may* have at length "determined" to smother his disappointment and anger, and also his deep horror at the prospect of elevating "*a mere military chieftain*" to the Presidency, and go for a person whose elevation to that station he had *once* so vehemently deprecated. It is *far from proving* our statement untrue. The following paragraph *may* do something towards opening the eyes of our brother of the Times to a sense of his error in jumping at his reckless conclusion:

We have it from the best authority, from a person who was present at the time alluded to, that when the son of the landlord stept up to Mr. Clay to inform him that dinner was ready he had just read the announcement of the nomination. He vented his anger in very violent language, anathematizing the convention, Gen. Taylor and the dinner, got into his carriage and drove home. The truth of this can be depended on.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

The Logansport Telegraph, as it copied the shot of the Times at us, will please publish the above.—*Logansport Pharos.*

For the Sentinel.

WHO CAN VOTE FOR TAYLOR?

Can the so called whigs, after all they have said in regard to the war with Mexico, consistently vote for him who was the first to carry the war into that country? Will not every man who thus votes, be branded, and that most justly, a hypocrite? It has been said by some as an excuse, that he was obliged to go there, because he was a military man; that arms he had chosen as a profession, and had to support himself and a large family by it; but is not such reasoning a mere subterfuge, a mere excuse for doing that which their conscience tells them is totally wrong? Was he under any more obligation to serve than any other good citizen when his country called?—Could he not have resigned his command if his conscience had troubled him, and gone home to his family? and perhaps he might have disposed of some of his slaves and bought him 80 acres of land at the north and got an honest living. Again are the whigs such dolts, as to again get burned by electing a man, who will not, or does not (for I have seen nothing of it) tell his political principles; a man who knows nothing of the policy of government as can be seen by his own letters? Let every whig examine for himself, and vote for the man that will not only save our country from degradation, but will raise it still higher in the scale of nations; the man who will not only rule for the good of the people, but will see such principles carried out as will be best for all without any party or sectional interest.—Let every whig examine and see if he can consistently, after the principles that have been avowed and advocated by his party, vote for Taylor. Whigs, be honest, be consistent with yourselves for once, and cast your votes for honest Lewis of the West.

A DEMOCRAT.

Whitley Co., July 31, 1848.

IMPROMPTU BUTTER.—We yesterday saw sweet milk converted into butter in four minutes; probably a dash of iced water would have brought the butter in less time. This wonderful effect was produced by one of the most simple churning machines that we have ever seen. It consists of a square box, having a hollow perpendicular shaft with two hollow arms or tubes at the lower end. The shaft rests on a pivot and is turned by a small crank and cog-wheel, the motion causes the air to rush down the tube into the milk and produces a commotion like boiling water, the butter began to come immediately, and after it was made the milk was as sweet as new.—*N. Y. Mirror.*

Extract of a letter written at
DUNVILLE, Grand River, C. W., April 24, 1846.

My wife has been afflicted for a number of years with general dropsy; about a year past it increased to an alarming state, so much that her limbs at times have swollen to one third over the natural size. The disease continued to reduce her in strength. After trying many kinds of medicines, I came to the conclusion that her case was quite hopeless.—When your Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture was recommended I concluded that I would try once more, and by so doing found it successful in curing. After using two large and one small bottle she believes herself entirely cured. I give you this testimony hoping that it may prove a benefit to those who may be afflicted with the same disease, that they may try it and find relief—and I also wish to express my gratitude to Dr. Vaugh the inventor of this medicine.

JARVIS COOK."

This letter was handed to the agent for the sale of this Great Remedy in Dunnville, Canada West. Reader go to the Agent in the place, ask for a pamphlet concerning G. C. Vaugh's Veg. Lith. Mixture, his advertisements are in our column.

LIVER COMPLAINT is generally accompanied with pain in the right side, extending to the top of the shoulder; variable appetite, occasionally a disordered stomach, yellow tinge of the skin and eyes, and often a swelling over the region of the liver, together with other symptoms of a corrupt state of the blood.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills will be found one of the very best medicines in the world for the cure of all diseases of the Liver; because they expel from the body those morbid humors which, when deposited upon this important organ, are the cause of every variety of Liver Complaint. From three to six of the above named Pills, taken on going to bed, will in a short time, give such manifest relief, that no persuasion will be necessary to induce a perseverance in their use, until the liver is restored to healthy action.

☞ BEWARE OF SUGAR COATED COUNTERFEITS! *Remember that the original and only genuine* INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS *have the written signature of* WILLIAM WRIGHT *on the top label of each box.*

The genuine for sale by Tuck & McMaken, sole agent for Fort Wayne. A. B. Miller, New Haven; J. B. Hanna, Huntertown.

Wholesale at the principal Office, 169 Race-st. Philadelphia.

CAUTION TO STRANGERS.—Almost every person coming from the east, or any old settled country, into the Mississippi Valley, are sure to be attacked with Diarrhœa, which prostrates the system, and generally ends in billions fever, or that dread of all emigrants, Agüe and Fever. If every such person would supply themselves with a few boxes of Dr. Bragg's Anti Billious and Tonic Sugar Coated Pills, and take them on the first indications of disease, they never need fear any serious attack of any of the diseases peculiar to the western country. They have been used by thousands of persons, and always with the happiest effects.

☞ Consumption is a disease which is carrying its victims to the tombs by thousands, without being arrested in its progress by the medicines in common use at the present time.—But a brighter day is coming, and has come—so as to successfully arrest this disease. DR. ROGERS' LIVERWORT AND TAR, not only gives immediate relief in COUGHS and COLDS, but from the testimony of men of the highest standing here and elsewhere, it is making some very remarkable cures of CONSUMPTION. Improvements in the treatment of diseases are onward, and nothing can arrest its spirit in the present age. These who are afflicted with diseased Lungs would do well to call on Mr. H. B. Reed of this place, the agent and see the certificates of Dr. *Wm. J. Richards*, Judge *Wm. Burke*, the *Wife of the Rev. George W. Maley*, and of *Dr Hiram Cox*, late Professor in the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati. 2w5.

MARRIED,—In this city, by the Rev. H. P. Powers, on Sunday the 6th inst., Mr. ROBERT WM. ARMISTEAD of Cincinnati, to Miss ELVIRA JANE BARNWELL.

DIED.—On the 4th inst. in this city Mr. JAMES CAMPBELL, of the 2d Dragoons, U. S. Army.

—On the 8th instant, in this city, Mr. JAS. STEWART, aged 53 years. The deceased was a native of Ireland; he is thought to have relatives in St. Joseph Co. Michigan. He had just returned from the Mexican war, and fell a victim to the Dysentery, contracted in the city of Mexico.

On the 8th inst. ANN JENET HILL, aged 7 years and 9 months, daughter of N. P. and Rebecca A. Hill, of Allen township, Noble Co.

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS—NEW PRICES!

THE undersigned inform the public that they have entered into co partnership, under the firm of ORFF & SCHWEGMANN, and having purchased the entire stock of goods of the late firm of Chittenden & Orff, will continue the business at the old stand of the late firm, in Columbia street, where they hope their old friends will give them a call. It is their intention to merit a share of public patronage, by keeping on hand a general assortment of seasonable

Dry Goods. Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Shoes & Boots, &c., &c.

of the best qualities and selling them on fair and reasonable terms. As they design doing a cash business, and are determined to sell at the lowest living profits, purchasers will find this to be

THE REAL PLACE TO GET BARGAINS.

A fresh supply of

New Goods

will be received in a few days.

Country Produce of all kinds taken at the highest rates in exchange for goods.

JOHN ORFF,
late of the firm of Chittenden & Orff.
H. R. SCHWEGMANN
late of the firm of Hill, Wilson, &Co.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 12, 1848. 6y.

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County, ss: } October Term, 1848

LIBEL FOR DIVORCE.

Catherine Patrick, vs. David Patrick.

BE it remembered that on this 8th day of August, A. D 1848, the said Catherine Patrick made it appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that David Patrick, the above named defendant is not a resident of the State of Indiana: Whereupon this publication is made notifying the said David Patrick to be and appear before the judges of the Allen Circuit court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the Co. of Allen, on the 2d Monday of October next and I-ail, answer, or demur to said petition, or in default thereof the court will hear and determine the case in his absence and take the petition as true against him the said defendant.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk A. C. C.
MOSES JENKINSON, Att'y for Compl't.
August. 12, 1848. [$2 30] 3w6.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) Fort Wayne. y6 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DOCTOR W. V. SNYDER having returned to Fort Wayne, after an absence of some eighteen months, with the view of making it his permanent residence, again offers his professional services to the different branches of Medicine and Surgery, to the citizens of this place, and the surrounding country, in the hope from his familiar acquaintance with the diseases of the Wabash Valley, as well as their appropriate modes of treatment (acquired during a practice of five and twenty years in said Valley) to be able to render general satisfaction to all who may extend to him their patronage.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the diseases of Females and Children.

*** Residence at present at the house of L. C. Jacoby, Esq. OFFICE—Over Stapleford's Auction Room y.

Indiana, to wit: } Allen Circuit Court.
Allen County. }

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

Dennis Taylor, vs. Isaac W. Cohn.

Notice is hereby given the said defendant and all other persons concerned, of the filing and pendency of said writ of attachment, and that unless he be and appear before the Judges of the Allen Circuit Court on the first day of the next term of said court, to be held at the Court House in said county, on the 2d Monday in October next the said case will be heard and determined in his absence. R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

Hough & Sites, Att'ys.
August 4, 1848. [$1 50] 3w6.

HUMPHREY & BROWN.
Stone Cutters and Stone Masons,

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of 1st quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for building, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 4th, 1848.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of execution to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will on the 28th day of August inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Allen, offer for sale at public auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate to wit: The North half of the South East quarter of Section No. 4, Township 31, North of Range 12, East; Also the South West quarter of the North West quarter of Section No. 3, of same Township and Range, containing in all one hundred and twenty acres. And upon failure to realize a sum sufficient to pay the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Freeborn P. Tinkham, at the suit of the state of Indiana.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
Aug 13, 1848. [$2 10] 3w5.

For Sale or Exchange for Stock.

ONE Quarter Section of rich Land, 10 miles from the Canal and 20 from Fort Wayne, New Columbia, the county seat of Whitley, or for real estate in the City of Milwaukie. For further particulars enquire of JOHN LEWIS, Esq. Huntington, Huntington County, Indiana.

N. B.—The above is well watered, a stream running through it, and is not surpassed in fertility or location in the State.

Aug 4, 1848. 3w5.

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Harriet Chittenden & John Orff was dissolved on the 27th ult. by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by Orff and Schwegman at the old stand, who will settle all claims against the late firm, and receive all debts due to it. HARRIET CHITTENDEN,
JOHN ORFF.
July 27, 1848

SEASONED Flooring for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

Music, Music.

CARMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

MUSIC PAPER—Just received and for sale at C. R. WALKER'S.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.
May 13, 1848. tf46,

DOYLE AND DICKEY'S



Daily Packet Line.

THIS line of new and splendid Packet Boats will start from La Fayette on Monday March 27th, 1848, at 10 o'clock A. M., arriving at Fort Wayne at 6 P. M., going east. The Line at present consists of four Boats, on the 1s of May there will be an addition of three new Packets, forming

A Daily Line between Covington, Indiana, and Toledo, Ohio.

OHIO, ... Capt. CLARK SMITH,
ILLINOIS, ... " W. S. B. HUBBELL
INDIANA, ... " G. B. ALFORD,
MISSOURI, ... " A. VAN NESS

or particulars apply to the Captains on board
W. B. NOBLE, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, March 23, 1848. 38—tf

BY EXPRESS.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE LADIES,

JUST received last evening by the P. Hoagland, a most splendid stock of

Fancy Goods.

such as FANCY LACE BONNETS, and something a little extra in the *Ribbon Line*, Also a splendid stock of *EMBROIDERED CRAPE SHAWLS*, and *French Cambric Handkerchiefs*, such as are not often seen in this market. All kinds of FANCY GOODS kept constantly on hand, call and see them. MRS. DYKES.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding.

Persons desiring such lumber will please call at the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c. constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Coverlet & Carpet Weaving.

THE undersigned informs the public that he has established himself in Fort Wayne, and is prepared to execute all orders for Weaving Coverlets or Carpets. He is well acquainted with weaving various sorts of Carpets for family use, and has on hand a large supply of Coverlet Yarn. He is also prepared to Dye Wool and Cotton to all colors. He has had long experience in the various branches of his business, and feels confident by fair dealing and reasonable prices that he can give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with their orders.

A supply of Coverlets kept on hand for sale.

His residence is in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Hodges, corner of Calhoun and Berry streets.

MARTIN HAMMAN,
May 12, 1848. 3m45 pd.

PLAIN, Fancy and Mourning Note Paper; also a fine assortment of Transparent and Motto Wafers, just received by
May 13, 1848. C. R. WALKER.

THE GREAT

Revolution in Europe

Is nothing in comparison to the Revolution in the prices of NEW GOODS at

W. Smith & Co's,

No. 3, Jones' Block, FORT WAYNE, Indiana

WE are just receiving by *Steam, Express* and *Telegraph Lines* the CHEAPEST and best selected stock of

NEW GOODS

ever offered in Fort Wayne, consisting of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Sattinets, blue and mixed Drillings, Cotton Yarn, Calicoes, Ginghams, Lawns, Cambrics, Linens, Hosiery, Shawls, Ladies', Misses', and Children's Bonnets, Gent's, Youths' and Children's Leghorn, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats; Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gaiter Boots, Shoes, and Slippers;

Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, *Iron, Nails, Steel, Glass, &c.*

In fact every thing necessary to *Clothe the Naked and Feed the Hungry.* We are selling SHEETINGS lower than ever before. An article of

Good Heavy Yard-Wide Sheeting which has heretofore sold for Ten Cents, we are now selling for Sixpence, or sixteen yards for One Dollar!!!

We still adhere strictly to our motto of *No Shaving on Due Bills, Orders, or Barter Trades*, but an even up cash price in all cases. Don't take our word for it, but call and satisfy yourselves.

WANTED:

All kinds of PRODUCE. PEARLS, BLACK SALTS, &c. for which we will pay the Highest Market Price.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.
W. SMITH & Co.
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1848. y44.

A great chance for Country Merchants.

New York Wholesale Store
AT FORT WAYNE,

F. & J. NIRDLINGER have received an extensive stock of DRY GOODS which they bought principally for wholesaling. County merchants will do well in giving us a call, after they have tried everywhere else, and we assure them they will find their chance better than ever to replenish their stock, in the above establishment. Come in and examine their very large new stock and we are sure you cant help buying, for there never was such a stock in Fort Wayne. 43y.

NIAGARA STORE, }
July 15th, 1848. }

THE LARGEST AND BEST
Stock of Goods in the Western States is to be found at

A. B. MILLER'S
NIAGARA STORE.

THE limits of a Newspaper will not admit of entering into a detailed account of the numerous articles contained in the stock. Suffice it to say

Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Woodenware, Saddlery, &c.

can be found in an almost endless variety. The public may rest assured that this statement is not mere gasconade, but truth every word, and in order to prove it will please call and examine for themselves.

THE CELEBRATED

Drummond Light!

ECONOMY



IS WEALTH!

THE above cut represents DRUMMOND'S CANDLE MAKER, the most economical and labor saving article ever invented, combining every advantage which can be wished for in furnishing light. By its use, a person can, at any moment, produce a candle, equal in solidity and durability to any made by the old, laborious and more expensive method. The candles made in this article will burn with a clear, brilliant and steady light, without that flickering, usual in ordinary candles. The fibres of the wick, in passing through the tube within the cylinder, are drawn perfectly smooth, which not only prevents the flaring of the light, but also keeps the candle from running down on the side.

This article is one which every house-keeper, as well as all who study economy in the use of light, should possess themselves of, as it is simple, convenient and economical, being simply a candlestick which makes its own candles. It is most ingeniously constructed, with a reservoir for tallow, lard, or other materials of which candles were made; also a place to deposit the wick, both of which, by only turning a screw, are forced up in the form of a perfect candle, either in short or long lengths, as may be desired, thus forming an endless candle by simply refilling the reservoir when it shall have been exhausted. The reservoir holds nearly one pound of tallow, enough for six candles.

Candles can be made by using Drummond's Candle-maker, at less than ONE HALF the ordinary expense, the only outlay being for tallow or other material. From the experience of many families who have used the Candle-maker, as well as the numerous tests to which it has been subjected, we can place the DRUMMOND CANDLE-MAKER before the public as an article which may always be depended upon. With fair usage it will never get out of order.

The subscriber having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the above Candle-maker in the Counties of Allen, Adams, Huntington, Blackford, De Kalb, Steuben, Wells, Whitley, Grant, Noble and La Grange, is now prepared to give great bargains to those wishing to engage in a speculation. He will sell any of the above counties, so low that any man with limited capital can in a short time double and treble his money. He will also sell the Candle-maker at Retail.

Those wishing to examine them, can see them at my shop on Columbia-st., two doors west of A. B. Miller's.

A. S. JOHNS.
Fort Wayne, July 15, 1848. 2.

DAGUERREOTYPE
PORTRAITS as natural as Life.

THOSE who wish to obtain a true likeness of themselves will do well to call at Mr. COND'S Daguerrian Rooms on the corner of Calhoun and Columbia Streets, over Mr. Mason's Store, where he will remain but a short time. Citizens are invited to call and examine specimens at their leisure.

July 8, 1848.

Notice

IS hereby given that all persons who have subscribed stock to the Fort Wayne and Lima Turnpike Company, payable in any thing else than money or land, are requested to pay the same 60 days after the date hereof, at such times and places, and in such amounts as the Treasurer may draw on them, for to meet the payment of contracts for work done for said company.

By order of the Directors,
SAM'L. HANNA, President.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
July 8, 1848.

New Books.

COURT of Monti Christo, by Dumas.
Shakespeare's Novels, "
Life in London, by Reynolds,
Black Prophet, by Carleton.
Manœuvering Mother, by Carleton.
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith.
Cruise of the Midge, "
And hosts of others, for sale at
May 13, 1848. WALKER'S

SOCKET & FIRMER CHISELS, Hand Vices, Dividers, Augers, Braces, with and without bits, Files and other articles in the Hardware line, for sale low by
July 15, 1848. A. B. MILLER

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendition Exponas) to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, I will on the nineteenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Noble and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The South West quarter of the South East quarter of Section (15,) fifteen, Township (35,) thirty-five, North Range (10,) ten, east, and the South West quarter of the North West quarter of section (22,) twenty-two, Township (35,) thirty-five, North Range (10,) ten east, situate in Noble County, Indiana. And upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate.—Taken as the property of the defendants at the suit of Calvin W. Howe and Fisher Howe against Francis Comparet and Henry R. Colerick.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U S. Mar. Dist. Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$4 05] 5w2.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendition Exponas) to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Indiana, I will on the seventeenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Whitley and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The South East quarter of the South East quarter of section (9,) nine, Township (32,) thirty-two; The South West quarter of the North West quarter of section (10,) ten, in Township (32,) thirty two; and the whole of section three, in Township (32,) thirty-two, all in Range ten East, and situate in Whitley County, Indiana.—And upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate. Taken as the property of the heirs of Francis Comparet, deceased, at the suit of Henry Kipp and Francis Clark, against said Francis Comparet's heirs.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U S. Mar. Dist. Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$4 05] 5w2.

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Execution (Vendi ioni Exponas) to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Indiana, I will on the seventeenth day of August next, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at the Court House door in the County of Whitley and State of Indiana, offer for sale at Public Auction the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The West half of Section number four, Township number thirty-two, North of Range ten East; and upon failure to realize a sufficient sum to satisfy the demand, I will at the same time and place offer for sale the fee simple of said above described real estate. Taken as the property of the Defendants, at the suit of John R. Neff and Peter Neff, against Francis H. Scott, John C. Hon, and Francis Comparet.

ABEL C. PEPPER, U. S. Mar. Dist. Ind.
By GEORGE McOUAT, Deputy.
July 15, 1848. [$4 30] 5w2

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.
July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

JUNIATA IRON.—A general assortment of Juniata Iron, for sale by
July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

TANNERS' OIL.—A large supply of pure Tanners' Oil, free from sediment, and warranted 30 gallons to the barrel, for sale by
July 8, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

ENGLISH LAMP BLACK.—Another lot of superior quality just received at the Niagara Store. A. B. MILLER.

FIGS, RAISINS, SARDINES, & HERRING—Fresh and good, for sale cheap by
July 8. 1848 A. B. MILLER.

NEW GOODS
At Barnett & Nelson's
June 24th, 1848.

A Great Chance!

ROUGH AND READY ALMANACS for 1847, and '48—with a splendid portrait of "Old Zack."—For sale at a small advance on first cost, S. & W. S. EDSALL.
June 17.

BY EXPRESS.
Spring Fashions, 1848,
At EDSALLS' New Store.

THE Ladies are invited to call and examine our new stock of

Spring and Summer Goods, Fancy Articles, etc.

of the richest, finest, and newest styles. They will be sold unusually low.
April 14, 1848. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

PINE SHINGLES.—100 M. pine shingles for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

A Few extra fine PLOWS for sale on commission. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

HATS & CAPS, of the latest style, for sale
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

LARGE and splendid assortment of fancy Cravats for sale by
E. D. BARTLETT & CO.

CITY LIQUOR STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Dutchman store, on Columbia Street, east of Clinton st., invites the attention of the public to his fine stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines and Liquors,

Which he offers at WHOLESALE, and in quantities to suit purchasers, on the most reasonable terms. Not wishing to flatter, please call and examine for yourselves. The stock consists of

Alex. Seignette Brandy, Com. Gin,
French " Port wines,
Cherry " S. M. "
fine domestic " Sweet "
Holland Gin,

Old Rye and superior rectified WHISKEY.

Also a fine stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and QUEENS & GLASS WARE, all of which will be sold low and very low,

S. BEAL.
June 3, 1848. 6m—48.

Lands for Sale.

A Valuable tract of Land containing 460 acres in Kosciusko County, four miles from Warsaw, will be sold low on application to A. B. Miller, Fort Wayne. Also, 600 acres for sale, located in Noble County. Apply as above

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, July 5, 1848.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.

July 6, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

MAPLE, New Orleans, and Sugar House Molasses—Each superior of their kind, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne Dye House.

THE subscribers inform the public that they have opened a Dye house on Washington street, one door west of Calhoun street, where they are prepared to Dye every description of *Woolen, Silk and Cotton Goods* on short notice. Being regular Dyers thoroughly acquainted with every branch of their business, having worked in some of the principal manufactories in Lowell, Charleston, &c., as well as in Europe, they can warrant that every article committed to their care shall be done in a style to give entire satisfaction.

Cloaks, Alapine Silks, and DeLaine Dresses, Shawls, Parasols, Straw Bonnets, Hats, &c., colored or cleansed. COATS, PANTS, *Merino Shawls, Table Covers, &c.*, Dyed and well pressed, and warranted to keep their color, and not rub off. CARPETS cleaned from Oil and other spots. KRUGER & CO.

June 17, 1848. 3m50pd.

LADIES' GAITERS, BUSKINS, & SLIPPERS.—The latest styles, together with Children's Shoes, for sale by
May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

TO FARMERS.

THREE dozen Eastern made Cradles, warranted, which will be sold low for cash, by E. D. BARTLETT & CO.

ROBERT HOOD, *Justice of the Peace and Notary Public*, hereby gives notice that he will at all times attend in his office (at the Mayor's office) on Clinton street in the city of Fort Wayne, where he will make *Deeds, Mortgages*, and other *Instruments of Writing* on reasonable terms, also attend to his official duties.
Fort Wayne, June 24, 1848. 6t.

NEW ARRIVAL
By Telegraph.

JUST received at HILL WILSON, & CO'S, a splendid lot of

Fancy Spring Goods,

the first in the market. First come first served. Call in, Call in!
April 21, 1848.

To the Ladies.

MRS. DYKES returns her sincere thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity for the liberal patronage she has received since her commencement in business, and respectfully informs them that she has just returned from New York with a large, magnificent, and fashionable assortment of

Fancy Goods

which having been selected expressly for this market, will, she flatters herself, meet the approval of her customers. She particularly invites attention to her stock of *Fringes, Gimps, Lace Trimmings, Buttons, French Artificials, Ribbons, &c.*, which far exceeds any thing of the kind ever offered here. Fans, Parasols, Bonnets, Fancy Beads, &c. in great variety.

She is also daily expecting a large and well selected assortment of

Staple Dry Goods,

Calicoes, De Laines, Ginghams, Lawns, Muslins, Barages, &c. All of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Town Lots for Sale,
At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency

THE subscriber offers the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT.—7, 49, 6, 43, 72, and e. 1 3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4 block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
May 27, 1848. y47.

COME one come all, to Walker's New Book Store if you wish to get knowledge very cheap.

The place to buy cheap is at the Old Stand on Columbia Street.

E. D. BARTLETT & CO. are now filling up with the best and cheapest lot of

Spring and Summer Goods

ever offered in the place. They are all of the latest fashions, and will be sold unusually low; of this any one can be satisfied by calling and examining the prices.

The stock includes a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, such as French summer Cassimeres, a superior article and cheap. Plain and striped Satin Vestings, Lawns, Ginghams, &c. A large assortment of prints of all colors, Ladies' Silk Dress Goods. Large assortment ribbons, &c., in short all kinds of fancy articles.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASE OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Stevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor I. RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed,

W. W. STEEVENS.
Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.
June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by
June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.
J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.
J. A. COLERICK.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.
June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

A. B. MILLER

IS Daily receiving large additions to his STOCK, being determined to have for the present and future, as he has had heretofore, the

Largest and best Assortment of Goods in the State

Fort Wayne, June 3, 1848.

MILL and X Cut SAWS—Rowland's superior Mill and X-Cut Saws, just received, and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at
S. & W. S. EDSALL'S,

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

WHITE FISH, in barrels and half barrels—a choice article—just received at No. 3
May 26. W. SMITH & CO.

TANNER'S OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold at the lowest figure. A. B. MILLER.

FARMERS' DEPOT, }
May 27, 1848. }

ANOTHER batch of our NEW GOODS has come to hand. We expect the remainder by every boat.

BONNETS.—Florence, Geneva Pearl, Gimp French Lace, Bird's Eye, and Straw Bonnets,—Ladies' and Misses'—newest styles, and lowest prices. CHITTENDEN & ORFF.

LADIES' GAITERS, half Gaiters, Buskins, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c. just rec'd, &
June 3, 1848. CHITTENDEN & ORFF.

SADDLES & BRIDLES.—A large and splendid assortment selling low, very low, at the Niagara Store. Call and buy before they are all gone. A. B. MILLER.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara store.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

If you wish Fashionable and Cheap Goods Call in at the Store of

B. MASON

On Columbia Street, South side, one door east of Calhoun, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

WITH great pleasure I announce to my old customers and the public generally, that I am now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Spring & Summer Goods.

consisting in part of Cloths and Cassimeres, with a general assortment of Men and Boys Summer goods. Also

Ladies' Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Ginghams, Calicoes, new styles Very rich and cheap Parasols, Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Dress Shawls of every description, Edgings, Laces, &c. &c. Brown and Bleached Muslins, Ticking, Checks, Palm Leaf, Cassimere and Silk Hats, Boots and Shoes of all qualities and sizes.

QUEENSWARE of the latest and richest styles, to which I invite particular attention.

HARDWARE, Iron, Nails, Castings, &c., together with almost every article usually kept in the most extensive Dry Goods establishments.

The above comprises a large and beautiful stock of Goods, selected with great care from the latest arrivals in New York. My friends and the public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I can offer a great many new and handsome styles not to be found generally.

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1848.

John Hough, Jr.,
Attorney & Counsellor at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend to all professional business entrusted to his care. He will continue the late business of Worthington & Hough, and give particular attention to the collecting and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana.—Office at the sign of the "Indiana Land Agency," on Calhoun street.

Commissioner of deeds for New York.
Notary Public.
May 27, 1848. y47.

INDIANA
LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber having become sole proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	15,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,624	Whitley "	8,898
Steuben "	2,869	Huntington "	5,264
Lagrange "	905	Wabash "	2,703
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miami "	622
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	239
Jay "	595	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,439	Fulton "	1,989
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	720	White "	1,547
Fountain "	1,538	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	697
Parke "	365	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash, and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale
Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH, and a large number of

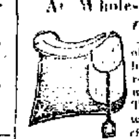
Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LOGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

LEGHORN *and Palmleaf Hats* of extra quality just received at No. 3.
W. SMITH & CO.

SADDLERY,
At Wholesale and Retail



THE Subscriber respectfully [...] old customers, [...] he generally, that [...] returned from [...] with a large stock [...] THER AND HARD[WARE] which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet bags, Bridles,* &c. and every other article that belongs to [his line] of business, and will sell at wholesale [...] lower than can be bought in any of the [...] cities, and will warrant all work to [be well] done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, [one] door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't [forget the] place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.
Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47

HALTERS, HORSE COLLARS, & SADDLER'S TRIMMINGS, for sale by
A. B. MILLER

Spring & Summer Goods

MRS. DYKES invites the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity to call and inspect her new stock of Spring and Summer Goods just received. She particularly calls attention to her splendid assortment of Dress Silks, including Watered Silks, Gros de Rhine, &c. &c. Silk and Gingham Parasols, Leghorn, Chip, Pearl, and Fancy Bonnets; Lawns, Ginghams, Muslins, Trimmings, Fringes, Artificials, Worked Collars, and a full assortment of Fancy Articles. Calicoes, newest styles. Marseilles Skirts, Berlin Cord Do.

Also, a variety of Drillings, Tweeds, and other Summer Goods. Ladies' and Children's Gaiter Shoes and Slippers. A superior article Silk Stockings and Gloves,
May 6, 1848.

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed, and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices,
May 6, 1848

Spring & Summer Fashions.



MISS WELLS, has just returned from New York with the latest Fashions, and a large assortment of BONNETS, of every size and description; also a quantity of beautiful SILKS for [...] ses of the latest style,—*Laces, Collars, Scarfs, [...] ands, Gloves, Flowers,* and many other *Fancy articles* the would mention, but prefers to have the Ladies call and see for themselves.

All kinds of Silk *Bonnets and Caps* made and kept on hand. Straw and Leghorn Hats cleaned and pressed in the neatest manner. Dress-making in its various branches attended to with taste, and on the most reasonable terms.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, May 6, 1848.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap
May 6. B. MASON.

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, at very low. B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaiters, and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a splendid and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.
May 6. B. MASON.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Cash, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums at a discount. A liberal discount made to those who wish to sell again. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, May 6. C. R. WALKER.

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS.—Any quantity "and more coming"—may be found at WALKER'S Book Store, one door west of Dykes & Co's.

GROCERIES!—Sugar, Tea, and Coffee. Good articles and very low, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medicine, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffee WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WELKER having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURE OF WOOL, inform their customers, and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sattinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on [shares] or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.
May 6, 1848. y44

Wool Carding.

WE have also two Double and one Single CARDING MACHINE, newly clothed and ready for Custom Carding. All wool brought in proper manner is warranted to be done well.

We will at the same time and place be able to do custom

Fulling, Dying, & Cloth Dressing

in the best workmanlike manner.

People coming from a distance can have their Wool Carded immediately.

*** *Price for Carding 5 cents per pound*
2m44 RUDISILL & WELKER.

Cigar Manufactory.

E. BOSTICK & CO. inform the public that they are engaged in the Tobacco and Cigar business at their store on Columbia street, a door west of the Washington Hall, where they offer on the most favorable terms a large general assortment of CIGARS—Spanish, Regalia, Principe, La Norma, Common Spanish, Kentucky, &c. Also, Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO.

Merchants and country Dealers supplied with Segars at Cincinnati prices.

Fort Wayne, April 29, 1848. 43

SUGAR.—16 lbs. good N. O. Sugar for $1 at B. MASON'S.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6½ cts per yard at B. MASON'S.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A. B. MILLER will pay the highest price for WHEAT delivered at his Warehouse at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and Wheat from his Store and Mills in Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well to call on A. B. Miller, either at his store in Fort Wayne or at Ligonier. July 27, '48.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy with two seats, calculated for one or two horses, will be sold on application to A. B. Miller.

SINGLE HARNESS.—A. B. Miller offers for sale 2 setts splendid single Harness of Rochester, N. Y. Manufacture, and at Rochester price. Call and see them.

Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

This Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicines is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 20,000 of these were considered incurable.

More than 3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism
2,000 cases of Dyspepsia;
400 cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;
... cases of the different Female Complaints;
... cases of Scrofula;
... cases of the Liver Complaint;
... cases of Diseases of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
... cases of Consumption.

And thousands of cases of diseases of the blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., &c., together with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Spinal Affections, &c., &c.

This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from Physicians and our Agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq., one of the most respectable Druggists in Newark, N. J., informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New York, which we will refer to with pleasure and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the preventive of disease known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST YEAR!

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season. It has never been known to injure in the least the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system, even when the limbs and bones are dreadfully swollen.

Hear Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable persons in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract from a letter received from him:

Dr. Townsend—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a Chronic Rheumatism, to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago, in a public stage. Please send me two bottles. I have conversed with two of our principal physicians, and recommend your Sarsaparilla.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago, I took a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, and affected me severely; indeed, finally, it became a constant hacking cough, yet not so severe as to prevent me from attending to my business. Within the last few years it increased on me gradually. At last I became reduced.—I breathed with difficulty and raised with my cough much bad matter, and for the last nine months previous to using your Sarsaparilla, had regular night sweats; indeed, my friends and myself supposed that I would die with the Consumption; but I have the happiness to inform you that, to my surprise, after using three bottles of your Sarsaparilla, I find my health restored. It relieved me gradually, and I am now enjoying much better health than I have before in six years. I had almost entirely lost my appetite, which is also returned. You are at liberty to publish this with my name in the papers, if you choose.

My little girl, who is three years, had a very bad cough the whole of last Winter. We became very much alarmed on her account. While using the medicine, I gave her some of it, and it soon entirely relieved her, as well as myself, and she is now as stout and hearty as any child I ever saw. She was also a mass of little blotches; it took them away and her skin is now fair, and I am now satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine.

S. W. CONANT,
431 Bowery.

GIRLS, READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the face, rough skin, and are "out of spirits," use a bottle or two of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, remove the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, sparkling eyes, fine spirits, and beautiful complexion—all of which are of immense value to unmarried ladies.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Leucorrhoea or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general Prostration of the System, no matter whether the result of inherent cause, or causes produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.

Dr. Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and General Debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short period it removed her complaints, and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. MOORE,
Cor. Grand and Lydius-sts.

Albany, August 17th, 1844.

TO MOTHERS AND MARRIED LADIES.

This Extract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in reference to female complaints. No female who has reason to suppose she is approaching that critical period, "the turn of life," should neglect to take it, as it is a certain preventive for any of the numerous and horrible diseases to which females are subject at this time of life. This period may be delayed for several years by using this medicine. Nor is it less valuable for those approaching womanhood, as it is calculated to assist nature, by quickening the blood and invigorating the system. Indeed, this medicine is invaluable for all the diseases to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies—by removing the impurities of the body—not so far stimulating the system as to produce a subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most medicines taken for female weakness and disease.

SCORFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

THREE CHILDREN.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

Yours, respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster-st.

New York, March 1, 1847.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

H. P. PULLING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1, '46.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt. G. W. McLean, one of the United States Marine Corps, and member of the New Jersey Legislature, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story:

Rahway, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the Influenza, and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attribute it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

PILES, PILES, PILES.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is no less successful in curing this distressing complaint, than for diseases of the Blood, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and Nervous Debility. Read the following:—

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—The effects of your Sarsaparilla are truly wonderful. For the last six or eight years past, I have been subject to severe attacks of the piles, during which I have suffered all the tortures of that complaint, and had despaired of ever finding relief except in death. I have the pleasure to inform you "there is yet a balm in Gilead." I have used two bottles of your Sarsaparilla, and feel no remains of my old complaint. I send you this for publication, and any person you may refer to me, I would be happy to inform of the benefit I have received at your hands.

Yours, truly,
JOHN HALL, 49 Fulton-st.

July 6, 1846.

Thomas Smith, Printer, 182 Nassau st., 3 story, cured of a very long standing and aggravated case of the Piles.

For sale at the Drug Store of H. B. REED, Fort Wayne.

PRINTS from 05 expence to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps water proof and common, for sale very cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

BONNET Velvet and Satins, various shades and qualities, for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest, and best assortment ever seen here. Caps from 9s. to $3 00 E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS Artificials, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, and every thing new or tasty in the Fancy line—a large and splendid assortment. The Ladies are invited to call and examine, at E. D. BATLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

3 PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Granite, and China Ware at retail by
Oct 15, 1847 HILL, WILSON & Co.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his Hard Ware Store, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor becomes the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co. "
" Brownlee & Bronn, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.
Fort Wayne. Dec. 7, 1847 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received, S. & W. S. EDSALL.

DRY GOODS.

New Store, New Goods, New Prices.

THE attention of the public is called to a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS now opening at No. 2 Hanna's block.—As they were bought at the present low prices, they will be sold quite as low, if not lower than any in the market. Call and examine.
CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, April 26, 1848.

A Splendid lot of GINGHAMS and PRINTED LAWNS can be found at WALKER'S No. 2 Hanna's block.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Hoagland's, by
Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pc's ALPACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard *Cashmeres, Delanes, Ginghams,* Black and Col'd SILKS &c., at HILL, WILSON & Co's.

Boots and Shoes.

A VERY large Assortment, including Men & Boy's coarse Boots & shoes; Ladies slippers of all kinds; Gum over shoes of all kinds; Childrens shoes—lots and stacks. The above articles we have just received, and are selling very low at the new store of
TURK & McMAXEN.

Stoves. Stoves. Stoves!

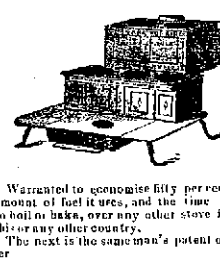
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patterns in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that *expertio* is the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens,* one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbacker Hot Ai ,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fast out West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;

The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves,* made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold whole sale at Eastern prices. *Country merchants* will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and Black Tin; kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Fort Wayne Female College.

THE second Academical Term of the Fort Wayne Female College will commence on the second Monday in January, and continue sixteen weeks.

Connected with this Institution, there are three Departments: Primary, Preparatory, and Collegiate. Each student, before entering the Collegiate Department, will be required to pass a thorough and satisfactory examination in all of the studies pursued in the Preparatory Department.

Tuition, per quarter of eleven weeks, in the different Departments, as follows:—

In the Primary Department, including Reading, Orthography, first lessons in writing, Arithmetic and Geography		2 00
In the Preparatory Department, including the studies of the Primary continued, together with English Grammar, History, Town's Analysis, Exercise in Composition, first lessons in Algebra, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy		3 00
In the Collegiate Department		5 00
MUSIC on the Piano Forte	extra,	7 00
Drawing and Printing,	"	5 00
Wax Flowers, Plain and Ornamental Needlework	"	3 00

No deduction will be made for absence, except in case of Sickness.

The Tuition bills will, in all cases, be payable in advance.

SAMUEL BRENTON, Secretary
Fort Wayne, Dec. 20. 1847.

N. B. A complete course of study for the Collegiate Department will be made out during the coming Term.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. Tuner, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $20,00 per dozen. Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as
Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Childrens' do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans,
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip, Calf, Lining and Binding Skins: also a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.
Jan. 15, 1847. 26y.

SENTINEL
JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

THE undersigned informs the public that he has made large additions to his stock of Printing Materials, having recently received from New York a variety of beautiful new

FANCY JOB TYPE AND ORNAMENTS

of the latest styles, and is now enabled to execute every description of JOB PRINTING, such as

Pamphlets, Bills, Cards, Blanks, &c.

in a superior style. All orders promptly executed, on reasonable Terms. THOS. TIGAR.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

D. COOPER AYRES, M. D., *Physician and Surgeon,* will devote his entire attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in all their various branches in the city of Fort Wayne and surrounding country. He may be consulted at all hours when not professionally engaged at his Office at No. 5, Calhoun Street.
Fort Wayne, May 13, 1848. y45

J. M. KITCHEN, M. D., *Physician and Operating Surgeon.* Will attend punctually to all calls in the line of his profession, in Fort Wayne and vicinity.
He will operate for club-foot, hare-lip, cataract, cross-eyes, and all other deformities, where there may be a prospect of success.
Office with Dr. Thompson, next door to the office of Dr. Sturgis, on Columbia street.
July 15, 1847. 1y2.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.
Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.
Fort Wayne. Dec 7. 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 1f8

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.
Office on Columbia street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office in the second story of Evans' new Brick Store-house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—First door to the left, in 2d story of Smith's brick Store. Entrance on Calhoun Street. y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Heslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jas. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

H. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE.
COLERICK & WALPOLE, *Attorneys at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court, and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis. OFFICE. On Berry street.
April 6, 1847.

EDWARD F. COLERICK. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17-y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIE,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Spanish Sole and Upper LEATHER just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.
SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.
CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

HUGH B. REED

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GENUINE

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Corner of Calhoun and Columbia Str'ts,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

All articles put up at his establishment are warranted to be as represented.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.

D. NICHOLS. [1847.] P. HOAGLAND.

NICHOLS & HOAGLAND,

(Successors to Nichols & Co.

Forwarding, Produce, and Commission Merchants,

At the old stand of Nichols & Co.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Particular attention given to consignments of Wheat, Flour, and other Produce for sale in this or eastern markets, and liberal advances made, if required.

—REFER TO—
Peckham, Brown & Co.; E. Haskell & Co.; Smith, Bronson, & Co. M. L. Collins & Co. *Toledo, O.*
John Hollister, Esq.; Kimberley, Pease, & Co. M. S. Hawley, ... *Buffalo.*
Ayers & Tonis; Kent, Pour, & Co. *New York.*
Ringer & Whiteman; S. K. Howlett; Charles McKennell & Co .... *Cincinnati*
Hawes, Gray, & Co. .... *Boston*
Fort Wayne, Jan. 1, 1847. y26

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.
RUDISILL & WOLKE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company,* of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables, and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of Worthington & Hough, corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.
ELLIS WORTHINGTON.
August, 9th, 1845 Agent.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.
F. P. RANDALL.
May 5, 1847. 44tf

Consumption is cured!!

DOCTOR ROGERS'
COMPOUND

Syrup of Liverwort and Tar.

A safe and certain cure for Consumption of the Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Pain in the side, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all Pulmonary Affections.

To those who have diseased Lungs.—We call our candid and sincere attention to the merits of the above preparation, and not put it down with other medicines, without enquiring whether there is not entire satisfactory proof of its value, that too from men of the highest standing, and who are living witnesses and can be seen. As the Physician and Medical Faculty, even their PROFESSORS have had the pan of prejudice broken by the ASTONISHING CURES made by this GREAT REMEDY, and come out at last and give us their certificates, that there is NO MISTAKE BUT WHAT IT MAKES CURES when every thing else has failed, and that it is THE GREAT REMEDY for DISEASED LUNGS. We will give below a few remarks of the properties and extracts from the certificates, which are Extracts from the pamphlet, which can be seen in full, and the exact place where they reside, by calling on the agent where this medicine is for sale. They are from men of such high standing, that the GREATEST SKEPTIC will at once be convinced of its value.

Both Tar and Liverwort are used by the Indians, who are seldom known to die with CONSUMPTION. The celebrated Dr. Crichton of Petersburgh, Dr. Buchan of England, says there is no remedy equal to that of Tar in curing CONSUMPTION. Read a few out of the number of cures this medicine has made in Cincinnati alone. Dr. WILLIAM J. RICHARDS of Cincinnati, says in the case of Mr. Charles Wade, on Sixth street market space, that Dr. Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort and Tar CURED HIM, after all other remedies had failed. Mr. D. Ludlow, Race street, two doors above Fifth, says that his Doctor, but his CONSULTING PHYSICIAN had given up all hopes of his recovery, yet he was entirely cured by the use of the above MEDICINE. Mrs. Ann Childs, Sixth street, two doors west of Smith, says that she had the Consumption, and was reduced to a mere skeleton, and her cough was so distressing though under the care of a Professor in Cincinnati College, who failed to give any relief, yet this Medicine gave immediate relief, and restored her to perfect health. Mr. Gabriel Whitehead, Catharine street, half square below Linn, certifies that he was given up by ALL HIS FRIENDS AND PHYSICIANS, and had raised even QUARTS OF MATTER AND BLOOD FROM HIS LUNGS, and this Medicine cured him entirely in a very short time. Mr. H. Plummer, (Hatter,) Main street, between Eigth and Ninth Streets, states that his WIFE was attended by two of the best Doctors, for CONSUMPTION, for two years, and then declined attending any longer, as no more could be done. She then used two bottles of this MEDICINE, which RESTORED her to HEALTH. Mr. J. Finch says he had a dreadful Cough and constantly Spitting Blood, with great Pain, though under the care of a Doctor, yet he continually got worse; but the above Medicine operated like a charm in curing him. Judge WILLIAM BURKE, late POST MASTER of Cincinnati for twenty years, says that Mr. Finch's statements are entitled to full confidence, and that he fully corroborates what he has said, by his own experience in using it. The WIFE of the Rev. G. W. MALEY of Cincinnati, says that she had been troubled with Diseased Lungs, for many years, but found the happiest effect by using the above SYRUP, and recommended it her friends. The Rev. E. W. SEHON, Rev. GEORGE WALKER, J. P. GARNISS, Esq., Col. JOHN RIDDLE, Esq., James Foster, Esq., Griffin Yeatman, Esq., E. HARRISON, Esq., D. CHURCHILL, Esq., the Township Clerk of Cincinnati, will testify to the INESTIMABLE VALUE of this Medicine for Diseased Lungs. Mrs. Rowe of Stanton Ohio, says that she was so far gone with CONSUMPTION, that her Doctor said she could not LIVE BUT ONE DAY LONGER, and that this VALUABLE SYRUP CURED HER ENTIRELY.—Dr. WILSON of Galliopolis, states that his patient, the Rev. H. WISEMAN'S WIFE, was worn out with the Pulmonary Consumption for many years, and his remedies failed to cure, yet DR. ROGERS' LIVERWORT AND TAR had the happiest effect.

STATEMENT OF DR. HIRAM COX,

Late PROFESSOR in the Cincinnati ECLECTIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, and a Physician well known, who has an extensive practice, in relation to the cure of Miss Belt, after having been given up to DIE with the last stage of CONSUMPTION, by a number of able PHYSICIANS.

Mr. A. L. SCOVILL: Sir However reluctant I have been to permit my name to appear, attached to a certificate recommending Patent Medicines, Nostrums or Catholicons, I nevertheless think it my duty, not only to my patrons, but to the community, and, all afflicted with diseases requiring Cough Medicine, to state, that in three particular cases of incipient CONSUMPTION, viz: Miss Belt, step daughter of Mr. John Carr of this city, a Miss Berger, sister-in-law of Mr. V. Wonder, Butcher, and Mr. R. K. Cox, one of our City Council, that DR. ROGERS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT AND TAR operated more LIKE A SPECEFIC, than my remedy of a similar character in its operation that I have ever used in my practice. One of the cases above, viz: Miss Belt, appeared to be laboring under the LAST STAGE OF SCROPHULOUS CONSUMPTION, as pronounced by several PHYSICIANS who were in attendance previous to my being called to treat the case. She is at this present time in the enjoyment of as apparently good health, and from appearance, as likely to die with any other disease, as any other young lady of this city. As it respects the health of the other cases, all the threatening permonitory symptoms seem to have subsided from the use of a few bottles of the Syrup above.

Very Respectfully, &c.
HIRAM COX, M. D.

Cincinnati, Jan. 25th, 1847.

For sale by A. L. SCOVILL, corner of Fifth and Race streets, Cincinnati. Also by H. B. REED, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne. 6m36.

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.
EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

WANTED, 5,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 000 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable Produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH, HILL, WILSON & Co

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams,* take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.
HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug 23d, 1847. 1y8

B. W. OAKLEY

TAKES this opportunity to inform his friends and the customers of the late firm, that he continues in the

Stove, Tin, Copper, and Iron Business

in all its various branches. He has a fine assortment of

STOVES,

consisting in part of

Imperial Air Tight Troy do do Washington do Washington Imperial do	COOKING STOVES.

and AIR TIGHT PARLOR, the well known PREMIUM Troy and Buffalo *Dining Room* and *Box Stoves.*

His stock of *Bar, Band, Hound, Square,* and *Hoop* IRON is complete, with all the usual sizes from 4 inch to 3-16 of an inch. A good lot of NAILS, from 3d to 12d. A fine lot of HALLOW WARE, Sugar Kettles, &c, he has a few Patent CORN SHELLERS left. Those that wish to get one must call soon. He would inform the country merchants that he is now prepared to fill all orders for ware at WHOLESALE on the very best terms.

Old Pewter, Brittania, Copper and Brass; Rags, Feathers, Beeswax and Ginseng, taken in exchange for ware.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 11, 1847. 23

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

Paints, Oils. etc.

350 Kegs White Lead, Pure No. 1. 1000 lbs. White Dry Lead, Pure, 800 lbs. English Venetian Red. 600 lbs. Best Red Lead. 2 bls. Copal Varnish (Warranted.) 12 bls. Linseed Oil No. 1.

Spts. Turpentine.	Gold Leaf.
Gum Copal.	Bronze of all Colors.
Litharge.	Vermillion, Chinese, English and American.
Paris Green.	Rose Pink.
Chrome Green.	Camels Hair, Sable and Badger Pencils.
do. Yellow.	Artist's Brushes.
Chinese and Prussian Blue.	Naples Yellow.
Japan Dryer.	Roman Ochre.
Coach Varnish.	Indian Red.
Whiting and Putty.	Antwerp Blue.
Paint Brushes, all sizes.	Crimsons White.
Varnish "	Vandyke Brown.
Sand Paper,	King's Yellow.
Smalts, Blue, Red, Green & Brown.	Nut Oil.
Lamp Black.	Slabs and Mullers.
Glazier's Diamonds.	Ultra Marine.
Yellow Ochre.	

With all other articles in this line for sale at the very lowest prices.
H. B. REED,
Corner Calhoun & Columbia sts.
April 1, 1848.

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by
A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.
April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by
April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of note and Fancy paper for sale by
C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by
C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS —The largest and best variety in town, for sale by
May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna and Luna CIGARS
J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

FINE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon, J. A. COLERICK

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article by the barrel or retail.
March 16, 1848. J. A. COLERICK

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.
March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hanna, Vandes & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap
H. B. REED

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale
H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by
H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon.
H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS.--Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

New Cabinet Shop,

Main Street, one door east of the Fort Wayne Pottery.

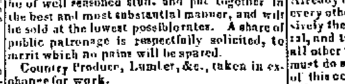


THE Subscribers inform the public that they are carrying on the Cabinet Business as above, and keep on hand, or will make to order every variety of

BUREAUS, CABINET CHAIRS, FRENCH, SOFA, and COMMON BEDSTEADS, TABLES, STANDS, &c &c.

All articles made by them are warranted to be of well seasoned stuff, and put together in the best and most substantial manner, and will be sold at the lowest possible rates. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, to merit which no pains will be spared.

Country Produce, Lumber, &c., taken in exchange for work.
G. ORFF,
F. SCHERER.
July 2, 1847. 1y52



1847. 1847.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets,
FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, O'o.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands, at a very small advance of the manufacturers prices
H. B. REED.

HATS! HATS!!—A few fashionable Satin Hats will be sold as low as they can be bought in New York at retail; call at A. B. Miller, Niagara Store, and see for yourselves.

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

A. Donaldson, J. S. Brown, F. H. Thompson

A. DONALDSON & CO.

GROCERS.

Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRASS SEEDS,

Corner of Main and Ninth Streets.
CINCINNATI.

Their warehouse is conveniently situated near the canal, and all business with which they may be favored from merchants and others on the line of the Wabash and Erie Canal will be promptly and faithfully attended to, on reasonable terms. y14

MANSION HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

Second door from the Miami Canal.
CINCINNATI, O.

The regular Line of Packets leave the door, every hour, for the Lake and Lafayette, Ia., at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.
BICKNELL & AULL,
Proprietors.
E. M. BICKNELL, } y—14.
S. L. AULL. }

THE undersigned have formed a Co partnership for the transaction of the Mercantile business in the City of Fort Wayne, under the Name, Firm, and Style of T. K. Brackenridge & Co.
T. K. BRACKENRIDGE,
J. D. STAPLEFORD.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 12, 1847.

New Store!! Cheap Goods!!!

T. K. BRACKENRIDGE & CO

INFORM the public that they have commenced business on Calhoun street, one door north of Garnsey's Bakery, where they may at all times be found, and will *sell* goods CHEAP. Their stock consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c.

Cotton Yarn, Batting & Wick, Patent Pails, &c.

Those wishing to purchase would do well to give us a call. They will find CALICOES *from a fip upward!* Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown, &c. &c.

Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Teas; Double Refined Loaf, Lump, and N. O. Sugars; a superior article of Coffee and Chocolate; Tobacco, Ancient, pressed, superior Cavendish and common.

The lovers of Waffles would do well to call in and purchase one of Greenwood's Patent Rotaries.

All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods. We are daily expecting our Eastern Stock in addition to the above.
Oct 13, 1847. y15,

Fever and Ague and Chill Fever, conquered by

MYER'S VEGETABLE

Omnipurient Compound.

A new and certain article for Billious diseases. Try it, it will cure you.

THE proprietor of this medicine, in offering it to the public, deems it important to say, that it is a composition in its active and effective principles essentially and virtually different from any thing ever before produced. It having as its basis and fundamental principle, a Vegetable extract heretofore unknown to have an existence, and to the virtues and powers of this new ingredient, is its great and unparalleled success in the cure of diseases attributable. He would say that during a protracted period of ill health, some twenty years ago, his attention was turned to the study of the Vegetable Kingdom in search for remedies, which aided by very many practical experiments convinced him beyond a doubt, that one important link was wanting in the Great Vegetable Creation to form a perfect curative system, and feeling the assurance such link must exist, undiscovered, has stimulated him in his great and laborious researches, which he is happy to say, have been crowned with entire success, and the new principle developed perfecting the system entire and complete in all its parts. Twenty years research in, and study of, the vegetable kingdom as to its adaptation to the cure of our diseases, has resulted in the production of this compound, combining the virtues of the whole vegetable system complete, its basis being the heretofore unknown ingredient. Here lies the great secret in the combination and success of this medicine, and for this reason it stands unparalleled in its healing and restoring virtues. Unapproached and unapproachable in its efficacy by any of the various remedies of the day. For this reason it possesses a power no other medicine has, that is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body, it purifies the system, and at the same time strengthens the person, a desideratum long sought for in vain by the Faculty and hundreds of others. This peculiar medicine is entirely a vegetable mixture, it being a compound of twenty-seven different articles from the vegetable kingdom, and from its singular properties acquired by the introduction of the new ingredient, it operates directly and kindly on the blood, which it renders pure and thus strikes at the very root of every disease; the principle being now too well established to be easily subverted or overthrown, that our diseases, spring from an impure state of the blood, and where that is pure, no disease can exist. The Blood is emphatically the Life, and on its purity depends health and even existence itself. Hence the proprietor with confidence presents to the world this "All Purifying Compound," as an effectual and permanent remedy and eradicative of Fever and Ague, Bilious Diseases, Liver and Lung Complaints, Diorrhea, and diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, or breathing an infected atmosphere. It must be borne in mind that the atmosphere we breathe comes in contact with the Blood at the Lungs, and hence any impurity or unhealthy matter it contains are distributed through the whole system by the blood, and that you cannot eradicate disease from the system without driving it from the blood. The virtues of this medicine have been well tested in some of the most important cases on record. It has worked wonders, and astonished every community where it has been introduced by the cures it has wrought. Already it has cured in many instances where every other means have failed, showing conclusively the new ingredient to be essentially vital, and to every unprejudiced mind the reason all other remedies have heretofore failed, and must do so. The proprietor solicits a fair trial of this compound, feeling well assured that it will not only sustain the reputation it has already acquired, but must eventually triumph universally, and take the place of every other medicine and vanquish the best of remedies (so called) with which the land is flooded. Certificates of permanent cures of Fever and Ague, Bilious diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver and Lung complaints, Consumption, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Cholera Morbus, &c. &c., can be seen by calling on the agent and getting a pamphlet, such as must convince the most incredulous that this medicine alone is the only one needed or safe to rely on, and a trial of it is only necessary to satisfy any one that it will do as it professes, viz: Purify the blood, reinvigorate the system and cure the diseases to which our race are accident, even after every other means have failed. It is particularly recommended for the cure of the following diseases: Fever and Ague or Chill Fever, Lung disease, Intermittent, Remittent and other Fevers, Diseases of the Liver, Kidney or Bladder, Consumption, Bilious Fever and Bilious diseases of all kinds.

Prepared by Doct. H. B. MYER, Buffalo.

All orders for the same, either agency or otherwise, must be addressed (post paid) to
MYER & CO.
General Depot, 205 Main-st., Buffalo, N. Y.
Agent in Fort Wayne, A. B. MILLER.
" Ligonier, A. B. MILLER.
Sept, 23d, 1847. 1y12

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

WESTERN NEW YORK

COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

207 *Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.*

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S

Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures is is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become *the only medicine for family use,* and particularly recommended for

DROPSY:

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints it *stands alone;* no other article can relieve you and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical;—*see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Billious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT,

no deleterious *compound is a part of this mixture,* it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article: it is *far* before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c., or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the *effect of mercury,* will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system. ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

and drive such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents give them *away;* they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article that it *never fails to benefit in any case,* and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON,

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.,

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: *They are good for nothing,* and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT.

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles.—*Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass the *written* signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted; post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass., and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.

Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. F. Wicher; Goshen, W. Hodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.
May 15, 1848. 41y

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via. Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block. C. R. WALKER.

CASSIMERES—A large assortment of plain and fancy Cassimeres for sale very cheap Call at No. 2 Hanna's block
C. R. WALKER.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story, brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c. that may be entrusted to us, either for shipment or sale on commission.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.
Oct. 9, 1847.

Cash *for* 20,000 Bushels *OF WHEAT,* At the Empire Mills.

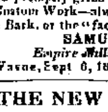
WE are prepared to pay Cash and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not *much* given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so, and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Poor."
SAMUEL EDSALL,
Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845 10tf

THE NEW YORK

HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF  THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (in no case for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while the roads are good. P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ia., Sept. 19, 1848. 11-y